

Downtown Steubenville
HISTORY/ARCHITECTURE SURVEY
Survey Report

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for

Steubenville Area Chamber of Commerce

and

The City of Steubenville

January 15, 1986

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Completion of the history/architecture survey and planning project encompassing the the downtown area of the City of Steubenville have been made possible in part by a grant from the U.S. Department of the Interior's National Park Service, administered by the Ohio Historic Preservation Office of the Ohio Historical Society. However, its contents do not necessarily reflect the opinions or policies of the Ohio Historical Society or the Department of the Interior.

Matching funds for this project were provided by the Steubenville Area Chamber of Commerce and by the City of Steubenville from its Community Development Block Grant funds.

The authors wish to thank the Steubenville Area Chamber of Commerce, the City of Steubenville, the Regional Planning Commission, the Downtown Merchants Association, the Jefferson County Historical Association, the Public Library of Steubenville and Jefferson County, and the many citizens of Steubenville who provided insight, enthusiasm and support for this project.

PART I - INTRODUCTION

Project Summary

This report presents the results of a comprehensive history/architecture survey undertaken in Steubenville, Ohio between April, 1985 and January, 1986. The purpose of the survey was to identify buildings and structures with potential historic and architectural significance; to do sufficient background research to assess the significance of the properties included in the inventory; to assess areas and structures that appear to meet the National Register criteria; to prepare a National Register nomination for a commercial historic district; to prepare public awareness and promotion strategies for the downtown merchants; and to prepare a revitalization strategy for the residential neighborhood north of the commercial district. Additional work included community meetings and presentations on the project and the preparation of a prototype for a downtown walking tour brochure.

This project has produced the following:

1. 144 Ohio Historic Inventory (OHI) forms documenting the buildings and structures in the survey area.
2. Maps locating the inventoried properties and identifying those that appear to qualify for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
3. A National Register Nomination for the Steubenville Commercial Historic District.
4. Revitalization Plan for the Neighborhood north of the Central Business District.
5. Public Education/Promotion Plan for the Downtown Merchants Association.
6. Prototype walking tour brochure for the central business district.

The goal of the Steubenville Area Chamber of Commerce and City of Steubenville in undertaking this project has been to encourage revitalization, reinvestment and community pride in the downtown area including both the commercial district and residential neighborhood.

Geographic Area

The study area encompassed the central business district and the neighborhood immediately to the north; bounded by Adams St. on the south, Franklin Avenue on the north, Third Street on the east and Sixth Street on the west. This area included the city's principal commercial district and the most cohesive and intact late 19th-early 20th century neighborhood in Steubenville. At one time the area between Third and Sixth, Adams and North was a densely developed commercial area. Large portions of this area, especially along Third Street and west of Fifth Street have been cleared.

Some of the land has been redeveloped, while the rest is used for parking or remains as vacant lots. The neighborhood north of the central business district is fairly intact. There has been some new construction introduced during the last 25 years and some houses have been demolished and remain as vacant lots, however, the area retains density, cohesiveness and the character of a residential neighborhood.

The survey of the study area was comprehensive, in that every building was examined and considered for documentation. There were 144 buildings selected for documentation on Ohio Historic Inventory forms. These buildings represent the most architecturally and historically significant properties in the study area. They are the properties that best represent the history and development of the central business district and the north end neighborhood.

Resource Distribution and Condition

The resources identified through the survey were scattered throughout the study area. The largest concentration of properties was located along Fourth Street. This was not suprising as Fourth Street was traditionally the major north-south thoroughfare for both the commercial district and the residential area to the north.

In the commercial district, the North Fourth Street streetscape between Market and Washington, is the most intact and cohesive collection of commercial buildings in Steubenville. The other resources in the central business district were scattered throughtout the rest of the area with another concentration along Market Street from Third to Fifth Streets. The condition of the buildings ranged from poor to excellent. The majority of the poorly maintained properties were located on Sixth Street across from the partially demolished Panhandle Railroad Station (Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis RR).

The majority of significant properties were also located along North Fourth Street which was one of the premier residential streets in the city during the late 19th and early 20th centuries. A number of the large houses have been adapted to commercial use. In some cases, this has resulted in some unfortunate additions or alterations. The character of areas of North Fifth and North Sixth Streets is slightly different from North Fourth. Although developed during the same period, the houses tend to be smaller and less ornate. There are some properties that are in excellent condition as well as some vacant and badly deteriorated properties in the North End. For the most part, the buildings along North Fourth and portions of North Fifth tend to be in better condition than those along North Sixth.

There are a number of historic churches located in both the central business district and the North End. In addtion the central business district has several public buildings such as the Municipal Building, Jefferson County Courthouse and U.S. Post Office, while the north end has Steubenville High School, Reliance #2 Fire Station and the Steubenville War Memorial. Several fine early 20th century apartment buildings are also located in both areas.

PART II - SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Previous Survey

Previous survey work in Steubenville was minimal. There were no Ohio Historic Inventory forms for properties included within the study area boundaries. There were no listings in the Historic American Buildings Survey, the Historic American Engineering Record, or the National Historic Landmarks Program.

One building - the YMCA, on North Fourth Street, was individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places prior to this survey.

Research Methods

The Carnegie Library and the Jefferson County Historical Association have extensive collections of historical material. Sources of data included primary sources such as newspapers, Sanborn and atlas maps, and city directories. Secondary sources included both centennial and sesquicentennial publications, several Chamber of Commerce publications from the early 20th century, county histories from the late 19th and early 20th centuries, and interviews with knowledgeable local historians and individuals.

Two types of research were undertaken. General research to identify the broad history of the community especially in the ten thematic categories (agriculture, commerce, education, ethnic/immigration, manufacturing/industry, military, politics/social welfare, arts/recreation, religion, transportation/communication) and specific research to find data on individual inventoried resources.

These techniques were appropriate for the scope of the survey. They general research enabled the surveyors to identify areas where important resources could be expected to occur; and the specific research enabled them to supplement data on inventoried structures found during the field work. The specific research also helped identify some properties that were important but were not originally identified during the visual survey.

Field Techniques

The field survey was conducted by a two-person team - Nancy Recchie (Project Director) and Jeffrey Darbee. The team approach allowed for one person to take photographs and map the resources while the other gathered field data on draft Ohio Historic Inventory (OHI) forms. The study area was covered on foot with every building being examined and considered for recording on an individual OHI form, inclusion as part of a grouping on an Area Inventory form or for no further recording. The comprehensive nature of this survey resulted in more than the originally estimated 75-125 OHI forms.

Members of the Steubenville Area Chamber of Commerce, the Downtown Merchants Association and the Jefferson County Historical Association were helpful in providing information about specific resources and for directing the surveyors to those who are knowledgeable about local history.

The Steubenville Herald-Star provided extensive coverage of the entire survey project from the press conference announcing its start to the public meetings and presentations which addressed the various aspects of the project. In fact, there was also positive editorial support for the project from the Herald-Star. The local television station WTOV, the radio station and the Wheeling Intelligencer also provided extensive coverage of the project.. Local reaction to the survey and the planning recommendations was very positive. Public officials, business leaders and the general public were asked for their input, which they gave enthusiastically.

Environment

The City of Steubenville is located on the west bank of the Ohio River approximately 68 miles downriver from Pittsburgh. The river runs north to south and forms the eastern edge of the city. Steubenville's river frontage is about three miles. The 19th century portion of the city is surrounded by high hills (which were once densely forested) intersected by deep ravines. Until the early 20th century, there was very little development on the hillsides. The 19th century city was laid out on level land and follows a grid pattern while later development on the hillsides tended to follow the topography.

Steubenville development as a transportation hub and industrial city was enhanced by its location along a major navigable river and an abundance of natural resources. Coal, natural gas, limestone, and clay were all found in the nearby hills.

Transportation Routes

The Ohio River was the first major transportation route to what has become the City of Steubenville. Keelboats appeared on the Ohio River route from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati as early as the late 1790s. The first steamboat pulled into Steubenville in 1811 and by 1815 boatyards had been established here. Public highways were also being built during the early 19th century and Steubenville served as a point where a link was made between river and overland transportation routes.

By the mid-19th century there was increasing interest in the construction of a railroad. The first railroad to provide service to Steubenville was the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad which began service in 1854. The Cleveland-Pittsburgh line was extended to include Steubenville in 1856. The Civil War halted railroad construction for a while but by the late 19th century, Steubenville was served by three railroads. The excellent transportation network made the movement of raw materials and finished products in and out of Steubenville relatively easy and industry thrived. Steel, clay products, and glass were among the items manufactured in Steubenville and shipped to the world.

Interurban railroads were introduced in 1899 and in 1910 there were three interurban lines in operation. These served to connect Steubenville with nearby cities which contributed to Steubenville's growth as a commercial center for the region. Further, they connected Steubenville with W. Virginia and the Weirton Steel Co. across the river making it possible for people to live in Steubenville and work in Weirton.

In addition to the extensive interurban system, streetcars were introduced to encourage suburban development on the hillsides. Several lines connected the suburbs with the downtown. This system in combination with the popularity of the automobile led to the rapid expansion of the city during the first three decades of the 20th century. Further extensive suburban growth has taken place in the last 20 years so that Steubenville and Wintersville (a city directly west of Steubenville) have contiguous boundaries.

Steubenville, like many other Ohio cities, is no longer served by passenger trains. The lines are still heavily used by freight trains and barges are a common sight on the river. The highways, however, serve most of the present transportation needs of Steubenville.

Historical Development

Steubenville is the largest city in Jefferson County and has always served as the governmental, commercial, industrial and cultural center of the county. The earliest settlers arrived during the late 18th century when the building of Fort Steuben began, and the first public sale of lots took place in 1797. Commercial activity started almost immediately. By 1830 there were taverns, hotels, dry goods stores, tanneries, woolen, grist and flour mills and at least two banks. The population grew from 2,000 in 1820 to over 6,000 in 1850. Much of this rapid growth was due to Steubenville's location on transportation routes and the Ohio River. Stagecoach lines connected Steubenville to Pittsburg, Wheeling, Canton and Ashtabula in the 1820's. River steamboats were introduced at this same time and Steubenville benefitted. It had an active steamboat-building industry and it served as a major port connecting river and overland stage routes.

The second half of the 19th century was marked by rapid growth of the industrial base of Steubenville and by its increased importance along transportation routes. Some of the industries founded during this period include: Ohio Foundry (1847); Steubenville Pottery Co. (1879); and Jefferson Iron Works Co. (1880). Glass-making became an important industry. Acme Lead Glass Co. (owned by the Gill Brothers) was established in the 1870's and was the largest glass-making facility in the city. Other glass manufacturers included Steubenville Flint Glass Bottling Co. and the Jefferson Glass Co. Soap and chemicals were also manufactured in Steubenville. Steubenville had railroad service in 1855 on the Steubenville & Indiana Railroad. The city was also served by the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad and the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad.

This period was marked by growth in areas other than industry. A new courthouse was constructed in 1874 and a number of the fine churches were constructed downtown. The Masonic Lodge, Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks were all well-established.

The most significant industrial development at the beginning of the new century was the purchase of the Jefferson Iron Works by the La Belle Iron Works of Wheeling in 1900. A 25 acre tract was purchased at the same time and a new facility was built at the south end of town. It was one of the largest iron and steel plants in the U.S. at the time and had a production capability of 400 tons/day per furnace. Wheeling Steel purchased La Belle Iron works in 1920.

Interurban railroads were introduced in 1899, and by 1910 Steubenville was served by 3 interurban lines. The Steubenville Bridge Co. and the Tri-State Traction Co. were formed to build an interurban to connect W. Virginia communities with Steubenville. The bridge at the foot of Market Street was built and the line opened in 1905. As the industry in the city prospered, the population continued to increase. Immigration began with the coming of

the railroad and peaked around the turn-of-the-century. Irish and German were among the earliest immigrants and were followed by southern and eastern Europeans. Many of the ethnic churches and organizations established by the immigrants are active today. Residential development on the hillsides was sparse before the early 1900's. Publications from the first half of the 20th century describe, with pride, the industrial heritage of Steubenville.

Like many northeastern industrial cities, Steubenville has undergone a great deal of change in the past 25 years. The steel mills and other industries have been affected by imported steel and the general state of the economy. Suburban development has occurred to the west along U.S. Rt. 22. This has led to some deterioration in the center city area. There are efforts underway, however, to bring about the economic revitalization of the downtown. The study area includes a variety of types of resources (commercial, residential, religious, educational and public) that were built during the prosperous late 19th and early 20th century.

PART III - ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A brief analysis of Steubenville history, which sets the general framework for the survey material, follows. Each of ten thematic areas is then addressed in a detailed analysis of the development of that theme in Steubenville. The discussion for each is divided into six chronological periods which have been established by the Ohio Historic Preservation Office as major periods of development for Ohio.

In each theme, the thematic analysis is followed by a listing of the inventoried resources which reflect that theme. They are arranged alphabetically by street address and numerically by street. Also included in the listing is a number which is keyed to map showing all the inventoried resources. An evaluation of National Register eligibility of the resources included in each thematic area follows the listing. A copy of each of the Ohio Historic Inventory forms is included as an appendix to this document.

The recorded resources range in age from the mid-19th century to the early 1950s. Included are commercial, public, educational, religious and residential properties. They are representative of the period of Steubenville's greatest growth and development and the influences which shaped it.

Themes represented by the inventoried resources include the following:

- Commercial
- Educational
- Ethnic/Immigration
- Manufacturing/Industry
- Military
- Politics/Social Welfare
- Arts/Recreation
- Religion
- Transportation/Communication

The boundaries of the study area define the central business district and an adjacent neighborhood, therefore, the vast majority of the inventoried resources are associated with the commercial theme. This includes the homes of businesspeople and merchants as well as the commercial buildings themselves. Religion is another theme that is well represented by the existing resources. The study area has an extraordinary collection of religious buildings that span nearly a century and represent some of the finest architectural achievements in Steubenville. The other themes are represented to a much lesser extent but their inclusion illustrates the importance of the study area as the center of all types of human activity for most of Steubenville's history.

Not surprisingly the only theme not represented in the survey is Agriculture.

Impact: Agriculture

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1797: Jefferson County was a favored hunting ground for several different Indian tribes. The earliest farmers (some as early as 1786) grew truck vegetables in patches, but relied mostly on hunting and fishing.

1798-1829: Farming became the mainstay of Jefferson County, yet even as early as 1798 residents of Steubenville began combining their efforts in agriculture with rather successful attempts at industry. P. Snyder and Bezaleel Wells began distilleries as early as 1798. The markethouse in Steubenville was constructed in 1816. Cash crops included: wheat, corn, oats, potatoes and fruits. Johnny Appleseed passed through the area in 1801 and planted an orchard on a nearby settler's farm. There were some unsuccessful attempts at growing cotton as evidenced by the operation of a small cotton factory by Andrew and Rob Thompson, c. 1816. In 1819, William Watkins planted a mulberry orchard, but was not successful in producing silk. Merino sheep from Vermont were introduced by Bezaleel Wells at the time he built a woolen mill in 1814. Steubenville was a center of woolen manufacturing during the first half of the 19th century.

1830-1879: As Steubenville became more and more industrialized, agriculture began to wane. Around 1830 the Wells Apple was introduced by Jabez Smith in Steubenville. The County Agricultural Society was founded in 1871 and the first county fair was held at Smithfield.

1880-1929: Agricultural activity declined rapidly as coal was extracted from the nearby countryside. Industry in the 20th century replaced agriculture as the source of income in this period. Carl Mildner, who also ran the Imperial Hotel, owned the Steubenville Pure Milk Co. and a 150 acre farm where the milk was produced.

1930-1960: Other than a few dairies, there was little agricultural activity of significance in Steubenville.

1961-present: No significant data found.

A. AGRICULTURE

No inventoried resources

Impact: Commercial

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: No significant commercial activity in this area.

1797-1829: Commercial activity began shortly after Steubenville was platted in 1797. Prior to 1800 the first boarding house was opened at Third and High Streets by John Ward. He built the U.S. Hotel in 1800. Steubenville was the largest settlement in Jefferson County and by 1817 it had a wide variety of commercial enterprises. Included among them were the following: 16 taverns, 2 banks, 4 cabinetmakers, 5 tailors, 3 bakers, 8 shoe and bootmakers, 3 hatters, 1 silversmith, 3 clock and watchmakers, 6 butchers, 1 printing office, 27 stores, 6 lawyers and 5 doctors. Steubenville has a long banking history beginning with the Bank of Steubenville, founded by Bezaleel Wells and William Dickinson, in 1809. It closed, however, in 1821. The Farmers and Mechanics Bank was founded in 1816.

1830-1879: Commercial activity thrived during this period. Several banks were established. The Mechanics Fund Association was incorporated in 1832 and was purchased by Robert Sherrard in the 1850s and operated as R. Sherrard & Co. It was converted in 1865 to the First National Bank and in 1868 became the Commercial Bank of Sherrard, Mooney & Co. The Union Savings Institution was founded in 1854 and became the Union Deposit Bank in 1873 and later the Union Savings Bank & Trust Co. Farmers and Mechanics Bank (est. 1816) closed its books in 1863 and the Miners and Mechanics Bank was organized in 1872. J.J. Gill organized the National Exchange Bank in 1873.

The McGowan Brothers operated one of the most successful businesses of the period. Founded by David McGowan in 1838, it was a retail and wholesale grocery. It continued operation until the mid-20th century and involved four generations of McGowans. Another important business was the Beall & Steele Co., founded by W. M. Beall and Robert McGowan, druggists, in 1875. When C. H. Steele purchased McGowan's interest in 1878 it was renamed Beall & Steele. Other enterprises which were described in the 1897 Centennial Souvenir and the 1947 Steubenville Sesquicentennial included: Jones Munker's Outfitters (1847), William Scott's General Store (1847), August Floto Shoe Store (1856), August Falk Bakery (1865), Crumrine and Nichol Book Store (1872), and Gottman & Sons Tailors (1874).

1880-1929: Banking continued to be a major commercial activity with a number of changes and mergers during this period. The Jefferson National Bank was founded in 1885 and was purchased by the National Exchange Bank (est. 1873) in 1902. A new headquarters building was erected at 428 Market Street in 1904. The Steubenville Building & Loan Co. was formed in 1888 and the Jefferson Building & Savings Co. in 1896. The Commercial Bank of Sherrard, Mooney & Co. became the Commercial National Bank also in 1896. People's National Bank was organized in 1905. The influx of immigrants led to the formation of foreign banks during this period. Vincent Morelli came to Steubenville in 1901, from Italy, and formed the first "foreign bank" in the city. He was also a steamship agent and handled passage for immigrants and their families. Large-scale commercial office development took place and two of the major banks were housed in skyscrapers built during the 1910's. The Sinclair Building (dedicated in 1915), built by

D.J. Sinclair the bank president, housed the Union Savings Bank & Trust Co. The Steubenville Bank & Trust Building, across from the Sinclair Building was opened in 1919.

Several large scale retailers were established during this period. I. Sulzbacher opened a notion store in 1888 and by the turn of the century it had developed into a large department store. The store moved in 1904 into the new National Exchange Bank Building on Market Street. The Hub, which was to become the major department store in Steubenville during the first 6 decades of the 20th century, was opened in 1904 as a small men's store. It expanded gradually until a new three story building was constructed at Fifth and Market Streets in 1924. Other stores which lasted for many years included: Cooper Kline (1915), and Denmark's (1910). National retail chain stores made their first appearance in Steubenville during this period. The J.C. Penney Co. opened a store at 124 S. Fourth St. in 1926 and the S. S. Kresge Co. opened its store at 438 Market St. in 1928.

Another major commercial development in Steubenville during this period was the formation of the Ft. Steuben Hotel Co., with local stockholders, and the construction of the Ft. Steuben Hotel in 1920. Other downtown hotels were also operating during this period including the Imperial, Plaza and Miller's Hotels on Sixth Street across from the railroad depot.

Development of auto-related commercial activities began during the period. Auto sales and service and gas stations began to appear. The Pietro DiNovo Co. was founded during the 1920's and is still located downtown. Others included the Stanton Motor Car Co. and Fellows Motor Co.

1930-1960: The central business district of Steubenville continued to thrive as the regional shopping center for the Ohio Valley between E. Liverpool and Wheeling. The Steubenville Bank & Trust Co. and the National Exchange Bank merged and became the National Exchange Bank & Trust and consolidated their offices in the skyscraper on the northwest corner of Fourth and Market Streets. There was a major fire in 1935 that destroyed the Grant Store and also burned the McCrory Store, Grand Theatre and Biggio's Confectionery. The Grant, McCrory and Grand were rebuilt on Market and S. Fourth Streets. A fire also damaged the Imperial Hotel, which was repaired and partially reconstructed at the corner of Market and Sixth Streets.

1961-present: This period marked a dramatic shift in retail activity from the central business district to suburban strip development and the Ft. Steuben Mall. The Hub closed downtown and was purchased by Good's, which operated for several years before closing in the 1970's. The Holiday Inn was constructed outside the downtown and in 1984 the Ft. Steuben Hotel was closed after years of decline. Downtown theatres have also closed and only the Grand Theater is still standing. The banks, professional and governmental offices are still located downtown. Some of the businesses founded during the early 20th century are still active today including McCauslen's Florists (1888), Denmark's (1910), Cooper-Kline (1915). There is an active effort currently underway to attract new businesses and activities to the CBD.

C. COMMERCIAL

Address	Name of Property	Bldg. No.
226-236 Adams St.	Adams St. Rowhouse	024
SE corner Adams & Commercial	McKee Building	023
413-415 Clinton St.	Multi-family house	116
418 & 422 Clinton St.	Bullock investment hses.	114
209 Commercial Alley	Steubenville Pure Milk Co.	054
523 Commercial Alley	Steubenville Tent & Awning	115
412-416 Dock St.		112
224-226 N. 5th St.	Doctor's offices	055
418 N. 5th St.	Boren/Giles House	109
539 N. 5th St.	William May House	113
605 N. 5th St.	Commercial building	117
719 N. 5th St.	Mosel/Sherrard House	121
723 N. 5th St.	Cooper House	122
836-838 N. 5th St.	Double house	125
NE corner N. 5th & Dock Sts.	McConville House	107
115-117 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	026
120 N. 4th St.	McKee Building	047
121 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	027
122 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	046
123 N. 4th St.	Gottman Building	028
135 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	029
140-142 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	045
146-150 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	044
147-151 N. 4th St.	Beerbower Building	030
153 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	031
154 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	043
155-159 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	032
162-168 N. 4th St.	Union Building & Loan	042
165-167 N. 4th St.	Commercial building	033
171-173 N. 4th St.	McCaulsen's Florists	034
179-189 N. 4th St.	Specht Block	035
306 N. 4th St.	Elliott/Leach House	064
319 N. 4th St.	Donnan House	065
403 N. 4th St.	King/Frederick Apartments	066
502 N. 4th St.	S.J. Anathan House	069
504 N. 4th St.	Chandler House	070
506 N. 4th St.	Taggart/Spencer House	071
600 N. 4th St.	Johnson/Hooper House	075
611 N. 4th St.	Mansfield/Hennings House	077
612 N. 4th St.	David McGowan House	076
623 N. 4th St.	F.M. Work House	079
708 N. 4th St.	D. Galavan/J.R. Steel House	081
716 N. 4th St.	Cochran/Oliver/McGarry House	083
713 N. 4th St.	Wood/Timberlake House	085
736 N. 4th St.	S. Sulzbacher House	087
737 N. 4th St.	McClave House	086

COMMERCIAL
continued

741 N. 4th St.	Garnett/Hare House	088
801 N. 4th St.	Benjamin F. Payne House	089
817 N. 4th St.	Powers/Mosgrove House	091
827 N. 4th St.	Lewis/McKee House	093
832 N. 4th St.	Buckingham House	094
835 N. 4th St.	May House	098
836 N. 4th St.	W.M. Beall House	095
842 N. 4th St.	McCullough House	096
847 N. 4th St.	McConnell House	099
848 N. 4th St.	Grandview	097
104-106 S. 4th St.	Miners & Mechanics Bank	019
113-115 S. 4th St.	Lewis Ltd.	017
117-121 S. 4th St.	Griesinger Blk/Grand Theater	018
141-143 S. 4th St.	Broadway	020
148 S 4th St.	Falk & O'Neal Building	021
SW corner 4th & Clinton Sts.	Dohrman House	074
NE corner 4th & Market Sts.	Sinclair Building	009
NW corner 4th & Market Sts.	First National Bank & Trust	010
SE corner 4th & Market Sts.	Lewis/McKee Building	015
SE corner N. 4th & Washington	Fort Steuben Hotel	041
422 Logan	Helms Flats	111
300-314 Market St.	Cohen-Reiner Blk/City Annex	014
400-402 Market St.	McCrory's	016
406 Market St.	Sarratt Jewelry Store	008
418-422 Market St.	W.T. Grant Store	007
425 W. Market St.	Turnbull/Sarratt Building	011
606 Market St.	Commercial Building	002
Market St.	National Exchange Bank	006
NW corner Market & 5th Sts.	The Hub	005
NE corner Market & 6th Sts.	The Imperial Hotel	051
North St.	Metro Body Works	063
118-122 N. 6th St.	Morelli Blk/Miller's Rest.	003
130 N. 6th St.	Plaza Hotel	133
138 N. 6th St.	Ventolo Bldg/Thompson Hotel	004
Across from 311 N. 6th St.	Kingston Apartments	129
328 N. 6th St.	Floto Bakery	130
638 N. 6th St.	Lawler/Balsey House	136
723 N. 6th St.	W.R. Alban House	137
735 N. 6th St.	Nicholson/Robertson House	132
741 N. 6th St.	G.P. McCracken House	138
743 N. 6th St.	D.M. Gruber House	139
N. 6th St.	Travis Van & Storage Co.	128
100 N. 3rd St.	Steubenville Bldg. & Loan	012
218 N. 3rd St.	Pietro Di Novo & Son	049
230-232 N. 3rd St.	Pietro Di Novo & Son	050
306 N. 3rd St.	Alba Court	101
337 N. 3rd St.	Linehan House	100
123-133 S. 3rd St.	Market House/Municipal Bldg.	025
153 Washington St.	Washington Square Apartments	059

COMMERCIAL
continued

315-319 Washington St.	McLaughlin Building	048
413 Washington St.	Martha Apartments	052
421-423 Washington St.	Mildner Flats/Stratford Apts.	053
508 Washington St.	Montgomery Ward Co.	058

COMMERCIAL

The majority of resources, included within the study, area are associated with the commercial history of Steubenville. This is not suprising since the study area was composed of the core of the central business district and one of the finest residential areas in the city. Many merchants and professionals were among those who built the fine homes in the north end neighborhood, especially along North Fourth Street.

A National Register historic district nomination for a portion of the central business district is included as part of this project. The boundaries generally encompass North Fourth Street between Market and Washington; approximately 1/3 block on Fourth Street south of Market and Market Street from Third to Fifth Streets. This area includes the most intact, cohesive collection of late 19th-early 20th century commercial buildings in Steubenville. In addition to several individually significant structures such as the Sinclair Building and the Ft. Steuben Hotel, are a number of buildings with fine glazed terra cotta facades and a continuous three story streetscape on North Fourth Street between Market and Washington Streets.

There are several homes associated with prominent merchants and professionals which appear to be individually eligible for the National Register. They are being recommended as individual listings because they are located in an area that lacks the cohesiveness to be considered as a district. In addition to their significance in commercial history, these buildings are architecturally significant and are representative of 1880-1910 residential architecture in Steubenville. Included among these properties are the following: the Walter Johnson/Judge Hooper Residence (600 North Fourth St.), the David McGowan Residence (612 North Fourth St.), and the F.M. Work Residence (623 North Fourth St.).

There are two potential historic districts in the north end neighborhood. The largest is centered on North Fourth Street between Ross and Franklin Streets. It also includes a small portion of North Fifth Street. This district contains the finest cohesive streetscape of late 19th-early 20th century residential architecture in Steubenville. Although South Fourth Street and Market Streets were also prosperous neighborhoods at one time, they do not retain the same high degree of integrity as North Fourth Street. Many of the houses along South Fourth have been altered significantly and most of those which once stood along Market Street have been demolished. This potential district contains homes that are significant architecturally as well as those which are significant in the commercial, industrial and political history of Steubenville. The residential quality of the streetscape is enhanced by the uniform setbacks, sidewalks and mature street trees. The following commercially significant properties are located within this proposed district: the J.G. Timberlake residence (731 North Fourth St.), the S. Sulzbacher residence (736 North Fourth St.), the William M. Beall residence (836 North Fourth St.), and George Henry's residence "Grandview" (848 North Fourth St.).

A smaller district that includes six large homes is located on the west side of North Sixth Street between Lincoln Place and Madison Avenue. These homes are much larger than those in the immediate neighborhood. Several of them were owned by prominent businesspeople while others are associated with the political history of the city.

Impact: Education

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: No organized education in Steubenville.

1797-1829: Up to 1807, most of the schools in Steubenville were financed by subscription. The first regular school within the town limits was a log hut in which classes were held c. 1801. In 1807, however, Bezaleel Wells donated land for the first building erected as a school. This was located on High Street and known as the "Little Red Schoolhouse." In 1814 George Buchanan opened a classical school (equivalent to a high school) on Market Street and by 1820 an academy on High Street had been founded by James Miller.

1830-1879: In 1830 C.C. Beatty opened the Steubenville Female Seminary on S. High St. Later it was enlarged to cover the block bounded by Adams, High, North and Water Streets. In 1866 the seminary changed hands for \$25,000 and the principal, Dr. Reid, became the owner. The Seminary served the city for 75 years, graduating nearly 5,000 women.

The public (or graded) school system was created by Beatty in 1838, and on November 11, 1839, the first 2 public schools opened. They were square 2-story brick structures of 4 rooms each with a capacity of 250. One was located on the east side of 4th Street above Slack and the other was situated on 4th Street above Logan. Each building cost \$2,000. Graded schools operated in Steubenville eleven years before the Akron Law was established and made statewide in 1850. The first members of the school board were Beatty, John Andrews and James Means. In 1854, the first high school first held classes in the Kilgore Building. In 1870 the first Grant School on South and 4th Streets opened for classes. By 1873, Stanton school had opened its doors at Jail Alley and Dock St.

Other educational institutions that were founded in this period include the Grove Academy (1858), and St. Peter's Parochial School (1868). Although black schools were abolished in 1883, there is evidence of a black school on 3rd Street between North and Dock Streets.

1880-1929: Steubenville experienced tremendous educational growth during this period. A total of ten public schools were built at this time. Included in this list are Washington and Garfield Schools (both 1884), Lincoln School (1891), Jefferson School (1901), Wells High School (1906), Roosevelt School (completed in 1904 and then rebuilt in 1911), Buchanan School (1911), McKinley School in Pleasant Heights (1914), Wells Annex (built in 1916 and housed the elementary grades in 1947), and Harding Junior High (1926). In addition, Grant School was rebuilt in 1925, and Harding Stadium opened in 1928.

Other educational institutions in operation at this time were Catholic Central High School (with buildings in 1889 and again in 1923), Steubenville Business College (1896), and the City Normal School (in operation from 1907-1932).

1930-1960: Stanton School was razed and the million dollar high school (Big Red) was built in its place on N. 4th St. in 1940. Wells High School burned down in 1942. A new site for Catholic Central High School was purchased in Becker Highland in 1945. In 1946 the College of Steubenville was established by the Diocese of Steubenville and was housed in the Knights of Pythias building at 420 Washington.

1961-present: The College of Steubenville became the University of Steubenville. The large campus is located on a hilltop, overlooking the valley, a short distance from downtown.

D. EDUCATION

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
N. 4th St.	Steubenville H.S./"Big Red"	067
SW corner North St. & Commercial Alley	Wells High School Annex	102
422 Washington St.	Steubenville College/K of P	051

EDUCATION

Two school buildings were recorded as part of the survey. Wells Annex has been substantially altered and does not appear eligible for the National Register. Steubenville High School (Big Red) on North Fourth Street is an outstanding example of Art Deco architecture in Steubenville. It was built at a cost of nearly \$1,000,000 and is representative of this style right down to the light fixtures and the grillwork on the entrances. It is not yet 50 years old (built in 1940), however, which will make listing in the National Register extremely difficult. It should be recognized as a very important architectural resource and in 1990 it should be eligible for listing in the Register.

Impact: Ethnic/Immigration

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: Indians made up the population of the area surrounding Steubenville and Jefferson County. The majority of the tribes that hunted here were Wyandot, Shawnee, Delaware, Seneca and Mingo. In 1785, surveyors, under the Ordinance of 1785, laid an east-west boundary line 42 miles long just west of the Ohio River and south of the Pennsylvania line. This area was divided into 7 ranges of 6 townships. Up through 1796, when the county was created, the only whites here were soldiers who built Fort Steuben in 1787. It was abandoned one year later and then burned to the ground in 1790.

1797-1829: Steubenville was platted in 1797 by Bezaleel Wells. By 1814, Steubenville was the county seat and had 900 inhabitants. Jefferson County was the largest county in population from 1800-1820 with approximately 18,000 people. It declined after that from 4th in size out of 59 counties to 12th out of 73. There was an early black population in Steubenville as evidenced by the formation of an African Methodist Episcopal congregation in 1823. It was, reportedly the first AME congregation in Ohio.

1830-1879: In 1850, Steubenville's total population was 7,224. The American migrants living in Steubenville numbered at 1,526. By far the largest majority of migrants were from the mid-Atlantic states with 1,169. Overall, Pennsylvania was the source for the most migrants, American or foreign, with 875 while Maryland was next with 142. These numbers were due largely to the proximity of Ohio to Pennsylvania and the transportation routes to the west that went through Ohio. The south contributed a group of migrants, 257 (out of a total of 269) of which came from Virginia. Although the Western Reserve lands inhibited massive migration from New England to Steubenville, the proximity of the district did lead to some spillover into the Seven Ranges. Out of a total of 88 settlers from New England, 43 were from Massachusetts. Blacks composed only 2.28% of the total county population with 140 living in Steubenville Township.

By the 1850s, the majority of the inhabitants were native Ohioans. There were 886 foreign settlers in Steubenville and most of them were from northwestern Europe and came from the following countries: Ireland (467), England (197), Germany (120) and Scotland (84). While the Scotch-Irish immigration contributed to the early settlement of the Ohio Valley, Irish immigration began in the early 1840s because of the potato famine. They settled in Steubenville in the northern sector of the town, clustered around St. Peter's Catholic Church. Although most of these immigrants worked on the railroads or in the mines, there were several who became very prominent, i.e., Daniel McConville, Sr., director of Merchant and Mechanic's Bank; William L. Sharpe, founder of Ohio Foundry; Robert Mears, one of the founders of Frazier, Kilgore and Co. (later Jefferson Iron Works); John McClinton, a founder of LaBelle Iron Works. In the U.S., peak immigration for Germans was 1846-1856 when nearly 1 million immigrants left southwest Germany (Bavaria, Baden and Wurttemberg) because of agricultural crises. Many of these new inhabitants of Steubenville were engaged in

agricultural or professional activities from the beginning. The Germans settled just north of the Irish and they attended Zion Lutheran Church (org. 1862) or St. Peter's. Steubenville Germania, a German newspaper was established in 1875 and the Turnverein was established in 1874 and used Turner Hall on S. 3rd St. for their activities.

English immigrants continued to settle in Steubenville even after the Civil War because of the woolen factories. Because they assimilated so easily they lived throughout the city, although there was a small neighborhood in the 300-400 block of S. 3rd to S. 6th Sts. A small group (84) of Scots lived in Steubenville by 1850. They were mostly Presbyterian or Congregational miners living in the Lincoln and Prospect Avenue area, close to Finley Methodist Episcopal Church.

1880-1929: There were other areas of Irish settlement. Many workers lived near the Ohio River and south of Market St. between S. 3rd and S. 7th Sts. This neighborhood surrounded Holy Name Cathedral, established in 1885. The Schwaben Beneficial Society was formed in 1886 by German immigrants from the Schwaben province of Germany. This organization met for beneficial, social and fraternal purposes.

By 1900 there were substantial numbers of northwest European immigrants living in Steubenville. With a population of 20,000 in 1905 there were 1,179 Irish, 739 English and Welsh, 592 Germans and 188 Scottish. Many of the Welsh immigrants arrived in Steubenville c. 1900 and worked in the coal mines. There were 219 Welsh living in Steubenville in the Maryland-Pennsylvania Avenue neighborhood north of Market Street near the hill top.

The black population, although a small percentage of the overall population, continued to grow. By this period there were at least two new black churches formed - Second Baptist Church in 1891 and the Phillips Chapel in 1926. The Ku Klux Klan was formed in Steubenville in 1922.

It is easy to understand this growth in population in light of the immense industrial development in Steubenville at this time. The Ohio Foundry was incorporated in 1909 as the Ohio Foundry and Manufacturing Co. and Frazier, Kilgore and Co. evolved into LaBelle Iron Works and later Wheeling Steel by 1920. Other industries included glass, paper and cold storage companies. The railroad expanded in this period, too, and brought employment to many of the immigrants in Steubenville. In this period, too, immigration restrictions were raised in the U.S. and in Europe and an influx of southeastern Europeans spread throughout the U.S. The largest group by far were the Italians, many of whom were escaping market, political and agricultural problems. Italians were found working in LaBelle Iron Works, Pope Tin Mill, on the railroad and in the coal mines. Approximately 2,500 settled in Steubenville around their church (the cornerstone for St. Anthony's was laid in 1910 at 7th and South Sts.) in the 300-400 blocks of S. 6th St., spreading to N. 6th and 7th, Adams, Market and Lincoln. The Church of Our Saviour was erected at 520 South St. in 1920 for Italian Presbyterians. The Marconi Telegraph was begun by Gasanto Mazzi and the Christopher Columbus Lodge of the Sons of Italy was a major Italian Society established in 1904 with 200 members.

Among the other southeastern European immigrants there were sizeable numbers of Greeks (176 in 1920), Austrians (198 in 1920), Hungarians, (342 in 1910), Serbians (456 in 1920), Polish (723 in 1920), Slovaks (92 in 1920), Russians (830 in 1910), Lithuanians (57 in 1920), and Romanians (30 in 1920). By 1920 the old emigrants (from northwestern Europe) were completely assimilated into Steubenville life. Greeks migrated to the United States at this time and because most of them worked in the steel mills, they tended to settle in Weirton, West Virginia, and also in the area near 3rd St. and the Ohio River.

It is often difficult to get definite numbers concerning Austrian, Hungarian and Serbian migration because there were many nationalities within the Austro-Hungarian Empire that were lumped together as Austrian or Hungarian. The Austrians generally lived south of Market St., often within Serbian or Slovak neighborhoods as did the Hungarians. There was, however a "Little Belgrade" on Wells Street where most of the Serbs lived. This was close to LaBelle Iron Works, where many of them worked and they often attended the Serbian Orthodox Church in Mingo Junction.

There was a large Polish population in Steubenville in the early 20th century (429 in 1910 and 723 in 1920). The Poles were a mixture of Austrian, German and Russian descent depending on the geographical and political part of Poland from which they came. They worked on the Panhandle Railroad, the LaBelle Street branch of Weirton Steel and the Federal Paper Company on 3rd St. The hub of the Polish neighborhood was St. Stanislaus Catholic church built in 1915 on North St. The church gave services in Polish and taught school. Most Poles settled in the hilly district above N. 7th on N. 8th, 9th and Highland Avenue.

Although in 1920 there were only 92 people from the Czechoslovakia there may have been many more listed as subjects of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. The majority worked in the mines or mills and lived in "Little Slovakia" - Prospect, Poplar, and Spencer Avenues. There were a few families living on Lincoln Avenue as farmers. The Slovaks were divided in religion, attending either the Greek Catholic Church in Mingo Junction or Holy Name Cathedral and Finley Methodist Episcopal Church in Steubenville. There was no newspaper, but native language papers were available through insurance groups. The Zeuska Jednota is still published today.

There was a large increase in the Russian population of Steubenville between 1900 and 1912. With only 46 in the entire county in 1900, the population jumped to 830 in Steubenville alone, 10 years later. After World War I the numbers dropped to 336, the deterred migration having a great influence on the number of immigrants. These Russians settled on S. 8th or 9th Sts. and N. 9th and 10th Sts. Catholic Russians attended St. Stanislaus (most were Russian Poles), Jews worshipped at the B'Nai Israel and the Orthodox went to Holy Resurrection Russian Orthodox Church on N. 4th St. Russian Jews gained mercantile employment, while other Russians worked in the mills and mines. The Russian Orthodox Mutual Aid Society was formed at this time to aid distressed immigrants.

Among the other ethnic groups in Steubenville were Canadians who worked in the glass works, Scandinavians and a few Chinese.

1930-1960: The population of Steubenville peaked during this period and neared 40,000 people. For the most part, the more recent ethnic groups became assimilated into the social fabric of the city and many of the pockets of Old World neighborhoods spread out or deteriorated. Many of the foreign newspapers were discontinued and the native languages were often dropped from the church services and the parochial schools. One example of the spread of the ethnic neighborhoods was the area of "Little Slovakia." The Slovak population began to resettle along Lincoln Avenue and in the hills west of the city.

1960-present: By the mid-1950s the old Slovak neighborhood was not nearly as concentrated as it once was and it was completely destroyed when Route 7 was constructed during this period. The population has declined slightly in this period and the ethnicity of the immigrant groups in Steubenville is also less concentrated. As the city expanded there was no need to live so near to the place of employment. Many children of immigrants have moved to suburban areas, however many continue to attend ethnic churches. For example, St. Stanislaus Catholic Church still has 900 Polish members, but the surrounding area is now a black neighborhood.

E. ETHNIC/IMMIGRATION

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
425 N. 4th St.	St. Peter's Catholic Church	068
530 N. 4th St.	Holy Resurrection E. Orth. Ch.	073
835 N. 4th St.	J. May Residence	098
NE corner 5th & Dock	McConville Res./Martha Manor	107
211 N. 6th St.	Schwaben Club	057
414 N. 6th St.	Smurthwaite Residence	134
515 North St.	Quinn AME Church	127

ETHNIC/IMMIGRATION

There are very few buildings recorded within this theme in the study area. Many of the immigrants from the c. 1900 period settled in the south end. This included the Italians, Hungarians and Serbians. The Poles congregated in the North 7th, 8th and 9th street areas west of the study area. Several buildings associated with this theme derive their primary significance from other themes. For example, the Morelli Building (118-122 N. Sixth St.) was the location of the first "foreign bank" in the city and is included under the Commercial theme and St. Peter's Catholic Church (N. Fourth St.) was originally a largely Irish parish and is listed under the Religion theme. There are several residences of immigrants who made contributions to the industrial and/or commercial history of the city and they, too, are listed under other themes.

There are two properties that derive their primary significance from their association with the Ethnic/Immigration theme that appear to be eligible for inclusion in the National Register.

The Schwaben Beneficial Society (211 North Sixth St.) is an organization, founded in 1886, by immigrants from the Schwaben province in Germany. They built a handsome brick building that same year and it is still used by the organization.

The Quinn Memorial AME Church (515 North St.) is reportedly the oldest congregation of this denomination in Ohio. It was founded in 1823 and they have occupied a variety of buildings before constructing this church in 1929.

Impact: Manufacturing/Industry

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: No significant industrial activity recorded during this period.

1797-1829: The first recorded industries in Steubenville were a tannery and distillery, both established in 1798. It was followed by many more grist and flour mills, distilleries, a paper mill and pottery factory. The first copperas works west of the Alleghenies was built by B. Wells and Augustine Koeb in 1800. In 1814 a woolen mill was constructed on Market St. by Bezaleel Wells (Steubenville's founder). It was reportedly one of the first woolen mills in the U.S. and Steubenville became a center of woolen manufacturing for the first half of the 19th century. Mr. Wells brought Merino sheep from Vermont at the time the mill was constructed. A brewery was opened in 1815 by Mr. Dunlap and another in 1819 by Alexander Armstrong. Arthur M. Phillips, a founder and engine maker came to Steubenville in 1807 and opened a foundry. He provided the engines and iron work for Elijah Murray's boatyard. Mr. Murray was the first to open a boatyard in 1815 and was responsible for building the steamer Bezaleel Wells in 1819.

1830-1879: The abundance of raw materials and an excellent transportation network led to extensive industrial devevelopment during this period. William Sharp established a foundry in 1847. The first works were located near the Steubenville Coal and Mining Co. high shaft on Liberty Avenue below Market Street hill. The Sharp Foundry made plows and stoves. In 1860 the stove foundry moved to Fifth St. north of Market St. Mr. Sharp's son entered the business in 1865 and the name was changed to W.L. Sharp & Son.

In 1856 the Frazier, Kilgore & Co. erected a rolling mill known as the Jefferson Iron Works. It was located on the site of the present Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Plant. The company was purchased by Spaulding, Woodward & Co. in 1859 and became known as "The Jefferson" in the mid 1880s. These works consisted of one blast furnace with a capacity of 200 tons of pig iron per day and a cut nail factory with a capacity of 8,000 kegs of nails a week.

A coal mining company was established in 1858 by Messers. Borland, Reynolds and Manful who took a lease on the "high shaft" located near the corner of Market and Liberty Streets for a period of 5 years. Before the original lease expired it was renewed for ten more years. During that period the company was sold to the Steubenville Coal and Mining Company.

Reddick, McKee & Co. formed a glass company in 1874 and purchased the building of the Acme Mower and Reaper Works located along the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad tracks near Franklin Avenue. It was succeeded by Gill, Mitchell & Co. that same year. Business was conducted under this name until the spring of 1875 when Mr. Mitchell retired and the Gill Brothers & Co. was formed. Joseph, Samuel and James

Gill were involved in the enterprise. The Acme Glass Works were expanded in 1877. Other important industries formed during the period included: Steubenville Gas Co. (1849), Aetna Mills (1865), California Flour and Feed Mill (c.1869), Steubenville Furnace & Iron Co. (1874 and later purchased by Riverside Iron Co.), and the Floto Stone Co. (1874).

1880-1929: This was the period of greatest industrial expansion in the city's history. The Ohio Foundry continued to expand. A major fire destroyed the foundry in 1891 and it was rebuilt along the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad (later the Pennsylvania RR) at Slack Street. Five buildings were constructed at that time. A.B. Sharp, grandson of the founder, entered the business in 1893 and the name was changed to the Ohio Foundry. At that time they manufactured coal and gas grates, stove and fireplace linings. The company was incorporated in 1909 and the name became the Ohio Foundry and Manufacturing Co.

The Frazier, Kilgore & Co. changed its name to Jefferson Iron Works Co. in 1882 and added a steel plant in 1890. The most significant development of the period was the purchase of the Jefferson Iron Works by the La Belle Iron Works of Wheeling in 1900. They also purchased a 25 acre tract on the south side of the city and constructed one of the largest iron and steel plants in the U. S. In 1901, the LaBelle started construction of an open hearth and six 50-ton furnaces. A sheared plate mill unit and a plate mill were also constructed in 1901. LaBelle then had a production capacity of 400 tons/day per furnace. The LaBelle Iron Works built a coke plant in West Virginia directly opposite the Steubenville Works and a steel railroad bridge connecting them in 1915. The LaBelle Mill was by this period, one of the nations important independent steel producers. The first stage of the war boom arrived in 1916 when foreign governments began purchasing LaBelle products. The "Great Steel Strike" occurred in 1919 as the first attempt was made to unionize the entire steel industry. It began on September 22 and lasted until January 8, 1920. Over 350,000 workers were involved at the peak of the strike. 1920 was a significant year for the steel industry in Steubenville. Three independent steel companies - LaBelle Iron Works, Whitaker-Glessner Company and the Wheeling Steel & Iron Company were merged and became the Wheeling Steel Corporation. Improvements were made at the Steubenville Works during the late 1920s.

Although most of the facilities are located in West Virginia, the Weirton Steel Co., also had an impact on the industrial development of Steubenville. Founded in 1905, the Weirton Steel Co. expanded rapidly. In 1910, a tin mill plant was constructed along the Ohio River in Weirton and in 1911 the Pope Tin Plate Co. (formed in 1901) was purchased and became the Steubenville Plant. More expansion took place from 1914-1916. Weirton Steel constructed the first 48" continuous hot strip mill in the world in 1925. The National Steel Co. was formed in 1929 with the combined assets of Weirton Steel, Great Lakes Steel Corporation (Michigan), Hanna Iron Ore Co. (Cleveland) and Hanna Furnace Co. (Buffalo). Acme Glass Works continued to expand with the construction of another furnace in 1887 and the enlargement of the existing buildings. The 1897 Centennial Souvenir described Acme Glass as the "largest lamp chimney factory under one roof in

the United States". The capacity of the works at that time was from 400-500,000 lamp chimneys per week employing about 700 workers growing to 1,000 employees and 600-800,000 lamp chimneys per week in 1911.

In addition to Acme Lead Glass Co. the following glass manufacturers were formed during this period: the Steubenville Flint Glass Bottling Co. (1882) and the Jefferson Glass Co. (1901) which manufactured crystal, colored and opalescent tableware and novelties.

The Steubenville Pottery Co. was organized in 1879 and expanded rapidly during the 1880s. It was located at the intersection of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad and South Street. In 1889, two kilns were added and the existing buildings were enlarged. The company produced dinnerware, and semi-vitrous Canton China. Over 75% of its products were decorated.

The Steubenville Ice Manufacturing and Cold Storage Co. was started in 1891 and was located in a brick building (formerly used as a nail factory, railway paint shop and foundry) west of the Pan Handle Railroad Depot. Another building was also erected. The plant was purchased in 1896 by George and James Koehnline who made technical improvements to the plant. By 1897, the capacity of the plant was 45 tons daily.

The Chicago Wall Paper mill was founded in 1899 in Illinois. This corporation purchased the assets of the Steubenville Wall Paper Co. in 1905. In 1909 it sold the Chicago plant and moved the company headquarters to Steubenville. In 1925 it was incorporated under Ohio law and the name was changed to The Chicago Wall Paper Manufacturing Company.

1930-1960 Although this period began with the Great Depression, a number of Steubenville industries continued to prosper. Weirton Steel built a Bessemer converter in 1936, mechanized its coal properties in 1937, modernized and enlarged its structural mill in 1939 and embarked on an enormous expansion program in 1941. Weirton Steel pioneered electrolytic tin plating and processed magnesium, brass, silver chloride and atomic bomb materials in addition to steel and howitzer shells for use during World War II.

Production at Wheeling Steel Co. slowed during the 1930's but with the advent of World War II in Europe, the plant was put back into full operation and produced pig-iron, synthetic scrap and armor plate. In 1946, the Wheeling Steel Corporation purchased the Mingo Works of the Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation and changed the name of the plant to Steubenville-South. During this period, Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Corporation was formed through a merger.

The Ohio Foundry & Manufacturing Co. continued to operate under the direction of the fourth generation of the Sharp family. Throughout its long history, the company manufactured heating appliances to accomodate nearly every type of fuel - wood, coal, coke, oil, electricity, natural gas and liquified petroleum gas.

Shortly before publication of the Steubenville Sesquicentennial (1947), the Steubenville Pottery Co. constructed a new plant along the Ohio River a few miles north of Steubenville. It was one of the major dinnerware manufacturers in the U.S. at the time the new plant was constructed.

In 1947, the Chicago Wall Paper Manufacturing Company employed 75 people and produced six million rolls of wallpaper annually. The Ohio Valley Clay Co. was put on the auction block in 1944.

1961-present: The industrial base of this area has undergone tremendous change during this period. The steel industry is still of major importance and is the largest employer in Steubenville. The National Steel Co. in Weirton faced bankruptcy several years ago and was purchased by the employees. It is now operating at full capacity. Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Co. has filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy and is undergoing reorganization in an effort to continue in existence. Many of the previously mentioned industries - Ohio Foundry, Acme Glass, and Chicago Wall Paper Co. - are no longer in existence.

F. MANUFACTURING/INDUSTRY

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
832 N. 5th St.	Bracken/Orr House	124
701 N. 4th St.	Gill/Cochran House	080
711 N. 4th St.	Samuel C. Gill House	082
813 N. 4th St.	Freeman/Westfall/Simeral Hse	090
820 N. 4th St.	Grier House	092
425 Franklin Ave.	Gill/Zink House	141
425 Franklin Ave.	A.B. Sharpe House	126
414 N. 6th St.	Smurthwaite House	134

MANUFACTURING/INDUSTRY

There are not any industrial buildings included within the survey area which appear to be eligible for listing in the National Register. There are, however, a number of homes associated with important industrialists located in the north end neighborhood. The A. Joseph Hennings Residence (611 North Fourth St.) is in a block which lacks the cohesiveness and integrity necessary for a historic district but should be eligible individually. It is an outstanding example of Colonial Revival architecture in Steubenville and is associated with Mr. Hennings who was the owner of the Chicago Wall Paper Co. The proposed district on North Fourth Street (see description under Commercial theme) includes the residences of the following: J.W. Gill, president of the Gill Brothers Co. which operated the Acme Lead Glass Works (701 North Fourth St.); H. B. Grier, secretary/treasurer of the Acme Glass Works (820 N. Fourth St.); Samuel Gill, one of the co-owners of the Gill Brothers Co. and of the National Exchange Bank (711 North Fourth St.); and A. B. Sharpe, the president of the Ohio Foundry and Manufacturing Co. (426 Franklin Ave.).

Impact: Military

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: Fort Steuben was erected in 1787 on the Ohio River to serve as a watch post for Indians. Although abandoned in 1788, it stood on what is now the corner of High and Adams Sts.

1797-1829: Nicholas Murray organized a Steubenville company that fought with Jackson at the Battle of New Orleans during the War of 1812. The company was one of 14 companies (1,065 men) from Jefferson County that contributed to the war. Two other Steubenville men distinguished themselves in this war. John Miller, editor of The Herald, directed an attack of Fort Meigs, and Benjamin Tappan mustered a brigade to meet the British advancing on Sandusky.

1830-1879: The Steubenville Greys organized to fight in the Mexican War in 1846. Edwin M. Stanton, Steubenville native, was appointed Lincoln's Secretary of War in 1862. Among those citizens of Steubenville who fought in the Civil War were the "Fighting McCooks," 12 men from 2 families. Although Steubenville was not the scene of any battles in the Civil War, in 1863 Morgan's Raiders were captured 5 miles outside of the city, and transferred from Steubenville to Columbus.

The Grand Army of the Republic was formed in 1867 and a Tri-State Reunion of the GAR was held in Steubenville in 1879. In 1870 the Soldiers & Sailors monument was erected in Union cemetery to pay tribute to those who lost their lives in battle.

1880-1929: The old Foster place was selected in 1922 for the new National Guard site and \$45,000 was raised for this project. Two companies of men from Steubenville fought in World War I. They camped and maneuvered on the grounds of the Steubenville Country Club. Of those that went overseas, 94 men died and 1,500 returned. A 2-day armistice/homecoming celebration was organized for October 17-18, 1919. Among those honored was General Charles S. Farnsworth, the highest ranking Steubenville citizen to fight in the war.

1930-1960: The Jefferson County War Memorial was completed in 1931. It is located at 423 North Street and was financed with the balance left in the War Board Fund of World War I. Draft registration for World War II began on October 15, 1940. 4506 men signed up in Steubenville. Ora A. McCombs, 22 was the first man from Steubenville to die in World War II. He was killed December 17, 1941. On April 30, 1944 the County Honor Roll board was dedicated in front of the City Annex Building.

1961-present: No significant data found for this period.

G. MILITARY

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
423 North St.	War Memorial	104

MILITARY

Only one property was recorded within this theme. It is the War Memorial Building (423 North St.), which was constructed as a home and meeting place for all the military organizations in Jefferson County. It appears to be eligible for listing in the National Register for its significance in the military theme and as a good example of Georgian Revival architecture in Steubenville.

Impact: Politics/Social Welfare

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: Jefferson County was part of the Congressional Lands of the Seven Ranges surveyed by the Government in 1787.

1797-1829: In 1797, Jefferson County was made the fourth county in the Northwest Territory with Steubenville as its county seat. A land office was established at Steubenville in 1800 to sell off the remaining land. It was located on the east side of 3rd St above Market St. Steubenville was incorporated in 1805, and by 1809 the first courthouse had been demolished and construction of a new brick building to serve as courthouse was begun. The jail was also built at this time. The Steubenville Water Company was formed in 1810 and the first fire engine was purchased and used by a volunteer fire department in 1822. Benjamin Lundy published Genius of Emancipation, the first abolitionist paper in the U.S. in Steubenville in 1821. 1828 was the year of the first Temperance meeting.

1830-1879: This period saw many advances made concerning the water supply for Steubenville. The first reservoir was dug out of Adams Street and by 1836, the first water plant was in operation. By 1867 an additional reservoir had been dug (1854), and new equipment had been installed by the water company.

A new stone jail was built in 1834. No other changes were made until 1870 when the county complex of buildings were demolished and the new courthouse was built in 1874. This was located directly north of the sheriff's house and the jail. This "Temple of Justice" was the highest building in the city, and cost \$300,000. In 1840 the land office closed. This was the end of the frontier for Steubenville, as all the land in Jefferson County had been bought and either farmed or developed. Another act of historical significance occurred in 1850 when the population of Steubenville reached 6,000 and the town was incorporated as a city.

Other events occurring in Steubenville at this time include the election of Benjamin Tappan to the U.S. Senate in 1838, and the formation of the Jefferson County Medical Society in 1858. Robert Means came to Steubenville in the 1840s and when he died he left a \$10,000 trust fund to the city to help the poor. In 1875 the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad established a hospital on N. 7th Street for its employees. The King's Daughters Society opened a hospital in apartments at 6th and North Streets, but grew out of them quickly and moved to a building on the corner of 7th and Logan Streets. In 1874, Mrs. James Sterling was elected president of the newly organized Women's Christian Temperance Union. The City Temperance Society had been formed in 1845. In 1836, the International Order of Odd Fellows formed followed by the Knights of Templar in 1849 and the Knights of Pythias in 1864.

In 1879 the Markethouse and the City Building disappeared from the center of the city overnight. This was the result of a feud over keeping the old building or erecting a new one. The new building cost \$60,000.

1880-1929: This period saw the development of many civic, social and reform activities in Steubenville. The public hospital evolved in the 1880s and the city sewer system was developed in 1889. Steubenville began expanding in 1890 as Pleasant Heights and Poplar Springs additions marked the beginning of the move towards the hilltop. In 1894 work began on the new water works at the old Alikanna Iron Works. The Honorable J.J. Gill offered to build a hospital if it were maintained. The N. 6th Street building was completed in 1901. In 1902 Pleasant Heights Improvements Co. put 200+ lots on the market and had streets cars connecting it to downtown. The Burris family donated money to S. Purviance of Smithfield for the construction of the Children's Bethel orphanage in 1902. Two fire engine companies, the Phoenix and the Reliance began operations in 1905, and the Reliance Fire Station was built in 1909 on North Street between 4th and 5th Streets. The census in 1920 was 28,508. In 1924, a Home for the Aged was opened on Wellesley Avenue, and a contract for a new Federal Building was awarded. By June, 1929, free garbage collection began. The 1928 census was 38,310.

The Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks was formed in 1892 and met in the Specht Building on N. 4th St. In 1902, the Scottish Rite Masonry was established and was followed by the Rotary Club (1921), the Kiwanis Club (1922), and the Lions Club (1924). The Knights of Pythias laid the cornerstone for their building on Washington St. in 1922.

1930-1960: A \$325,000 wing was added to the Ohio Valley Hospital. The Steubenville Community Chest began a fund drive in 1931 to help the unfortunate and they raised \$103,112. They now occupy the Andrew Elliott residence on N. 4th Street.

The Masonic Temple on N. 4th St. was dedicated in 1930 and 12,000 citizens turned out to watch the ceremonies. The centennial of the Jefferson Lodge #6 of the IOOF was celebrated in 1936.

1961-present: There are 7 fraternal organizations presently in Steubenville: Eagles, American Legion, Masons, Elks, Moose, Knights of Columbus and Pan-Icarian Brotherhood.

H. POLITICS/SOCIAL WELFARE

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
NE corner 5th & Dock	Martha Manor	107
703 N. 5th St.	Spencer House	119
200 N. 4th St.	U.S. Post Office	040
214 N. 4th St.	YMCA	039
227 N. 4th St.	Masonic Temple	036
617 N. 4th St.	R.G. Richards House	078
417 North St.	Reliance #2	103
729 N. 6th St.	Judge Cook House	131
NW corner 3rd & Market Sts.	Jefferson County Courthouse	013

POLITICAL/SOCIAL WELFARE

There are a number of resources within this theme that were recorded and appear to be eligible for the National Register. Perhaps the most obvious resources are the governmental buildings. The Jefferson County Courthouse (northwest corner of Third and Market), the Municipal Building (123 South Third St.) and the U.S. Post Office (200 North Fourth St.) are all included within the National Register historic district nomination which is being prepared as part of this project.

Other properties associated with this theme that are included within the prepared nomination include the IOOF Lodge (122 North Fourth St.), the YMCA building (214 North Fourth St.) and the Knights of Pythias Building (422 Washington).

One of the properties which will probably qualify for individual listing within this theme is the Reliance Fire Station (417 North St.). It has been altered, however, it is one of the most unusual buildings in the study area and it is important for its association with the history of the Steubenville Fire Department. Another individually eligible property is the Masonic Temple (227 North Fourth St.), the largest and most impressive fraternal lodge in the city. It is also the oldest organization of this type in Steubenville.

Included within the north end neighborhood are several houses which belonged to judges and elected public officials. Judge Hooper's residence (600 North Fourth St.) was also mentioned under the commercial theme. It is one of the best preserved residences from the 1890 period remaining on North Fourth St. Judge Rees Griffith Richards' residence (617 North Fourth St.) also appears to be individually eligible for the National Register.

Those residences located within the boundaries of the two proposed districts (see Commercial theme for descriptions) include: the Judge Griesinger residence (847 North Fourth St.), the Judge John Cook residence (729 North Sixth St.), the W.R. Alban residence, prosecuting attorney, (723 North Sixth St.), and the G.P. McCracken residence, Jefferson County treasurer (741 North Sixth St.).

Impact: Arts/Recreation

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: No significant data found for this period.

1797-1829: By 1800 there were several inns and taverns that were the center of social life for the inhabitants of Steubenville. Among these were: Red Lion Inn, Cross Keys, White Horse, Sign of the Ship, Green Tree and Black Bear. Also in 1800, "The Grove" was completed on Water Street. This was the home of Bezaleel and Sarah Wells and the center of hospitality for the community for many years. The Masonic Lodge was organized in 1817 and 4 years later the Steubenville Thespian Club was formed.

1830-1879: As Steubenville grew, so did its activities. A lending library in Edward Stanton's home in 1830 was the precursor to the City Library Association's organization in 1848. The Steubenville Lecture and Library Club was formed in 1879. The theaters and musical organizations formed in this period include Garrett's Hall (built c. 1870), The Steubenville Philharmonic Society (org. 1868, bldg. 1872), and the Harmonic Society (1866). Ladies Aid Society organized in 1861. The YMCA formed and located at 4th and Market Streets. It moved many times before it was dissolved in 1875. The Centennial triumphal arch was erected on Market Street to celebrate the nation's 100th anniversary.

1880-1929: There was even more social and cultural activity in Steubenville at this time. One tragedy occurred when the Excursion Steamer Scioto sunk into the Ohio on July 4, 1882. 75 out of the 400 passengers were drowned. In the 1890s the YMCA was revived and then dissolved again. In 1904 a fund raising effort began for the YMCA and in 1907 \$110,000 was raised in a 10 day period. The cornerstone for the YMCA building was laid in 1908 and the building was finished in 1909. Social activities in the 1890s took place at the Opera House, Turner Hall on S. 3rd St., or at the race track in Pleasant Heights. The Wells Historical Society was incorporated in 1893, four years before the Centennial celebration began. On August 25, 1897, Steubenville began a three day celebration of her 100th anniversary. The 3 days included: Stanton Day, Pioneer Day, and Military Day.

The turn of the century brought more cultural advancements. In 1902 the \$62,000 Carnegie Library opened and in 1908, the Steubenville Country Club opened, but by June, 1921, had burned down. 126 acres of the Porter/Starkey farm were purchased for the new club. In 1913 the YWCA organized. As of 1947, they were located at 320 N. 4th St. Construction of the Fort Steuben Hotel began in 1920, but was damaged by fire in 1923. The top floor was completed for \$40,000 in 1924. The Capitol Theater and the Grand Theater were both completed in 1925.

The Recreation Department was created in 1927 and 5 playgrounds were set up. The contract for a municipal stadium was awarded in 1928 for \$42,899. In 1929 Mrs. Sarah Castner gave 40 acres of woodland on the

northwest edge to the city with instructions that it be used as a park and dedicated to her husband, Eli Castner. Also in 1929, talkies were installed at the Olympic Theater and a proposal to buy Stanton Park for \$75,000 was rejected.

1930-1960: A curb on Sunday social activities was initiated in June of 1930 when the Blue laws were enforced, forbidding movie theaters to open on Sunday. In August, 1930, however, the laws were lifted. The Paramount Theater opened in 1931. In 1935, a \$250,000 fire began in the Grant Store. Also damaged were McCrory Store, the Grand Theater, and Biggio's Confectionery. The Grand reopened in 1935 in the Griesinger Block on S. 4th St. The \$50,000 community Clubhouse was dedicated in Belleview Park in 1937. Beatty Park was established on part of the land which belonged to Union Cemetery.

In the 1930s and 40s there were several celebrations including the Northwest Territory Sesquicentennial in 1937 and Steubenville's own Sesquicentennial in 1947. Part of the Northwest Territory Sesquicentennial included retracing the original path of the explorers, down the Youghigheny River from West Newton, Pa. to Steubenville. As the "new pioneers" reached Steubenville, they were met by a river parade of 16 steamboats. Following this was a huge celebration in the city itself and then the pioneers continued down the Ohio to Marietta. The Sesquicentennial of Steubenville was planned for July 2-6, 1947 and served as a homecoming for war veterans as well.

1961-present: Today, the Grand Theater is the only downtown theater, but is closed and its future uncertain. All of the other theaters moved out to the suburbs. The Fort Steuben Hotel closed in 1984 and is being renovated for elderly housing.

B. ARTS/RECREATION

Address	Name of Property	Bldg. No.
117-121 S. 4th St.	Griesinger Blk/Grand Theater	018

ARTS/RECREATION

Although there were a number of properties associated with this theme located in the downtown area at one time, nearly all are gone. The Grand Theater, which is located in the Griesinger Block (117-121 South Fourth St.) is the only remaining downtown theater. It is an excellent example of Art Deco styling and is included within the Steubenville Commercial Historic District nomination.

Impact: Religion

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: Although no formal church buildings were erected at this time, there were quite a few active religious organizations in the area. As early as 1792 Dominican missionaries were administering to Catholic settlers. There is evidence that in 1794 Samuel Hitt and John Reynolds of the Ohio Methodist Circuit preached in Steubenville. Dr. Doddridge of the Protestant Episcopal church also preached here in 1796 and the first meetings of this denomination were held in a frame building on the south side of Water and Market Streets.

1797-1829: In this period religion in Steubenville began to be formally organized and the first church buildings were erected. Episcopal services continued in Steubenville in the log courthouse from 1798 to 1814. There is also evidence that in 1800 Episcopal services were held in the McGuire home, a mile west of town. Also in 1800, the Presbyterian Church was established. A grove on Market Street between 7th and 8th Streets was used for services in the warmer months while the log courthouse was used in the winter. The first permanent church building was on S. 4th Street.

In 1810 the "Methodist Society" was organized and by 1814 the First Methodist Church was completed at the corner of South and 4th Streets. It was enlarged in 1821. Also in 1810, services were held in courthouse for the First United Presbyterian Church. The church moved to a school house in 1815. The first permanent church was built behind the site of the 1947 church (date unknown).

A Baptist congregation met regularly in Steubenville in 1812, but in 1814 moved to Wayne Township. Those Baptists that were left maintained the organization and in 1824 purchased a lot on Church Street near Adams. A brick church was built and used until 1854-5. It remained vacant until approximately 1870 when it was torn down.

The first African Methodist Episcopal Church was organized in 1823 and met in various homes.

1830-1879: There was much activity in the religious community. More churches were being established in Steubenville and building permanent structures while older churches were remodeling, enlarging and moving to new sites in the town. In 1830 the Disciples of Christ organized as the First Christian Church and by 1844 they had built a church on Dock Street. They remained here until 1872 when they purchased the Second Presbyterian Church.

A split developed in the Methodist Church in 1830 and the Methodist Protestant church withdrew from First Methodist and built a church in 1831 on S. 5th Street. In 1846 the First Methodist Church divided again and Hamline Methodist Church was formed at N. 4th and North Streets. Additional Methodist churches were organized in 1868 as the Thompson and

Finley Methodist Churches. Thompson Methodist was built in the southern part of the city and was absorbed by Finley later on. Finley Methodist met in the West Liberty schoolhouse until a church was completed in 1869 (site unknown).

St. Pius Catholic Church was built in 1832 at 4th and Logan Streets. The name of the church changed to St Peter's in 1853 and a new building was erected at the same site. In 1833, the cornerstone for St. Paul's Episcopal was laid at 4th and Adams Streets. Second Presbyterian Church split from First Presbyterian because of size and built their church in 1838 (site of present First Christian Church). They remained here until 1871 when they moved to a new building on N. 4th and Washington Streets.

In 1846 the Quinn African Methodist Episcopal Church erected a building on S. 3rd and South Streets. They remained there until Simpson Methodist split from them in 1873 and built a church on Adams Street. Shortly thereafter the Quinn AME church was razed and in 1878 a new church was built at Washington and N. 5th Streets.

There were efforts to revive the Baptist church in the 1870s. The Campbell movement, however, which led to the organization of the Disciples of Christ (First Christian Church) drew many potential Baptists. A church was built on 5th Street between Market and Washington Streets, but it was abandoned after a few years.

Other developments in this period include the formation of the Union Cemetery Association by several major Protestant churches in 1853. They purchased 50 acres from the Huscroft farm west of Steubenville for a cemetery. In 1861 the German Evangelical Lutheran Church organized and built a church in 1862 on N. 5th Street to meet the needs of the families who emigrated from the Rhine provinces in the 1850s and 1860s. In 1872 First Presbyterian moved to a new location on 4th St. First Congregational Church was organized in 1875 and held service in the Spaulding home.

1880-1929: By far the most religious activity in Steubenville occurred at this time. Much of this is due to the rapid expansion of the city and development of new suburbs and the ethnic migration to the city and the resulting development of congregations to meet the needs of Italian, Polish, Jewish, Orthodox, and black citizens. Also at this time was a flurry of building and moving for the already established churches, mergers and establishment of still other denominations of Christianity. In 1880 St. Paul's Episcopal built a new church on the site of the old church and St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church was erected on S. 3rd and South Streets. First Congregational built their church in 1882 on Washington Street. Mt. Calvary Cemetery was established when land was purchased from the Huscroft farm adjacent to Union Cemetery in 1883. Also in 1883 the Holy Name of Jesus Christ Catholic Church was organized and a temporary church was built in 1885 at South and Slack Streets. The present edifice was completed in 1900. First United Presbyterian razed their church on North St. and built a new one in 1884.

The Baptist Church was successfully reorganized around the turn of the century. Although the Second Baptist Church organized before the First Baptist Church in 1891, they worshipped in the courthouse that was then on N. 5th Street and did not build their own church on Adams Street until 1917. It was rebuilt in 1926. The First Baptist Church was not organized until 1913 but they built a church on S. 5th Street in 1916, only one year before the Second Baptist building.

In 1896 St. Stephen's Episcopal organized using the Presbyterian Mission Chapel on Franklin and 5th Streets for their services until their church on 5th and Logan Streets was dedicated in 1902. They separated from St. Peter's Episcopal because of a disagreement in ritual. The new St. Peter's Episcopal Church was dedicated in 1907. The First Christian Church on N. 4th Street was erected in 1898. During 1902 Fifth Street Methodist Church at 5th and North Streets was built. That same year the B'Nai Israel Synagogue organized and occupied the former Fifth St. Methodist building on S. 5th Street.

With the development of the hilltop suburb, LaBelle View, a Christian Church of the same name was built in 1903 on Euclid and Ohio avenues and LaBelle View Methodist Church organized in 1910. Their church was built in 1912 (present building as of 1947.) The Congregational Church moved in 1913 to the suburb of Pleasant Heights, holding services in the fire house until a new church was dedicated at Lawson and Orchard Park Avenue in 1915. In 1926, a new building for the Second United Presbyterian church, the third church in the suburbs, was erected on LaBelle View Blvd. and Ohio Street.

In 1911 the First and Second Presbyterian churches came together as one congregation in the First Presbyterian building which became known as Westminster Church. Also in 1911, Finley Methodist moved into their church on Lincoln Avenue. Between 1911 and 1912 a Second United Presbyterian Chapel was built and in 1914 the First Church of Christ, Scientist organized and used a hall at 106 S. 4th Street and later a remodelled home at 741 N. 4th Street for their services.

Between 1905 and 1914, three churches that served the immigrant population in Steubenville were organized. In 1905, St. Stanislaus (Polish Catholic) purchased a lot on North Street and dedicated their church in 1915. Before 1910, the congregation of St. Anthony's met in the basement of Holy Name of Jesus Christ. The cornerstone of this Italian Catholic church was laid in 1910 at South and 7th Streets. The Russian Orthodox Church, Holy Transfiguration, was established in 1914 and services were held first in a hall on S. 4th Street and then in St. Stephen's Episcopal. The present building was dedicated in 1915.

A number of other congregations were organized and churches built at this time. In 1919 Mt. Zion Baptist Church was organized and met first in a second story room on S. 3rd Street. A building at N. 7th and Kilgore was expanded and remodelled. Temple Beth-El was organized in 1920 and erected

a Temple on N. 5th Street. The new Simpson Methodist Church was built in 1924 on Adams Street and the First United Presbyterian Church completed their church on N. 5th and North Streets. A fourth Presbyterian church, Church of Our Saviour, at 520 South Street was completed in 1926. Also in 1926, the Evangelical Lutheran Church of St. John the Baptist was built at 708 Lincoln Avenue. The Pentecostal Church was established in a hall on S. 6th Street and the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church was organized at Phillips Chapel also in 1926.

Four churches and a parish hall and parsonage round out the 1920s of churchbuilding. In 1927, St. John the Baptist Slovak was dedicated (location unknown) and the Parish Hall-Parsonage of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church was erected. The Church of God in Christ was organized in 1928 and occupied a storeroom on 8th and Kilgore Streets. Two more churches were built in 1929: the new Quinn African Methodist Episcopal Church on North Street and the Church of the Nazarene on S. 5th Street.

1930-1960: Grace Lutheran Church, another suburban church, was dedicated in 1932 on Sunset Blvd. The Christ Scientist Church moved in 1936 from their house on N. 4th Street to a remodelled building at 1300 Maryland Avenue. This building had been the first school in LaBelle View. The building at 328 S. 6th Street was converted into the Pentecostal Church in 1938. First Methodist and Hamline Methodist Church merged in 1943 under the name of Calvary Methodist Church. They remained in the Hamline Church building. The Greek Orthodox church purchased the old First Methodist church on S. 4th and South Streets for their church and the Church of the Nazarene erected a portion of their church on Woodlaw in 1945 (not completed as of 1947). Finally, the Church of God in Christ erected a new building at 245 N. 7th Street in 1947.

1960-present: Many denominations are represented by approximately 50 churches in Steubenville. The majority of the churches established in the 19th and early 20th centuries are still active.

I. RELIGION

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
139 N. 5th St.	Zion Evangelical Lutheran Ch	060
NW corner 5th & North Sts.	First Methodist Prot. Church	106
SW corner 5th & North Sts.	United Presbyterian Church	105
N. 5th St.	Temple Beth-El	118
S. 5th St.	5th St. Methodist Church	061
220 N. 4th St.	First Christian Church	038
235 N. 4th St.	Westminster Presbyterian Ch.	037
301 N. 4th St.	Hamline Methodist Church	062
425 N. 4th St.	St. Peter's Catholic Church	068
530 N. 4th St.	Holy Resurrection E. Orthodox	073
NW corner S. 4th & Adams Sts.	St. Paul's Episcopal Church	022
NE corner Logan & 5th Sts.	St. Stephen's Episcopal Ch.	110
515 North St.	Quinn Memorial AME Church	127

RELIGION

The churches located within the study area include some of the finest and best preserved examples of late 19th and early 20th century architecture in Steubenville. They are not physically grouped together and therefore do not qualify for listing in the National Register within a historic district. The following appear to qualify individually for their architectural significance: St. Paul's Episcopal Church (northwest corner of Fourth and Adams), Westminster Presbyterian Church (235 North Fourth St.), First Christian Church (220 North Fourth St.), United Church of Christ (139 North Fifth St.), Calvary United Methodist Church (301 North Fourth St.), St. Peter's Catholic Church (425 North Fourth St.), United Presbyterian Church (southwest corner of Fifth and North), Fifth Street Methodist Church (northwest corner of Fifth and North), Zion Temple Church (northeast corner of Fifth and Logan), and Phillips Chapel (Fifth St. north of Clinton).

Quinn Memorial AME Church is also considered eligible for the National Register and is addressed under the Ethnic/Immigration theme.

Impact: Transportation/Communication

Reporting Scale: Steubenville

To 1796: Along with Indian trails, the Ohio River was the earliest transportation route with the first keelboat appearing on the Ohio c. 1794, taking the Pittsburgh-Cincinnati route.

No significant data found for communication.

1797-1829: As early as 1802, Jefferson County levied a tax to convert trails to public highways. Water Street was the main road, following the river from the east. It continued west to Wells Run and on out of town. High and Market Streets were reached by a road dug out of the riverbank. William Lowry, a civil engineer and editor of The Western Herald, surveyed and built a gravel road c. 1814 to Alikanna, a town founded that same year and originally known as Speakersburg. In 1816, Bezaleel Wells told the public they could purchase shares at \$1 each in the Steubenville-Cadiz Turnpike. As late as 1820, Washington Street was described as "little more than a miry cowpath." The first stagecoach, travelling from Pittsburgh to Steubenville appeared in 1820 and by 1823 the line expanded to take in several other villages, including Painesville, Canton and Massillon.

Most of Steubenville's early transportation relied heavily on the river. Up through the early 1800s, the main water transportation was the keelboat. But as early as 1811, Steubenville saw her first steamboat, the New Orleans, pull into her harbor. A second steamboat, the Enterprise pulled into Steubenville in 1815 and at this time Elijah Murray and Arthur Phillips opened up boatyards. The first steamboat was made in Steubenville in 1819 and named the Bezaleel Wells. On her first trip (merely across the river) the brick chimney collapsed. After 2 more attempts and approximately 3 mishaps along the way, the boat finally made it to Pittsburgh. The next boat, the Robert Thompson, landed in Pittsburgh on March 17, 1821. Up until 1818 all mail travelled from Steubenville to Pittsburgh by boat. At this time the first mail by horseback headed east from Steubenville.

The first newspaper appeared in 1806 when William Lowry and John Miller became the publishers of The Western Herald, a weekly and the third oldest paper in Ohio. James Wilson (grandfather to Woodrow) became the editor and owner of the paper c. 1814. He expanded in 1817 and renamed the paper The Herald & Steubenville Gazette. The Whig paper had no competition until 1826 when a Mr. Laird and Samuel Few set up The Ledger, a Jacksonian paper.

1830-1879: The first sternwheeler left Pittsburgh and sailed past Steubenville in 1831. Soon after Steubenville became home to several packet lines including Pittsburgh, Wellsburg, Wheeling & Cincinnati. George Dohrman and Matthew Roberts, who had mail coaches travelling to Wheeling in 1831, engaged a small steamer as a mail ship and called her

U.S. Mail. This period was the peak era of the riverboat popularity. Although railroads were being considered for construction as early as 1849, they did not come into their own until after the Civil War. After 1850, the only improvement made on the river was in 1870 when a light system was established along the Ohio & Mississippi rivers.

Much of the railroad activity in the town between 1850-1860 was construction. Steubenville, area townships and individuals subscribed to stock in the Steubenville-Indiana Railroad the charter of which was granted in February of 1848 and in 1849 the charter for the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad came through. A section of the railroad from Steubenville to Unionport was completed by 1853 and on October 8th, 3 locomotives with 2 cars each rolled into the town. In 1854, 6 miles of railroad was completed across the Virginia panhandle into Pennsylvania. The first trip on that line was made July 4, 1854. The Cleveland-Pittsburgh line was extended to include Steubenville in 1856 and in 1857 construction on a railroad bridge across the river was begun. The Civil War, however, prevented completion until 1865.

Judge Thomas L. Jewett was appointed the receiver of the new railroad in 1868. Jewett was later elected first president of the railroad when the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad took over. The first major train disaster in Steubenville occurred in 1878 on the Steubenville division of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad when a train pulled out and hit an eastbound freight train and 14 people were killed. The West Virginia side of the Pittsburgh, Wheeling & Kentucky Railroad also opened in 1878.

In this period the newspaper activity and competition increased as well. Lair sold The Ledger in 1830 to Mr. Ripley & Joseph Cable who renamed it The Jeffersonian Democrat and the Farmers & Mechanics Advocate. It changed hands again in 1838 when Col. W.C. McCauslen bought it and changed the name to The Union. Wilson sold The Western Herald & Steubenville Gazette to his son, Robert, and John Worstell. In 1847 the paper became a daily. The Courier Democratic was established in 1863 as a party paper. It failed soon after but C.N. Allen, a Cadiz man, established another democratic weekly.

In 1870 a German language newspaper, The Steubenville Germania was first published by R. Schorrenberg. Publication continued until approximately 1920.

P.B. Conn took over The Western Herald from C.W. Allison in 1873. C.N. Allen began publication of The Daily Evening Gazette. He sold it in 1875 to H.H. McFadden & W.H. Hunter. It was at this time that a newspaper feud developed mainly between the Gazette and the Western Herald. The feud lasted until the 1920s when the Gazette was published by Brush-Moore Publishing Co. Allison introduced The Ohio Press, a Republican weekly in 1879. The paper failed in a short time.

The telegraph arrived at Steubenville in 1847. That Henry Clay was departing for his home from Pittsburgh by boat was the first message.

1880-1929: Most of the advances made in transportation in Steubenville during this period focused on the improvement of roads and streets as the city expanded and on interurban transportation. One river tragedy occurred, however, on July 4, 1882 when the excursion steamer Scioto crashed into the oncoming steamer John Lomas and killed 75 people.

In 1884, Third Street between Market and Adams became the first street in the state to be paved in vitrified brick. Steubenville was selected, in 1887, as one of four communities in the country to have electric street railway lines. The first trolley went down Sixth Street from Stanton Blvd. to Franklin Avenue and then followed Fourth Street ending at Wilson's Corner. The trolley line was absorbed by Steubenville Gas & Electric in 1889. In the early 1900s, George N. Henry promoted a new trolley line which led to Pleasant Heights, a new development on the hilltop.

Railroad lines also expanded at the turn of the century. The Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad extended to Steubenville in the 1890s. The station was located at lower Market Street. This made a total of 3 railroads serving the city. Three companies began in the early 1900s which supported the transportation boom in Steubenville. The Steubenville & East Liverpool Railway & Light Co was organized in 1906 by Van Horn Ely of Buffalo, marking the beginning of interurban lines. Dohrman J. Sinclair was the organizer of the other two companies: The Steubenville Bridge Co. constructed a bridge across the river at Market Street in 1905, and the Tri-State Traction Co. laid lines across that bridge which split on the other side, one going south towards Wheeling, the other travelled north. To facilitate these lines a boulevard was cut into the bluff across the river opposite the city.

The boom slowed down a bit in the early 20th century. Steubenville gained national attention, however, in 1926 when a new Panhandle bridge was completed and replaced the old bridge without interrupting traffic. And in 1928, the Fort Steuben Bridge was dedicated.

Communication during this period saw the opening of the first telephone exchange in 1881. A second telephone line was strung in the city ten years later by the Steubenville Phoenix Telephone Co. The Evening Star appeared in 1889, published by W.W. Mackay. It competed with the Western Herald until J.J. Gill organized The Herald Publishing Co. in the 1890s. He then purchased both the Western Herald and the Evening Star. The Herald Publishing Co. ran 4 newspapers in this decade: the Daily Evening Herald, Daily Morning Star, Weekly Herald and the Weekly Star. The Herald Star underwent a change in ownership in 1905, when C.D. Simeral organized a company and purchased the paper from Gill. J.P. Doyle retired as managing editor of the papers at this time and wrote his 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County in 1910.

The Steubenville Gazette (a UP dispatch) announced the end of World War I a week early in 1918. The Herald called attention to this false report and on November 11, 1918 officially announced the end. A new paper

appeared in 1926, the Steubenville Press, dedicated to the campaign to oust the city government heads. It quickly disappeared after the new regime took over, apparently having accomplished its purpose.

1930-1960: By this period, the interurbans had ceased operation due largely to the popularity of the automobile. Improvements in the city's traffic system took place during the period. In 1931 \$300,000 was approved to eliminate the "Rathole," a traffic bottleneck in the tunnel under the Pennsylvania Railroad. The state acquired the Fort Steuben Bridge for \$1,600,000 in 1936 and when revenues paid off the cost of the bridge, it became toll free. In the 1930s, Mrs. Virginia Gittings Hawkins became the city's first female pilot. Valley Motor Transit came to Steubenville and purchased a bus terminal site at 5th and Adams Streets for \$110,000. That same Transit company struck for a wage increase in 1945 and citizens were forced to find other means of transportation for 28 days. Parking meters were installed in 1947.

James Wilson, editor of the Steubenville Herald and Western Gazette, from 1815-1840s was elected to the Ohio Journalism Hall of Fame. Radio station WSTV opened in 1940 and the city introduced dial telephones when the new Bell Telephone Company on 5th Street opened its doors in 1941.

1961-present: There is no longer railroad passenger service in Steubenville but Greyhound and Trailways Bus Companies serve the city. U.S. Route 7 was improved through the city during this period and there is a new bridge under construction over the Ohio River.

J. TRANSPORTATION/COMMUNICATION

Address	Property Name	Bldg. No.
218 N. 5th St.	Ohio Bell	056
417 N. 5th St.	J. Mooney House	108
813 N. 4th St.	C.D. Simeral House	090
431 Franklin Ave.	Means House	140

TRANSPORTATION/COMMUNICATION

Although Steubenville has always been located along major transportation routes, the resources relating to this theme are very sparse. The only railroad related building within the study area is the partially demolished Panhandle Station on North Sixth St.

C. D. Simeral, publisher of the Herald Star, lived at 813 North Fourth St. in the late 1920s. It is included in the proposed district along North Fourth St. (see description under Commercial theme).

UNKNOWN THEME

Address	Name of Property	Bldg. No.
817 N. 5th St.		123
222 N. 4th St.		084
516 N. 4th St.	Orr House	072
475 Ross St.		120
N. 6th St.	3 houses s of Clinton	135

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER SURVEYS

In addition to this intensive survey of the central business district and the north end neighborhood, a reconnaissance survey of Steubenville was conducted by the Ohio Historic Preservation Office during the summer of 1985. Steubenville, with its important industrial, ethnic and commercial history, undoubtedly merits further intensive survey efforts. There are at least three areas that contain significant resources and should be surveyed at some point.

The remaining industrial buildings are very significant and many are endangered. The dramatic change in the economic base of Steubenville has left a number of buildings vacant or obsolete. They are scattered but tend to be located along the river or the railroad.

The south end neighborhood was once a fine residential area. Although a number of historic areas have been cleared, there are still some interesting residential structures dating from the mid-19th to the early 20th century. Also located in this neighborhood (bounded by Adams, Lincoln, Fourth and Sixth Streets) are the Carnegie Library and several fine churches.

Development on the hilltops overlooking the downtown began around 1900. Streetcars were built to make the new housing developments more convenient to the commercial and industrial areas of the city. Pleasant Heights (south of Market Street) and Belleview (north of Market St.) are the early 20th century neighborhoods in Steubenville. They include working class homes as well as the homes of the wealthy.

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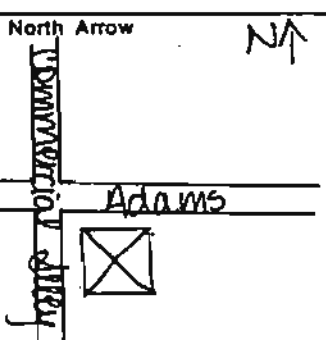
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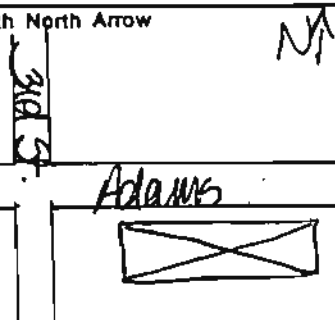


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) McKee Building		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location SE corner of Adams & Commercial Alley		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1905 (datestone in parapet)	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) McKee Building
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial/apartments	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 5	
		22. Present Use commercial/apartments	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532540 4467400		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This building appears to have been built in 2 sections with the westernmost 3 bays being the original. The other 2 bays were probably added within a short time after the original construction. The building is virtually intact with its recessed storefront, rusticated stone lintels, decorative brickwork at the cornice line and the name and datestone in the parapet.				
43. History and Significance William J. McKee owned a prosperous meat business in Steubenville. He was also very active in real estate and he managed a number of properties for himself and other family members. A 1910 history stated that he and his sister built "two fine flat buildings" on 4th and Adams Streets.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot, close to the sidewalk. It is immediately south of the heart of the Central Business District.				
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville and Jefferson County, City Directories 1910		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/95 49. Revision Date(s)		

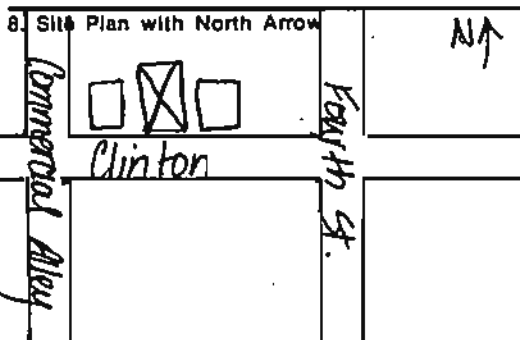


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Adams Street Rowhouse		
6. Specific Location 226-236 Adams		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material brick?	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent multi-family residence	33. No. of Bays Front 18 Side	
		22. Present Use multi-family residence	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Adams Street Rowhouse
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Interesting rowhouse constructed in three sections (due to the change in elevation) of 6 bays each. The most significant feature is the Eastlake-style canopy over each pair of entrances. Other decorative features include the segmental arched openings, and corbelled brickwork.				
43. History and Significance A distinctive building in a declining area adjacent to the downtown. It was built c. 1900, as an income-producing property. The period between 1900-1920s was one of population growth and tremendous building activity in Steubenville. This building is typical of multi-family working class housing of the period.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in an area southeast of the Central Business District. There has been a great deal of demolition in the immediate area.				
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, Ohio, 1902 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)	

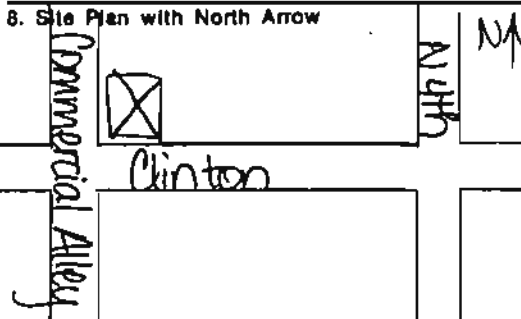


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 407 Clinton		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material concrete block (?)	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent apartments		33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side -	
		22. Present Use apartments		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Christine K. Schoppe 739 N. 6th St.		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 535990 4468320		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple early 20th century brick apartment house with a central entrance placed within a slightly projecting brick portico, plain stone sills, and stone in the cornice treatment and as coping on the parapet. The most notable feature on the building is the double wooden doors with beveled glass.					
43. History and Significance There were a number of apartment buildings constructed in the downtown and north end neighborhood of Steubenville between 1900-1930. This is a simple but well-preserved example of a multi-family dwelling from the c. 1910-20 period.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the sidewalk on one of the side streets in the north end. There are a number of single family dwellings in the immediate area.				5. Other Name(s)	
45. Sources of Information City Directories Sanborn Maps					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 12/85				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 413-415 Clinton		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532920 4468360		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent multi-family	33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 3	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use multi-family	34. Wall Treatment painted	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Well-constructed double house with 4 bay facade, shaped lintels over door and windows on facade, paired brackets in the cornice, and interesting cast iron ventilator grills in basement windows.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance Built as an investment property, this building features handsome details. It is one of a number of multi-family dwellings in the north end. It was owned by William McGowan (probably the grandson of William McGowan, founder in 1827 of the large wholesale grocery business that continued well into the 20th century).		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street with an alley directly to the north.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
45. Sources of Information Mueller's Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

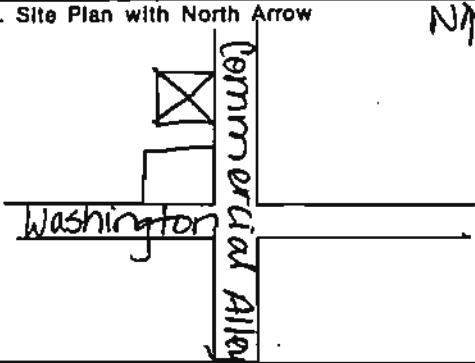


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 418 & 422 Clinton		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material concrete block 31. Wall Construction wood frame 32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532800 441683410		19. Architect or Engineer		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape irregular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use residence		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known Dike & Wilson's add'n lot # 15		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		5. Other Name(s)
26. Local Contact Person or Organization		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Identical pair of frame residences with narrow horizontal siding; projecting bay with decorative window sash, brackets on the eaves of the bay, and decorative front porch.				
43. History and Significance Built c. 1900 both buildings were owned by William Bullock, who was a stock dealer. These building were apparently built as investment property. They are good examples of investment property of the period.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the sidewalk along a side street in the neighborhood north of the central business district.				
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		54
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Steubenville Pure Milk Co.		
6. Specific Location 209 Commercial Alley		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532670 4467840		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side 3	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior poor	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The earlier section of this building may date from the mid-19th century. Its size was doubled by the addition of the north wing. An unusual feature is the second story porch.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance This building was pictured in a 1911 publication as the home of the Steubenville Pure Milk Co. It appeared to be old and in deteriorating condition at that time. The Steubenville Pure Milk Co. also had a distributing depot (c. 1905) at 411 Washington. The milk came from a 150 acre farm owned by Carl Mildner. Mildner also ran the Imperial Hotel and owned the Mildner Flats at 421-423 Washington.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located along Commercial Alley on the edge of the Central Business District.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
45. Sources of Information 1905, N.Y. Industrial Recorder 1911, Steubenville Chamber of Commerce		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 6/85		
49. Revision Date(s)		50. Other Remarks Steubenville Pure Milk Co.		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO 6. Specific Location 523 Commercial St. 7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	4. Present Name(s) Steubenville Tent & Awning 5. Other Name(s) 16. Thematic Category commercial 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920 18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent warehouse 22. Present Use commercial/warehouse 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Dike & Wilson's addn lot # 12 or 13 25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included 	1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Steubenville Tent & Awning 5. Other Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone 17 Easting 532840 Northing 4468350	28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material concrete block? 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 12 Side 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road 	1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Steubenville Tent & Awning 5. Other Name(s)
10. Site ☒ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒ 13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒ 15. Name of Established District 	42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This building was constructed in two sections with the southern-most half the oldest. It is a simple building with segmental arched openings and some 6/6 window sash.	5. Other Name(s)
43. History and Significance A brick warehouse with a frame addition is shown on the 1924 Sanborn Map and by the 1929 Sanborn this building appears at its present size. It was used as a butter & egg warehouse and is presently used by Steubenville Tent and Awning Co. 44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings This is an unusual building for this mainly residential area. It is located along Commercial St. (really an alley). Houses are located in front and face N. 5th St.		
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps, 1924 & 1929 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)



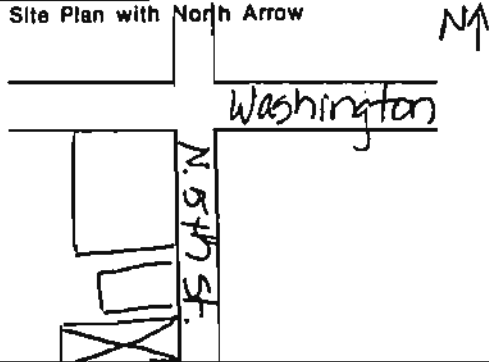
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

112

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 412-416 Dock		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2½	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1840s	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design vernacular	30. Foundation Material stone	4. Present Name(s)
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	5. Other Name(s)
		21. Original Use, if apparent double	33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 2+	
		22. Present Use double	34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☐	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #428	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4468100		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☐ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☐			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Yes ☐ Potent'l? No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This appears to date from the early-mid 19th century. The most distinctive feature is the bridged chimney at either end of the house. The south wing is a later addition as is the lacy two-dimensional woodwork on the porch.				
43. History and Significance This building is significant as one of the earliest surviving buildings in this late 19th early 20th century neighborhood. It was probably built as income producing property and had a number of owners (about which little information is available).				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street, it sits sideways on the lot.				
45. Sources of Information Beers, Atlas of Jefferson County, Ohio, 1871 mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1910 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 8/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) United Church of Christ		60	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church			
6. Specific Location 139 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category religion; ethnic/immigration		28. No. of Stories 2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1915 (1862) cornerstone		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Gothic Revival influence		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction limestone	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent church		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 7	
		22. Present Use church		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532570 4467740		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Large early 20th century church features rusticated limestone walls with smooth stone door and window surrounds. The entrance is located in the tower on the northeast corner of the building. Handsome stained glass windows are used throughout. A porte-cochere is located on the south side of the building. The vaulted ceiling, which features exposed trusses, and the pews are made of oak. The altar has the word "Heilig" which means "holy" in German carved					
43. History and Significance in it. A small chapel is located to the right of the sanctuary. Zion's German Lutheran Church was established c. 1860 and held services in the basement of the Second Presbyterian Church until they erected a brick building on this site in 1862. This church was built in 1915. The United Church of Christ moved to this building within the last 25 years.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a large lot on the edge of the Central Business District. Commercial buildings, apartments and parking lots in vicinity.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Susquecentennial, 1947 Edwin Alexander, Pastor		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 6/85		49. Revision Date(s)	

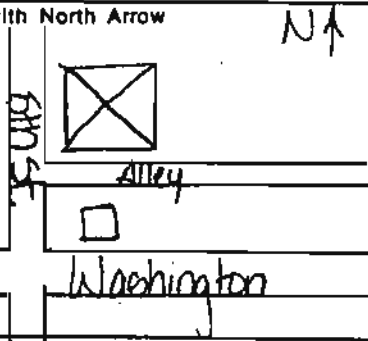
County
Jefferson

United Church of Christ

Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church (German)

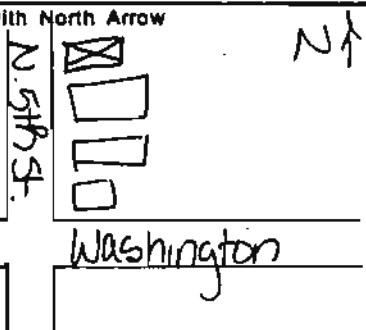


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Ohio Bell		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 218 N. 5th St.		18. Thematic Category transportation/communication	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1940	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Art Deco	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction	4. Present Name(s) Ohio Bell
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent offices	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 6	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532660 4467850		22. Present Use offices	34. Wall Treatment yellow brick facing	
Zone Easting Northing		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	5. Other Name(s)
15. Name of Established District			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Very simple treatment on this building includes the stone facing on the first floor and as surrounds on the central 3 bays, the entrance with carved stone decoration, stainless steel spandrel decoration and steel casement windows.				
43. History and Significance Bell Telephone Co. established the first telephone exchange in Steubenville in 1881. Bell Telephone had several locations including the second floor of the Johnson Building (replaced by The Hub) on Market St. and at 422 Washington. This building was constructed in 1940.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the northern edge of the central business district.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps City Directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 9/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 224-26 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N 5th St. 		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival influence		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532660 4467880		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent apartments/offices		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use same		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Brick building with central entrance enhanced by a terra cotta surround, a round arched window above the entrance, 6/1 windows, terra cotta cornice and parapet decoration and a shed roof on the facade.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This building first appeared in the 1921 City Directory and had both doctor's offices and apartments. Doctors A. & C. Sumseri were listed at this address for at least 20 years. It is a well preserved example of combination commercial/residential structures of the period.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a commercial area at the northern edge of the Central Business District.		28. No. of Stories 2		
45. Sources of Information City Directories		29. Basement? raised Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material brick		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		
		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 12		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape rectangular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

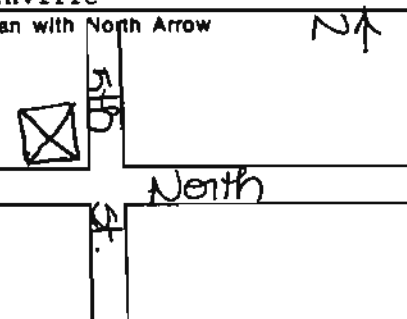
105

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		First Presbyterian Church		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s) Union Presbyterian Church		
6. Specific Location SW corner 5th & North		16. Thematic Category religion		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1925		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Gothic Revival influence		4. Present Name(s) United Presbyterian Church
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5321660 4468000		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) Union Presbyterian Church
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent church		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use church		37. Condition Interior ☐ Exterior ☒ good
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #273		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Significant features of this church include the central entrance with smooth stone surround, pointed arch openings with stained glass windows, a square corner tower with smooth stone beltcourses and battlemented parapet, and decorative stonework throughout. The rear wing appears to be a later addition but matches quite well. Noteworthy interior features include the ceiling with exposed roof trusses, and the large stained glass windows.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
43. History and Significance Union Presbyterian Church was organized in 1810. The met in a variety of locations until this lot was purchased. This is the third church to occupy the site. The first, constructed in 1838, was single story brick building that was enlarged in 1859. It was replaced in 1884 with a new one which cost \$20,000 to construct. This building was erected in 1925. It is one of several fine church buildings in the downtown area.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Occupies a prominent corner location on the north edge of the central business district.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Donald Clark, Pastor		46. Prepared by Nancy REcchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 8/85
		49. Revision Date(s)		





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Fifth St. Methodist Church
2. County Jefferson		Fifth Street Methodist Church		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s) First Methodist Protestant Church		
6. Specific Location NW corner 5 & North Sts		16. Thematic Category religion		28. No. of Stories 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material stone 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material hip & gable/compositio 33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape irregular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1902 cornerstone		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Romanesque Revival		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532640 4468040 Zone Easting Northing		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent church		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use church		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known McLaughlin & Rob't Add'n lot # 4		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Constructed of orange-colored brick on a rusticated stone foundation with a steeply pitched hip & gable roofline. Romanesque Revival features include the round arched openings and arcade on the north and east elevations. Other features include the rose windows on the north and east elevations, the corner tower with battlement and stone quoins and window surrounds. A 2-story wing of later construction is located on the northwest corner of the building.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This congregation was organized in 1830 as the First Methodist Protestant Church. Its first church building was constructed in 1831 on S. 5th St. and was replaced by a brick structure in 1853 (altered and now used as a synagogue). This building was completed in 1903 for a cost of \$50,000. It is one of several very fine churches located in downtown Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a transition area between the Central Business District to the south and a residential area to the north.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

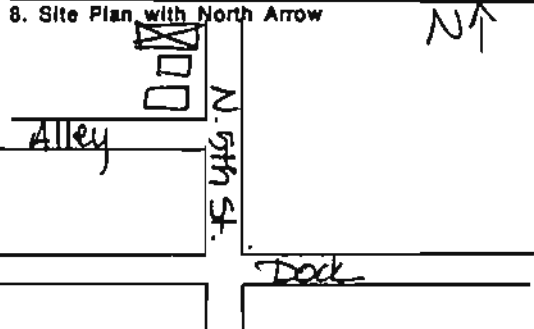


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		107	1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Martha Manor			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location		Jefferson County Home for Aged Women			2. County Jefferson
NE corner of N. 5th & Dock		16. Thematic Category commercial, pol/ref/welfare		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period before 1871		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material masonry	4. Present Name(s) Martha Manor
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction masonry	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
9. U.T.M. Reference		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side	5. Other Name(s) Jefferson Co. Home for Aged Women
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment stone facing	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape T-shaped	
10. Zone Easting Northing		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Orris Add'n lot #8		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior very good	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
15. Name of Established District				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The stone facing appears to be a later addition to this mid-late 19th century residence. The entrance is located in the central bay of the five bay facade. The windows are 6/1 with a band of frieze windows on the facade. An outstanding iron fence surrounds the large lot.					
43. History and Significance The 1871 atlas shows this house belonging to D. McConville, Sr., and it remained in the McConville family until 1927. Daniel McConville came to Steubenville from Ireland in 1851. He became a prosperous dry goods merchant and built the McConville Block (demolished) at 4th & Market Streets in 1866. McConville died in 1903 and his wife Martha continued to live her until her death in 1927. At that time her heirs donate the property to the Jefferson Co. Home for Aged Women, which had formed in 1924. It is known now as Martha Manor & still houses elderly women.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situated on a large corner lot. The yard is nicely landscaped and enclosed with a heavy iron fence. The area is mainly residential.					
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 1871 Atlas of Jefferson County Caldwell, History of Belmont & Jefferson Counties, 1880 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) J. Mooney Residence			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 417 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category transportation/communication		3. County Jefferson	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1850s			4. Present Name(s) J. Mooney Residence
		18. Style or Design I House			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer			
		20. Contractor or Builder			
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 468180		21. Original Use, if apparent residence			
		22. Present Use residence			
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		5. Other Name(s) J. Mooney Residence	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Oris Add'n lot #6			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒			
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		28. No. of Stories 2			
15. Name of Established District		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) One of the older houses in the neighborhood. It features a 5-bay facade with central entrance, 6/6 sash on the first floor level, 2/2 sash on other windows, later porch across the front. Several rear additions are later.		30. Foundation Material stone			
		31. Wall Construction brick			
43. History and Significance The 1871 atlas map showed this building as the residence of J. Mooney, who was a railroad conductor on the Steubenville & Indiana Railroad for at least 25 years. He still lived here in the 1890s. The building is significant as an example of mid-19th century residential architecture in this neighborhood dominated by late 19th and early 20th century styles.		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition			
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 1			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the street with a small, landscaped front yard. It is in the residential area directly north of the Central Business District.		34. Wall Treatment painted brick			
		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
45. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Atlas of Steubenville, 1902		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐			
		37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair			
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
48. Date 8/85		49. Revision Date(s)			





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Eleanore Giles Residence		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Boren-Giles Residence		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 418 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial; manu./ind.	28. No. of Stories 2½	4. Present Name(s) Eleanore Giles Residence
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1888	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction wood frame	
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Oliver Add'n lot # 11	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 117 532780 44681810		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☒ No ☐			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style frame residence with the following decorative features: horizontal siding on the first floor, shingle above with fishscale singles in the gables, colored glass panes on the transoms on the facade, double door entry, projecting bay on side with fishscale shingles and decorative brackets in the corners, craftsman style exposed rafter ends under the eaves and an Eastlake porch.				
43. History and Significance This is a very well preserved example of Queen Anne frame architecture in Steubenville. It was built during the 1880s and was shown as the home of Greenberry Boren, a brick manufacturer in 1895 & 1902 publications. It was also the residence of James B. Giles, a salesman, during the 1910s and early 1920s.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street on a narrow lot in the residential area of N. 5th St.				
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 7/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	

1. No.
2. County
Jefferson4. Present Name(s)
Eleanore Giles Residence5. Other Name(s)
Boren-Giles Residence



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Zion Temple Church		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location NE corner Logan & 5th St.		18. Thematic Category religion		4. Present Name(s) Zion Temple Church	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1902 cornerstone			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer			
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone 17 Easting 532830 Northing 4468360		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent church			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use church			
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Dike & Wilbon's Add'n 101 # 9			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒			
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
16. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
17. Name of Established District		28. No. of Stories 1 1/2			
18. Name of Established District		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
19. Name of Established District		30. Foundation Material stone (rusticated)			
20. Name of Established District		31. Wall Construction brick			
21. Name of Established District		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
22. Name of Established District		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 5			
23. Name of Established District		34. Wall Treatment			
24. Name of Established District		35. Plan Shape		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
25. Name of Established District		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐			
26. Name of Established District		37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior very good			
27. Name of Established District		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
28. Name of Established District		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
29. Name of Established District		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
30. Name of Established District		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
31. Name of Established District		42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The original building appears to have been rectangular with the entrance in a square corner tower. The painted arched openings are enhanced by stone surrounds and sills. A circular stained glass window is located in the gable. The north wing appears to be a later addition but is compatible in design and materials. Church not open when field work was being done.			
32. Name of Established District		43. History and Significance St. Stephen's Episcopal Congregation formed in 1896 out of dissension in St. Paul's Congregation (est. 1819). This site was purchased in 1898 and the building dedicated in 1903. The first listing for Zion Evangelical Church at this location was 1950. It is a handsome, well-preserved church building in Steubenville.			
33. Name of Established District		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a transitional area between the Central Business District to the south and a residential area to the north.		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
34. Name of Established District		45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories			
35. Name of Established District		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
36. Name of Established District		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		5. Other Name(s) St. Stephen's Episcopal Church	
37. Name of Established District		48. Date			
38. Name of Established District		49. Revision Date(s)			



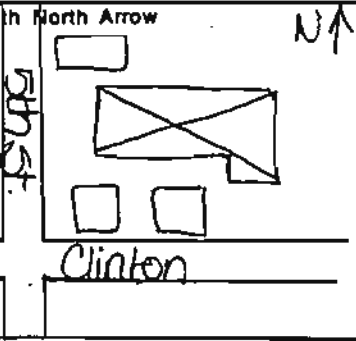


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)			1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		William May Residence			
8. Specific Location 539 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1840-50s		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate features added		30. Foundation Material stone/rusticated	4. Present Name(s) William May House
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 2	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known J Wilson Add'n lot #7		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 632860 4408360		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior ☐ Exterior fair ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. 7 No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This appears to be an earlier house with Italianate modifications. The house may date from the 1840-50s and is a simple brick I-house with central entrance with transom, bridged chimneys at either end and tall lower windows with shorter windows above. The projecting bay features windows with identical proportions on both levels. The brackets were also a later addition.					
43. History and Significance This residence appeared in the 1871 atlas with J.M. Layton as the owner (no information found about him). By the 1890s it had become the home of William May. It remained in the May family until at least the 1930s. William May was born in Germany and came to Steubenville in 1860. He was engaged in the clothing business for 30 years before he retired in 1903. He had two sons. L.W. May was a wholesale lumber (OVER.)					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot, with a very small front yard, in the residential area directly north of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information Mueller's, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 8/85					49. Revision Date(s)

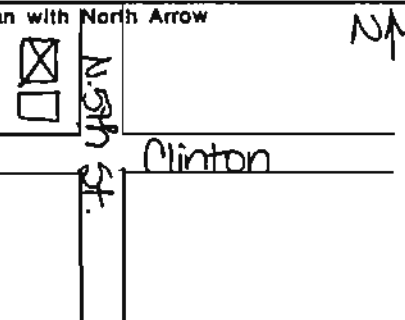


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Phillips Chapel		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Phillips Chapel
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Temple Beth-El		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
8. Specific Location N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category religion		2. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition 33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior good 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532880 4468400		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent synagogue		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use church		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
26. Local Contact Person or Organization		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three bay facade with stained glass windows and a central entrance recessed within three large arches, separated by stone Ionic Columns. A decorated parapet and central gable complete the composition. The side elevations are simple with stained glass windows and littler other ornamentation. Church not open when field work was being done.		43. History and Significance Temple Beth-el was organized in 1920 and built this synagogue shortly thereafter. It remained here until at least 1950. The Colored Methodist Episcopal Church (known as Phillips Chapel) organized in 1926 and met in several locations until it constructed its own church at 749 N. 7th St. in the late 1940s. It moved to this location some time within the past 30 years.		5. Other Name(s) Temple Beth-el
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a residential area of N. 5th St. just north of the Central Business District.		45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date 8/85		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 605 N. 5th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1850s		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532840 4468400		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s)
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use vacant		6. Other Name(s)
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hst. Dist.? No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Baker Wilson's add'n lot # 110		7. Other Name(s)
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		8. Other Name(s)
16. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The entrance is the outstanding feature on this building. It features an elaborate surround with pilasters and entablature. The transom and sidelights may still be intact. The 3-bay facade is quite simple with a later front porch and cornice brackets.		28. No. of Stories 2		9. Other Name(s)
43. History and Significance This building is unusual for this neighborhood because of its age and the elaborate entrance. It had a variety of owners including: M.L. Miller, druggist (1870-80), W.H. Harter, proprietor of Harter Jewelry & Loan Co. (1890s) and E.T. Stump, Metropolitan Insurance Company (c. 1913). It is an important element in the residential streetscape.		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the street in a densely developed late 19th-early 20th century neighborhood.		30. Foundation Material stone		10. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		31. Wall Construction brick		
46. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		11. Other Name(s)
47. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side		
48. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		34. Wall Treatment painted		12. Other Name(s)
49. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		35. Plan Shape rectangular		
50. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		13. Other Name(s)
51. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated		
52. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒		14. Other Name(s)
53. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐ neglect		
54. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		15. Other Name(s)
55. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
56. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		42. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		16. Other Name(s)
57. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		43. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
58. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		44. Date 8/85		17. Other Name(s)
59. Sources of Information Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 History of Jefferson County, 1880 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		45. Revision Date(s)		



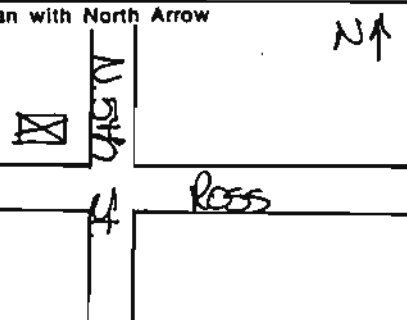
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Tilney Residence		
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
1 north of 609 N. 5th St.		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design Second Empire		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder		
21. Original Use, if apparent residence		22. Present Use vacant		
9. U.T.M. Reference		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		5. Other Name(s) Tilney Residence
Zone 117 Easting 532900 Northing 4468380		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known Dale & Wilson's add'n lot #19		
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒		14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		
15. Name of Established District		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material mansard/asphalt		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior poor
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
		42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome Second Empire residence with bell-cast mansard roof, decorative brickwork under the cornice line, decorated stone lintels, double entrance with transom, projecting bay on side and a leaded glass transom on a side window. The dormers are altered.		
		43. History and Significance Excellent example of Second Empire architecture in the area. The decorative brickwork is a distinctive feature. This home was listed as the residence of both W.M. Tilney and R. P. Tilney around the turn-of-the-century. R.P. Tilney was a clothier according to the Steubenville City directories.		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a densely developed block of N. 5th St.		45. Sources of Information City Directories Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 12/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

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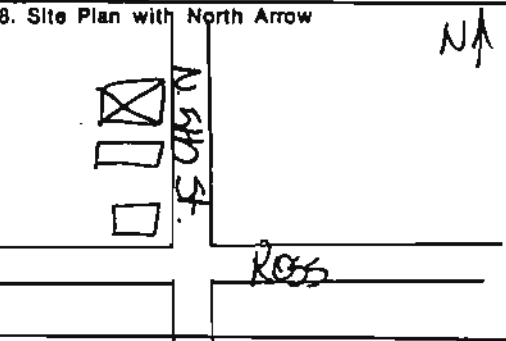
1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Spencer Residence		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 703 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category Politics/reform/welfare		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1860s		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Vernacular		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532890 44168520		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s) Spencer Residence
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use residence		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrew's add'n lot # 19		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Very simple 1 1/2 story with entrance in center bay of 5 bay facade, shaped lintels over the double hung windows and modest decorative bargeboards in the gable ends.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance The 1871 atlas shows this building as the residence of H.G. Spencer, a Justice of the Peace. He lived here until at least 1905. It is a very small and fairly early building for this neighborhood north of the Central Business District.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating on a corner lot with small front and side yard.		28. No. of Stories 1 1/2		
45. Sources of Information Jefferson County Atlas, 1871 History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1880		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 2		
		34. Wall Treatment painted		
		35. Plan Shape rectangular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		

Ohio Historic Preservation Office
1985 Verna Avenue
Columbus, Ohio 43211
614/466-1500



OHIO
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY
SINCE 1885

OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Mosel-Sherrard Residence			
6. Specific Location 719 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	
7. City or Town Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1910		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material brick	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532900 4468560		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 4	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use vacant		34. Wall Treatment	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrew's Add'n lot # 21		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple brick residence has an entrance with leaded glass transom and sidelights, a porch with paired columns, projecting bay on the south side, stone lintels & sills and brackets in the cornice.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance During the 1910s this was the residence of J.H. Mosel, a partner in the Mosel-Johnson Co. (wholesale grocers). By the 1920s Mrs. Robert Sherrard lived here. Robert Sherrard was an attorney and owner of the Sherrard, Mooney & Co. (a bank) and served as a state Senator. It is still referred to locally as the Sherrard house.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a residential area north of the Central Business District. It is setback slightly more than the others in the block.		45. Sources of Information City Directories Meuller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., Ohio		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	

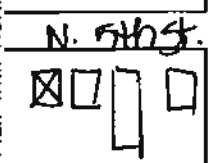


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)
	Cooper Residence

2. County Jefferson	5. Other Name(s)

Cooper Residence

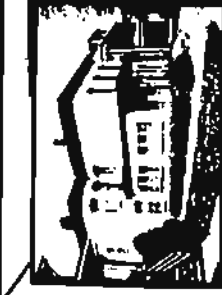
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	6. Specific Location	7. City or Town Steubenville	8. Site Plan with North Arrow	9. U.T.M. Reference	10. Easting Northing	11. On National Register?	12. Is it Eligible?	13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.?	14. District Potent'ly?	15. Name of Established District
	723 N. 5th St. (709 in 1902)				44168570	Yes ☐ No ☒	Yes ☐ No ☒	Yes ☐ No ☒	Yes ☐ No ☒	

18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2
17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
18. Style or Design Italianate	30. Foundation Material stone
19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick
20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition
21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side
22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment painted brick
23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular
24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrew's Add'n lot #22	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐
25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair
26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
	40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
	41. Distance from and Frontage on Road

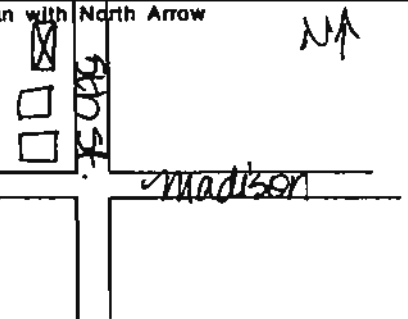
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate features include the entrance with transom, the shaped stone hoodmoulds over all the openings, one projecting bay on the side, a panelled frieze and paired brackets in the cornice. The enclosed porch was added later.	43. History and Significance This residence was owned by John W. Cooper from 1890s-1910. Cooper was in the lumber and building business in Toronto, Ohio. It was the residence of J.R. Barclay, a real estate agent, in the 1910s.
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44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street and part of a row of late 19th century residences.	45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories
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46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.
48. Date 7/85	49. Revision Date(s)

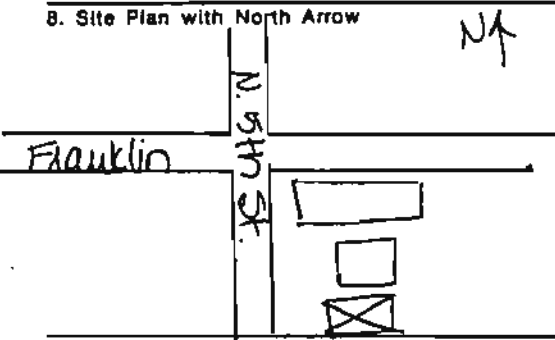


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 817 N. 5th St.	16. Thematic Category 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880 18. Style or Design vernacular w/Italianate influence 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent residence 22. Present Use residence 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	28. No. of Stories 1 1/2 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material stone 31. Wall Construction frame 32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition 33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape T-shaped 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s)	
9. U.T.M. Reference 117 532950 44 687000 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒ 15. Name of Established District	42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Simple single story 5 bay facade with projecting bay and porch added later. The building is covered with shiplap siding and the bay is decorated with brackets.	5. Other Name(s)	
43. History and Significance This residence had a number of owners and little information can be found about any of them. It is one of the few smaller scale houses in this neighborhood.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located fairly close to the street in a late 19th-early 20th century neigh'			
45. Sources of Information Atlas of Steubenville, 1947 City Directories	46. Prepa. Nancy K 47. Organizat B.D. Rick 48. Date 8/85 49. h.		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		124	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Bracken-Orr residence			
6. Specific Location 832 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1893		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip & gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's Add'n lot # 16		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532990 4468750		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style residence constructed of brick on a stone foundation with a slate roof. Irregular massing and plan, dormers, round arched windows, shingles in the gable, decorative chimney and decorative gable on the front porch are features typical of the period.					
43. History and Significance This house was built in 1893 and was the home of W.C. Bracken, the cashier and bookkeeper for Acme Glass Works. The building was featured in the 1897 Centennial Souvenir and this block of N. 5th was referred to as "Queen Anne Square." The 1902 atlas did not have any mention of this name. R.H. Orr, an insurance agent lived here in the 1910s-1920s. It is an excellent example of Queen Anne architecture in this neighborhood.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back slightly from the street with a landscaped yard. Located in a mainly residential area north of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information 1902 Steubenville Atlas 1897 Centennial Souvenir City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)	

1. No.

2. County
Jefferson

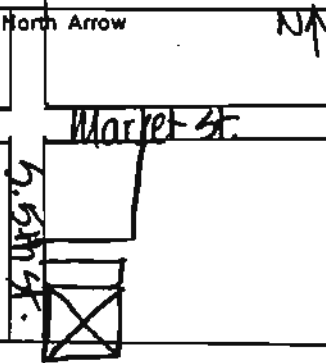
4. Present Name(s)

5. Other Name(s)
Bracken-Orr residence

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		2. County Jefferson	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				4. Present Name(s)	
6. Specific Location 836-838 N. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	
		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890s		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material brick	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent double residence		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side	
		22. Present Use double residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
9. U.T.M. Reference 117 533000 441687410		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's Add'n lot # 17		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Large brick double residence with the following features: rusticated stone beltcourse and lintels, central projecting bay with fishscale shingles and decorative bargeboard in the gable, and two highly decorative and original porches.					
43. History and Significance This building had a number of owners and residents through the years. It is significant as a good example of a double residence of this era. This block of N. 5th St. was referred to as "Queen Anne Square" in the 1897 centennial publication.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back from the street in a residential area north of the central business district.					
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories Centennial Souvenir, 1897				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 2/95	
				49. Revision Date(s)	

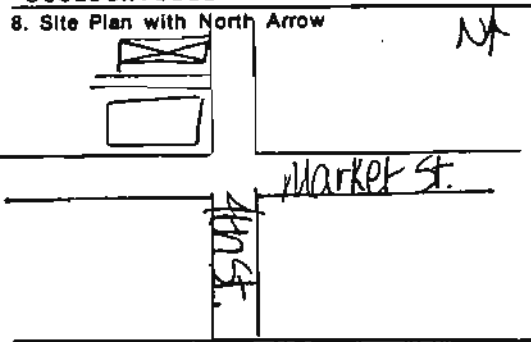


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) B'Nai Israel Synagogue		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location S. 5th St.		16. Thematic Category religion		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1850		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532540 44 67540		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s) B'Nai Israel Synagogue
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent church		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use synagogue		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hst. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
26. Local Contact Person or Organization		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
28. No. of Stories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
30. Foundation Material stone		31. Wall Construction brick		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		33. No. of Bays Front 1 Side 6		
34. Wall Treatment		35. Plan Shape rectangle		
36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This building was constructed in stages. The original portion dating from c. 1850 was a 3x6 bay brick building with Greek Revival/Romanesque Revival characteristics. The gable end faced the street. The bays on the side elevations are separated by pilasters. The facade, with round Star of David window within a brick arch, was added after 1947. Unable to see interior.				5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
43. History and Significance The Fifth Street Methodist Church was organized in 1831. This building constructed c. 1850, was the first church for this congregation. In 1902, they moved to a new building at 5th and North Streets. The B'Nai Israel Synagogue was formed in 1902 and purchased this building in 1903.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in the central business district of Steubenville. A cleared urban renewal area is across the street.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		5. Other Name(s) 5th St. Methodist Church
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 9/85		
49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Lincoff's Jewelers/Juvenile Shoe Shop		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 115-117 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1895-1900		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532660 4467620		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 5	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome brick commercial building features // windows with decorative stone lintels that are continuous; corner piers with finials and corbel brickwork cornice. It has very similar features to the building directly north. This was the site of the St. Charles Hotel in the 1880s. The Centennial Souvenir of 1897 mentioned a fire in this end of the block in 1893. It was probably built c. 1895. This was the location of Spies Jewelry for a number of years. W.G. Spies came to Steubenville in 1974. He was a descendant of a family of Swiss and German watchmakers. By 1880 he had started his own business. His store was in this building according to the Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in the heart of the Central Business District.		41. Distance Frontage		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn Maps City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		41. Distance Frontage 	
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 8/85	
		49. Revision Date(s)			

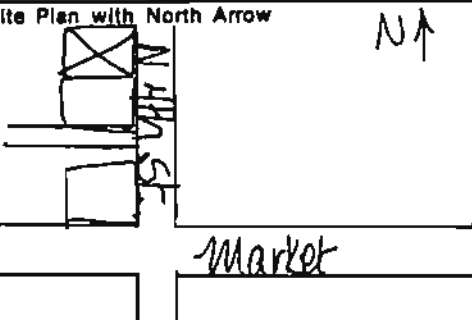
1. No.

2. County
Jefferson4. Present Name(s)
Lincoff's Jewelers/Juvenile Shoe Shop

5. Other Name(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Stephen Lamatrice, Atty. 5. Other Name(s) Caldwell & Son's Book Store	1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Stephen Lamatrice, Atty.
6. Specific Location 121 N. 4th St. 7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow  9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532680 4467640 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? 14. District Yes ☒ No ☐ Potent'l? 15. Name of Established District	16. Thematic Category commercial 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890 18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known 25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	28. No. of Stories 3 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side - 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior good 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This 3 story commercial building features continuous stone lintels (which are carved) and sills. The corner pilasters also have carved stone decoration. The cornice line is composed of corbel brickwork and corner pilasters terminating in finials. The lintels and decorative brickwork is very similar to its neighbors to the north and south. The storefront has been altered.		
43. History and Significance Although the street numbers were changed sometime between 1902-1910, it appears that this building was occupied by Caldwell and Sons Book Store around the turn of the century. It contributes to the late 19th-early 20th century character of the street-scapes.		5. Other Name(s) Caldwell & Sons Book Store
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial structures in the heart of the Central Business District.		
45. Sources of Information Muellers Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Centennial Souvenir of Steubenville, 1897 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		McKee Building		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		2. County Jefferson
120 N. 4th St.		commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1925		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		4. Present Name(s) McKee Building
		19. Architect or Engineer		
		20. Contractor or Builder		
9. U.T.M. Reference		21. Original Use, if apparent		5. Other Name(s)
17 532700 4467640		commercial		
Zone Easting Northing		22. Present Use		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		23. Ownership		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		Public ☐ Private ☒		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
15. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)				
The glazed terra cotta facade is the outstanding feature of this building. Classical detailing is extensively used in the spandrels, cornice and the pilasters between the central bays. The name appears below the cornice line. The storefront has been altered.				
43. History and Significance This is an excellent example of the use of glazed terra-cotta in Steubenville. It dates from the mid-1920s as do some of the other buildings that used the white terra cotta - most notable the Hub Building. William J. McKee was successful in the meat business and had extensive real estate holdings. His widow purchased this property in 1924 for \$271,500 and constructed the building. It is also significant as an important element on the N. 4th St. commercial streetscape.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings				
Located along N. 4th Street in the Central Business District of Steubenville.				
45. Sources of Information				
Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947				
City Directories				
Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910				
46. Prepared by				
Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization				
B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date				
7/85				
49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) 100F; Grumet's; Mechanics & Miners Bank 5. Other Name(s) Crumbine & Nichol
2. County Jefferson		IOOF; Grumet's; Miners & Mechanics Bank		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		
8. Specific Location		18. Thematic Category		28. No. of Stories
122 N. 4th St.		commercial; pol./social welfare		3
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material
		late 19th c. commercial		stone
9. U.T.M. Reference		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction
17 532700 4 676600		20. Contractor or Builder		brick
Zone Easting Northing		21. Original Use, if apparent		32. Roof Type & Material
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		commercial/lodge		flat/built up
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use		33. No. of Bays Front 7 Side
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		same		34. Wall Treatment
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
Three story brick commercial buildings with large round arched openings enhanced by brick surrounds; a recessed niche with a statue of Charity in the central bay and stone quoins. The cornice was removed, the storefronts altered and the openings filled with brick.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
43. History and Significance		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
The IOOF was formed in Steubenville in 1836 and met in several locations until this building was completed in 1873. Erwin & Robinson Bookstore and Crumbine & Nichol, both found c. 1870 were located here during the early 20th century.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings		45. Sources of Information		46. Prepared by
Located on N. 4th St. as part of a significant commercial streetscape.		20th C. History of Steubenville, 1910		Nancy Recchie
45. Sources of Information		46. Prepared by		47. Organization
20th C. History of Steubenville, 1910		Nancy Recchie		B. D. Blakely & Co.

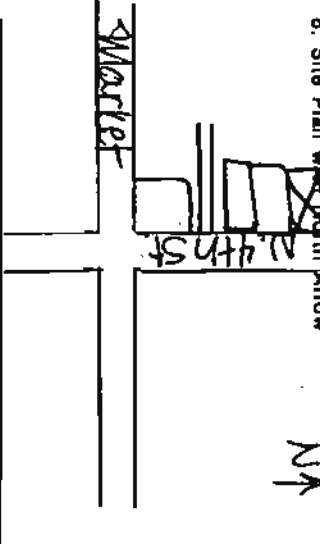
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

Ohio Historic Preservation Office
1985 Veima Avenue
Columbus, Ohio 43211
614/466-1500



OHIO
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY
SINCE 1895

28

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)		Professional Home Health & Home Care
2. County Jefferson	5. Other Name(s)		Gottman Building
3. Location of Negatives OHPO			
6. Specific Location 123 N. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category Commercial	17. Date(s) or Period 1886-1892	28. No. of Stories 3
7. City or Town Steubenville	18. Style or Design	19. Architect or Engineer	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	20. Contractor or Builder	21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	30. Foundation Material
	22. Present Use commercial	23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	31. Wall Construction brick
	24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 5330870 41617660	26. Local Contact Person or Organization	27. Other Surveys in Which Included	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side
10. Building ☒ Site ☐ Structure ☐ Object ☐	28. Other Surveys in Which Included	29. Endangered? By What?	34. Wall Treatment
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒	30. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	31. Distance from and Frontage on Road	35. Plan Shape rectangle
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐	32. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	33. Condition Interior fair	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒	34. Distance from and Frontage on Road	35. Condition Interior fair	37. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
14. District Potentially? Yes ☒ No ☐			
15. Name of Established District			

42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)
Narrow 3 story brick building with continuous decorative stone lintels, decorated end pilasters, corbelled brickwork and the name and date ("Gottman Building, 1886") in the cornice. Window sash and store-fronts have been altered.



43. History and Significance
William Gottman and Sons were merchant tailors and built a building in 1886. It suffered a fire in 1892 and was rebuilt immediately. This building is an important element in the N. 4th streetscape.

44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings
Located among a row of commercial buildings in the heart of the central business district

45. Sources of Information
Centennial Souvenir, 1897
City directories
Sanborn maps

46. Prepared by
Nancy Recchie
47. Organization
B.D. Rickey & Co.
48. Date
49. Revision Date(s)

5. Other Name(s)
Gottman Building

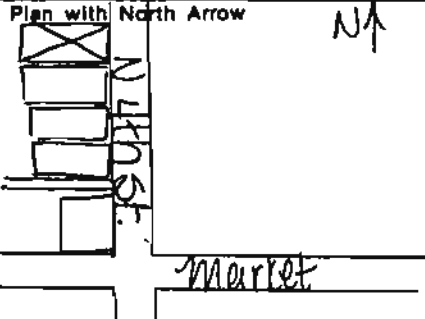
4. Present Name(s)
Professional Home Health & Home Care

2. County
Jefferson

1. No.



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Boy Scouts		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Coates Brothers/Bates & Whitman			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 135 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 4461700		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Altered Italianate structure with segmental and round arched windows with decorative metal hoodmoulds intact. The storefronts have been altered and the cornice was removed.				5. Other Name(s) Coates Brothers/Bates & Whitman	
43. History and Significance Significant as an element in the N. 4th streetscape. The street numbers in this block did not appear to be consecutive during the early 20th century so it is difficult to ascertain the businesses located here. It is believed that Coates Brothers (books, stationery, office supplies), established in 1898, was here in the 1920s and was taken over by Bates & Whitman and continued in this location until at least 1947.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a dense commercial row in the heart of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date 1985		49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Kidding Auto Store		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 140-142 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 535710 4467660		20. Contractor or Builder	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Kidding Auto Store
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side -	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
16. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple brick facade with pilasters separating the bays and a corbelled brick cornice line. The storefronts and some of the windows have been altered.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance This building is an example of turn-of-the-century commercial architecture in Steubenville. It contributes to the North 4th streetscape, which is the most intact commercial block in the central business district.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial structures in the heart of the central business district.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
45. Sources of information Sanborn maps City directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 9/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		





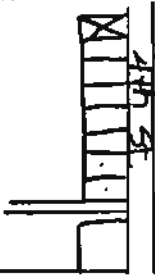
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

44

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) J. Drago & Son		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Zink's Furniture & Appliances		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 146-150 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 1 Side 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA Washington N U.S. Pkg X		18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532750 4467180 Zone Easting Northing		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		5. Other Name(s) Zink's Furniture & Appliances
14. District Potent'ly? Yes ☒ No ☐		15. Name of Established District		
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) May be late 19th century building with window alteration during the early 20th century. It possesses corbelled brick in the parapet like its neighbors to the north and south but is distinguished by the large expanses of glass. The storefront has been altered.				
43. History and Significance Zink's Furniture & Appliance Store was established in 1887 and according to the Steubenville Sesquicentennial, it was housed at 146-148 N. 4th St. from 1891-1945. The firm was purchased by H.G. Oliver of Maytag Sales in 1945. It contributes to the commercial character of N. 4th St.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a densely developed commercial street in the heart of the Central Business District.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Beerbower Building		
6. Specific Location 147-151 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1890	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side -	
		22. Present Use vacant	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Beerbower Building
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532690 4467100		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Brick commercial building with very decorative stone lintels, cornice with gabled section, name & date, and decorative woodwork, and an altered storefront.				
43. History and Significance Beerbower operated a novelty shop and constructed this building in 1890. It is a significant element in the N. 4th streetscape.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in the heart of the central business district.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn Maps, 1885-1929 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 9/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	

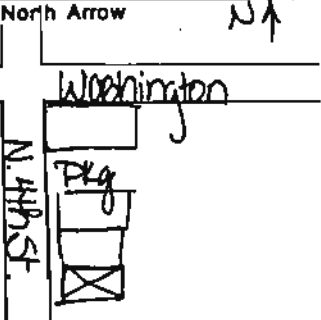


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Neurosurgical Clinic; Ace Optical		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		2. County Jefferson
153 N. 4th St.		commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		
		19. Architect or Engineer		
		20. Contractor or Builder		
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		
		22. Present Use commercial		
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
9. U.T.M. Reference		25. Open to Public?		4. Present Name(s) Neurosurgical Clinic; Ace Optical
Zone Easting Northing 17 532700 4467720		Yes ☒ No ☐		
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hst. Dist.? No ☒				
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)				5. Other Name(s)
Buff-colored brick building with windows placed within recesses and corbelled brickwork decoration. The storefront has been altered.				
43. History and Significance				
This building is an important element in the streetscape. The Sanborn maps showed this as B.L. Sharp's livery stable from 1900-1910s and indicated that a brick facade was added between 1902-1907.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings				
Located among a row of 3 story commercial structures in the central business district of Steubenville.				
45. Sources of Information				
Sanborn Maps. City directories				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		



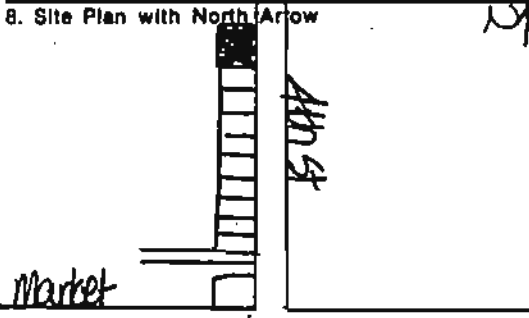
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 154 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design			
		19. Architect or Engineer		2. County Jefferson	
		20. Contractor or Builder			
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial			
		22. Present Use commercial		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒			
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known			
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone 17 Easting 532730 Northing 4467700		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		2. County Jefferson	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		28. No. of Stories 3		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		30. Foundation Material			
15. Name of Established District		31. Wall Construction brick		2. County Jefferson	
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up			
		33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side -			
		34. Wall Treatment painted		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs	
		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐			
		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair		2. County Jefferson	
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		4. Present Name(s) Cool's Hot Dogs	
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple treatment consists of bays separated by pilasters, stone lintels and sills, 1/1 windows and corbelled brickwork cornice. The storefront has been altered.				5. Other Name(s)	
43. History and Significance This building contributes to the late 19th-early 20th century character of the N. 4th streetscape. It housed Miller Millinery from c. 1905-1910s and Parlor Drug Store in the 1920s and 1930s.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in a densely developed block of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information City Directories				5. Other Name(s)	
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)				5. Other Name(s)	





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 155-159 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532710 4467720		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 9 Side -	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome glazed terra cotta facade features spandrels with urns and floral decoration, corinthian pilasters separating the bays, cornices above the storefront and below the parapet. The storefronts have been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance This is one of the best preserved examples of a terra cotta facade in the central business district. It is an important visual element in the N. 4th streetscape. This building has had many tenants including McCoy Shoes, which was founded in 1862 and was still in existence in 1947 in this building.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in a visually cohesive block of N. 4th St.			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City directories Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 9/85	49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Beneficial Financial Services		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Union Building & Loan		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 162-68 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1930	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Art Moderne	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Beneficial Financial Services
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side 4	
		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Union Building & Loan
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532740 4967750		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This 2 story building has a yellow brick facade which features a central raised parapet, pilasters with stylized Ionic capitals separating the 4 central bays and a stone cornice above the storefront. The storefront has been altered.				
43. History and Significance This is one of the later buildings in this commercial district. It was the Union Building and Loan in 1930 (inc. 1901) and they probably built the building. The upper floor was used as the Masonic Hall while the present lodge was under construction.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located along N. 4th St. A parking lot is located to the north.				
45. Sources of Information City directories Sanborn maps		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 9/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		

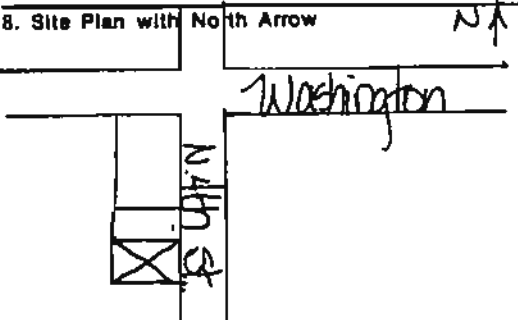


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Colonial Terrace		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
8. Specific Location 165-67 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Colonial Terrace
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 1	
		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☒	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532720 4467740		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate features include stone quoins and decorative stone lintels and corbelled brickwork beneath pressed metal cornice. The storefronts and second floor windows have been altered.				
43. History and Significance Built c. 1880, this building is an integral part of the N. 4th commercial streetscape. It housed a variety of businesses including: Helm's Plumbing, Meholin Grocer, Miner Drug Store and branch office of Steubenville Coal & Mining Co.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in the heart of the central business district.				
45. Sources of Information City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 6/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		

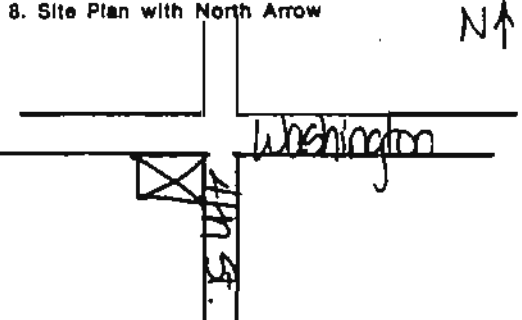


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Federal Terrace/Ed McCaulsen		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) McCaulsen's Florists			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 171 173 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side	
		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532750 4467740		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate commercial building with decorative stone lintels, quoins, corbel brickwork and metal cornice. It is nearly identical to the building just south of it. The storefront has been altered.				5. Other Name(s) McCaulsen's Florists	
43. History and Significance Significant as an important element of the N. 4th commercial streetscape and as the location of a long-lived Steubenville business. William G. Huscroft purchased a florist shop in 1880. He took his son-in-law, E.E. McCaulsen into the business with him and Mr. McCaulsen purchased the business in 1915. It has been in this location since the 1920s and is still in operation today.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a dense commercial block in the center of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 8/85	
				49. Revision Date(s)	

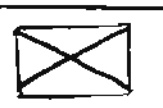


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Specht Block		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 179-89 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1885		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 632720 4467760		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s) Specht Block
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story brick commercial structure with windows grouped between pilasters, decorative stone lintels and corbelled brickwork. The corniceline has been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance Charles Specht was born in Germany in 1849, came to Steubenville in 1877 and began a bakery and confectionery. He built this business block in 1885. He was an active businessman until he sold his business in 1906. Mr. Specht owned several buildings in Steubenville. The Knights of Pythias rented space here from 1885 until at least 1910. This building is a visual landmark which marks the termination of the historic commercial streetscape along N. 4th St.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a highly visible location in the central business district.		28. No. of Stories 3		
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 5		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape rectangle		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		49. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

Ohio Historic Preservation Office
Ohio Historical Center
Columbus, Ohio 43211

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Fort Steuben Hotel	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)	
3. Location of Negatives Ohio Historic Preservation Office		41	
6. Specific Location SE corner of N. 4th & Washington Streets		16. Thematic Category commercial	
		17. Date(s) or Period 1920	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow Washington St. N 4th St. 		19. Architect or Engineer	
		20. Contractor or Builder	
9. Coordinates Lat. _____ Long. _____ U.T.M. Reference 17 532760 4467740 Zone Easting Northing		21. Original Use, if apparent hotel	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		22. Present Use vacant	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization Diocese of Steubenville	
15. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	
42. Further Description of Important Features The Fort Steuben Hotel is a handsome early 20th century, classically influenced, commercial structure. It is concrete frame construction with dark red brick and limestone facing and rises 9 stories in height. A top floor, which isn't visible from the Washington and Fourth St. corner was added in 1924. The first two stories form the base of the structure with large round arched windows along Washington and stone facing on the N. 4th elevation. The shaft consists of floors 3-7 which have a fairly (OVER)		28. No. of Stories 9	
		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		30. Foundation Material	
		31. Wall Construction Concrete frame (?)	
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 14	
		34. Wall Treatment	
		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
		37. Condition Interior poor Exterior very good	
		38. Preservation Underway? rehab planned Yes ☒ No ☐	
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
43. History and Significance The Fort Steuben Hotel was built in 1920 and was financed by the sale of stock. Prominent Steubenville businessmen including J.F. Nolan, F.D. Sinclair, J.T. Thompson, George Robinson, Harry Irons and John G. Belknap were involved in the development of the Fort Steuben. It was the largest and most elegant hotel in Steubenville until the last decade when it began to be used as apartments. It is a major visual landmark in the downtown area. It is undergoing rehabilitation for use as elderly housing.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in the Central Business District.			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Susquicentennial		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 6/85	49. Revision Date(s)

Jefferson

Fort Steuben Hotel

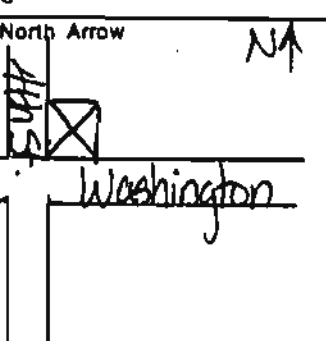
42. simple window treatment and the decorative elements are confined to the corners. The top two floors are accentuated by the stone beltcourse that divides it from the shaft; the paired columns; the cornice and parapet.

The interior public spaces include a two-story lobby and a grand ballroom. Classical columns and plaster detailing enhance these spaces.





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) U.S. Post Office		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 200 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category Politics/Reform/Welfare		28. No. of Stories 2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1925			29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Neo-Classical Revival			
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction steel frame?	
		20. Contractor or Builder			32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
		21. Original Use, if apparent post office			
		22. Present Use post office		34. Wall Treatment brick	
		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐			35. Plan Shape rectangle
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known			
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 632770 4467780		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple design for a post office. This building measures 8 by 10 bays with the central 6 bays on the facade projecting slightly. These same bays are placed within round-arched recesses and separated by pilasters. Other features include brick spandrels, stone cornice and parapet.					
43. History and Significance This is an important public building and is an excellent example of monumental Neo-Classical federal architecture in Steubenville. Although a "new" post office was planned to be erected shortly according to a 1911 publication, this was a vacant lot on the 1924 Sanborn map. Little information is available about its history but it did appear on a Sanborn map in 1929 for the first time.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a prominent corner lot in the central business district.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville; Industrial Center of the Ohio Valley, 1911 Sanborn maps					
		46. Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date 9/85			
		49. Revision Date(s)			

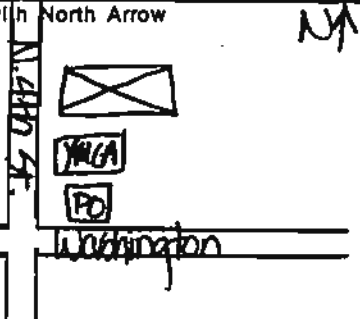


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Steubenville Health & Professional Center 5. Other Name(s) YMCA	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 214 N. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category politics/social welfare 17. Date(s) or Period 1908 cornerstone 18. Style or Design Neo-Classical influence 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent YMCA 22. Present Use offices 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	28. No. of Stories 4 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction steel frame (?) 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 8 34. Wall Treatment brick 35. Plan Shape rectangle 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior excellent	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s) Steubenville Health & Prof. Center	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4467800 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐ 15. Name of Established District	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	5. Other Name(s) YMCA	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Neo-Classical detailing on this 4story buff-colored brick building includes the symmetrical facade, rusticated base, pilasters separating the bays, stone cornice and frieze with "Young Men's Christian Association" in the stonework. Other features include the horizontal banding and decorative brick spandrels. The building was recently rehabilitated and is used for professional offices			
43. History and Significance The YMCA in Steubenville was active during two periods in the 19th century (1867-75, 1890) and then from 1904 to the recent past. This building was dedicated in 1909 and cost \$125,000 (including furnishings). The fund-raising effort was undertaken in 1907 and \$110,000 was raised in only 10 days. It is one of the most significant early 20th century buildings in the downtown. It is also significant in the			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings thematic area of political/social welfare institutions. Located close to the street and flanked by the Post Office & the First Christian Church			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) First Christian Church		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 220 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category religion		28. No. of Stories 2	
		17. Date(s) or Period 1892 cornerstone		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design Romanesque Revival influence		30. Foundation Material Stone	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4467850		21. Original Use, if apparent church		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 8	
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		22. Present Use church		34. Wall Treatment	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior good	
14. District Potent? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
15. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This church appears to have been built in two sections. The rear portion (c. 1860s) has Gothic Revival pointed-arch stained glass windows, brick piers and corbelled brickwork. The facade has unmatched corner towers, round-arched stained glass windows, a recessed central entrance with a rusticated stone surround and decorative brickwork. The sanctuary area follows the Akron plan (OVER)					
43. History and Significance The Disciples of Christ were organized in 1830 and built their first church in 1844. They moved into the former Second Presbyterian Church in 1872. (The Second Presbyterian Church was organized in 1838 and merged with the First Presbyterian Church to form Westminster Presbyterian Church). The older portion of this building dates from the 1860s. The facade was constructed in 1892. It is a handsome church and an important element in the streetscape.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in the transitional block of N. 4th between the commercial district and the residential area. The YMCA is located south of this building and a parking lot is to the north.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Shade Ashley, Pastor					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 9/85					
49. Revision Date(s)					
5. Other Name(s)					



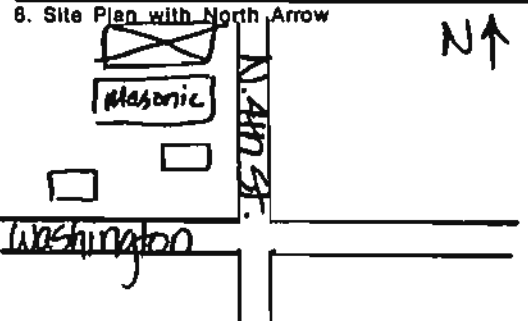


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) 36 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 227 N. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category political/social welfare 17. Date(s) or Period 1930 (cornerstone); 1931 (ded.) 18. Style or Design Neo-Classical Revival 19. Architect or Engineer Fred H. Clarke 20. Contractor or Builder Guy Johnston Co. 21. Original Use, if apparent lodge 22. Present Use lodge 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	28. No. of Stories 3 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☒ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction steel frame 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 5 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s)	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 530 740 446 7830 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒ 15. Name of Established District	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	5. Other Name(s) Masonic Lodge	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story steel frame building with stone facing. The design is Neo-Classical Revival and details include a raised first floor level with a central entrance; engaged Ionic columns separating the central bays on the upper floors; central windows with pediments; a cornice line with parapet above; and the name in the frieze. The rear wing is brick construction. The scale is monumental.			
43. History and Significance The first Masonic Lodge was formed in Steubenville in 1817. In 1914 they acquired a site on Fifth St and sold it in 1916 to purchase the present site on N. 4th. This building was dedicated in 1931. It is an excellent example of the Neo-Classical Revival style in Steubenville.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the northern edge of the Central Business District. The building is close to the street without a setback.			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County 1910		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)	

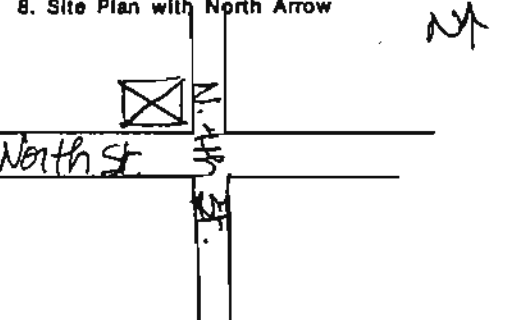


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Westminster Presbyterian Church		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 235 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category religion	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1914 cornerstone	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Gothic Revival influence	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction stone	4. Present Name(s) Westminster Presbyterian Church
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/tile	
		21. Original Use, if apparent church	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 10	
		22. Present Use church	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532740 4467860		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior <u>excellent</u>	
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact 	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Survey	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Impressive stone church with Gothic Revival inspired detailing including: pointed arch stained glass windows and openings, identical towers with gothic stone decoration. Other notable features are the entrances with smooth stone surrounds and double wooden doors, buttresses with decoration above the cornice line and a tile roof. The sanctuary features an arched ceiling which rises to a height of 40-50' and a choir loft is located at the rear.				
43. History and Significance The First Presbyterian Church was established in Steubenville in 1800 and erected their first church during the early 19th century. In 1872 they moved into a new building on this site. The building was constructed in 1914 following the merger of the First and Second Presbyterian Churches. It is one of the most impressive buildings in the downtown area.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street between the Masonic Temple (south) and a parking lot (north)				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Leroy Dillener, Pastor		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		

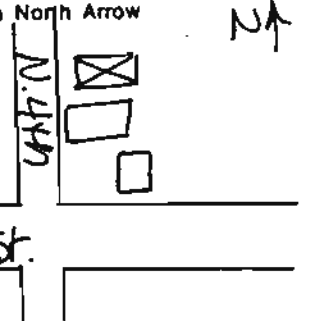


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		62	1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		Calvary United Methodist Church			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s) Hamline Methodist Church			
6. Specific Location 301 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category religion		28. No. of Stories 2	4. Present Name(s) Calvary United Methodist Church
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1892 cornerstone		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Richardsonian Romanesque infl.		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction stone	5. Other Name(s) Hamline Methodist Church
		20. Contractor or Builder Floto Brothers		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent church		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side //	
		22. Present Use church		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #417		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532800 4467980		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒					
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)					
Handsome stone edifice with a corner entrance tower, rose window in the gable, round arched openings, decorative carved stonework. The carved stonework is Richardsonian in design. Other details include the turret in the northeast corner and numerous stained glass windows. It is a visual landmark on N. 4th St. (OVER)					
43. History and Significance					
Calvary Methodist Church formed in 1945 when the congregations of Hamline Methodist and First Methodist Episcopal Churches voted to merge. Hamline Methodist Church was established in 1845 when the First Methodist Church divided. This building was constructed in 1892 and became the home of the merged congregations in 1945.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings					
Located on a corner lot in a transitional area between the Central Business District to the south and a residential area to the north.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Ronald W. Hopkins, Pastor				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 6/85	
				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)		64	1. No.
2. County Jefferson	Community Chest			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 306 N. 4th St.	Elliott-Leach residence			
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville	16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2½	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	4. Present Name(s) Community Chest
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	17. Date(s) or Period 1893	30. Foundation Material stone	31. Wall Construction brick	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532840 4468000	18. Style or Design Queen Anne	32. Roof Type & Material hip/slate	33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 5	5. Other Name(s) Elliott-Leach residence
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐	19. Architect or Engineer	34. Wall Treatment	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒	20. Contractor or Builder	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐	21. Original Use, if apparent residence	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒	22. Present Use offices	40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒	23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne characteristics include irregular massing and roofline, variety of window shapes and sizes, corner turret with conical roof, decorative brickwork and shingled siding, extensive use of stained glass, and contrasting stone lintels, sills and porch columns.		
15. Name of Established District	24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #407	43. History and Significance Dr. Andrew Elliott, a physician, built this residence in 1893. He died a few years later and it was the home of his widow during the first few years of the 20th century. It was the home of W. Leach, a realtor and a director of the Commercial National Bank, during the 1910s. It was featured in the <u>Centennial Souvenir</u> , 1897.		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a mixed use residential/commercial neighborhood north of the Central Business District.		45. Sources of Information 1902, <u>Atlas of Steubenville, Ohio</u> Doyle, <u>20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County</u> , <u>Centennial Souvenir</u> , 1897		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

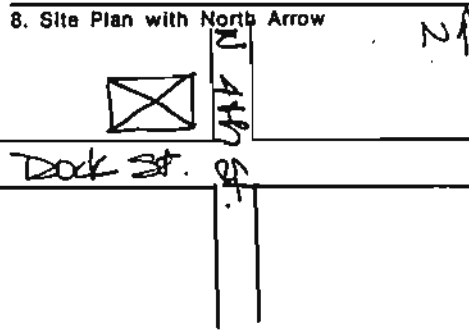


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Donnan Residence			
6. Specific Location 319 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		26. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 2	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #400		36. Changes Addition ☐ (Explain in #42) Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532820 44168020		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒					
14. District Potent? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Simple early 20th century residence with some Colonial Revival details including: central entrance with sidelights, multi-pane windows (10/1 downstairs and 8/1 above), stone lintels with key-stones and dentils and modillion blocks on the cornice and front porch.				5. Other Name(s) Donnan Residence	
43. History and Significance This building was built after the 1902 map was published. In 1905 it was the residence of J.P. Donnan, an attorney, and probably the first resident. It is a well-preserved example of a house from this period along N. 4th St.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings The home is set back from the street with a small front yard enclosed with an iron fence. It is located in a mixed residential/commercial area of N. 4th St.					
45. Sources of Information Mueller's Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City directories				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 9/85	
				49. Revision Date(s)	

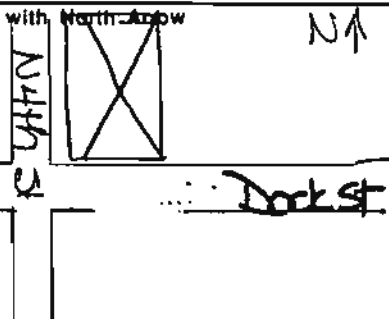
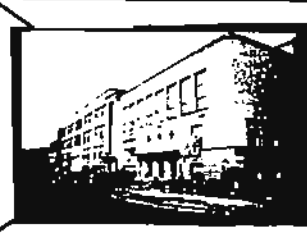


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		66		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)					2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		King-Frederick Apartments					
6. Specific Location 403 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3		4. Present Name(s) King-Frederick Apartments	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1927		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Tudor Revival		30. Foundation Material		5. Other Name(s) King-Frederick Apartments	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532960 4467100		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick			
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent apartments		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3			
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use apartments		34. Wall Treatment			
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #423		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐			
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior excellent			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story brick apartment building with a central entrance surrounded by carved stone. Spandrels, quoins, beltcourse, and parapet decoration are also stone. Windows are double hung 6/1 and the light fixtures are original.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
43. History and Significance This building was constructed in 1927 or 1928 by Frank S. King, Sr., who founded King Realty & Insurance Co. in 1908. He built five apartment houses including this one and Washington Square on N. 5th St. He also developed Buena Vista Heights, Country Club Estates and Richmond Terrace. It is a good example of the well-constructed apartment houses of the period in downtown Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot across from Steubenville High School and next to St. Peter's Catholic Church.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
45. Sources of Information City Directories Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn Maps. 1929		47. Organization B. D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
		48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)			



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Steubenville High School		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) "Big Red"		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category education	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1940	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Art Deco	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction steel frame	4. Present Name(s) Steubenville High School
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent school	33. No. of Bays Front 13 Side 7	
		22. Present Use school	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) "Big Red"
		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Board of Education lot #411	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☒	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532900 4468120 Zone Easting Northing		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Art Deco styled building faced with orange & yellow brick with limestone entrance surrounds. Horizontal bands in contrasting brickwork accentuate the raised basement level; stylized columns, circular windows, decorative grillwork, doors & light fixtures are incorporated in the entrance.				
43. History and Significance This building is probably the best remaining example of Art Deco architecture in Steubenville. It is very well preserved and retains many of its original features - doors, light fixtures, etc. It was completed in 1940 at a cost of \$900,000. The Stanton St. School (built 1873) was demolished in 1937 to make way for this building.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the sidewalk, it occupies an entire block on N. 4th St.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Susquicentennial, 1947				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 8/85				
49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) St. Peter's Catholic Church			1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)				2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO						
6. Specific Location 425 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category religion; ethnic/immigration		28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) St. Peter's Catholic Church 5. Other Name(s)	
7. City or Town Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1907 - dedicated		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Romanesque Revival		30. Foundation Material		
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction stone		
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		
		21. Original Use, if apparent church		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 6		
		22. Present Use church		34. Wall Treatment smooth coursed ashlar		
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape Latin Cross		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot # 428		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☐		37. Condition Interior excellent Exterior excellent		
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		27. Other Sur 		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532860 4468180				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
Zone Easting Northing				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐						
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District						
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) St. Peter's is probably the largest church in Steubenville. It has a symmetrical facade with a central entrance flanked by paired columns and side entrances, a large round-arched window, twin towers with round arched openings and domed roofs topped by crosses. The side elevations feature large arched stained glass windows and gabled side wings. A large dome decorated with classical detailing and topped with a cross completes the design. (OVER)						
43. History and Significance This is one of the most architecturally significant buildings in Steubenville, as an outstanding example of early 20th century ecclesiastical architecture. It is the home of the oldest Catholic parish in the city. It was established in 1832 as St. Pius and the first church was located at 4th and Logan Streets. In 1853 it was replaced by another church and finally with the construction of St. Peter's in						
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings 1907. St. Peter's has traditionally been considered an Irish parish. Located close to the street on a corner lot in the residential area north of downtown. A playground/parking lot is located to the south and Big Red High School is across the street.						
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
		48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

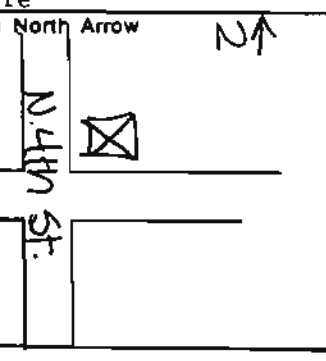
The interior of St. Peter's was recently rehabilitated. It features two side altars flanking the central altar. A contemporary fresco painting is located behind the main altar. The dome lends a grand scale to the interior.

42. (Cont'd)

50. House Type No.					
Code No.	Name				
51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies					
Barn Type(s)	Code No.	Type			
Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Silo ☐ Smoke House, Spring House or Ice House	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Summer Kitchen	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Other					
52. Archaeological Site on Property?					
Yes ☐	No ☐	Basis for Information			
☐ Owner Collection ☐ Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐ Cultural Materials Noted					
QAI No. _____					
53. Farmstead Plan					
F.	.	.	.	.	.
G.	.	.	.	.	.
H.	.	.	.	.	.
I.	.	.	.	.	.
J.	.	.	.	.	.
K.	.	.	.	.	.
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54. Photo Roll No. _____ Picture No(s) _____					



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

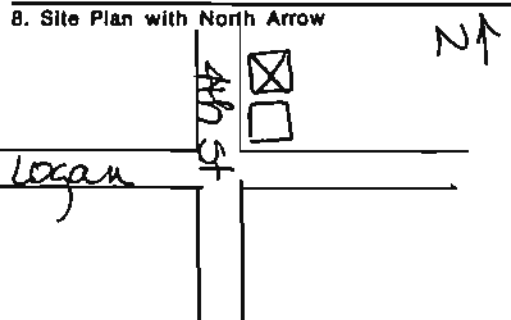
1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		69	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		S.J. Anathan Residence			
6. Specific Location 502 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category Commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1915		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N 4th St. 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material brick	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction wood frame	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 3	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532920 4468200		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hobship's Add'n lot # 18		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
Zone Easting Northing		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Late Queen Anne treatment includes irregular massing; narrow horizontal siding and shingles; variety of window shapes and sizes; extensive use of leaded glass; decorative brick chimney; projecting bay and a porch across the front. The leaded glass transom and side-lights around the entrance are especially noteworthy.					
43. History and Significance This house was built between 1913-1915 by S.J. Anathan, one of the founders of The Hub Department Store. The Hub opened in 1904 as a small men's clothing store on the southwest corner of 5th and Market Sts. In 1909 it moved across the street and expanded in 1922 to include a 60' storefront on Market St. A new building and warehouse were completed in 1924. The Hub was a major Steubenville institution until it closed within the past 15 years. (See OHIO #45)					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a small corner lot along N. 4th St., which was one of the finest residential streets in Steubenville.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Susquecentennial, 1947 City Directories Barst's Real Estate Atlas, 1902					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 6/85 49. Revision Date(s)					



S.J. Anathan Residence



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Chandler Residence		
6. Specific Location 504 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1915		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532940 4468500		19. Architect or Engineer		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		30. Foundation Material brick
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		31. Wall Construction frame
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use vacant		32. Roof Type & Material gale/slate
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 3
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Addship's Add'n Lot # 18		34. Wall Treatment Roman Brick
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome Queen Anne style residence with the following features: projecting bay in front, rounded porch with conical roof on the second story, entrance with sidelights and shingle siding in the gable. The original slate roof is intact. The porch columns have been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
43. History and Significance This building was not shown in the 1902 atlas and the address does not appear in a city directory until 1915. It was the residence of E.C. Chandler, a dentist, in 1915. Dr. H.C. Minor, a surgeon, lived here during the 1920s. It is an interesting building and a late example of the Queen Anne style in this neighborhood.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating very close to the street, it is an important element in this section of the N. 4th St. streetscape.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		5. Other Name(s) Chandler Residence
45. Sources of Information 1902 Steubenville Atlas City Directories		47. Organization		
		48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Taggart-Spencer Residence		
6. Specific Location 506 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1870		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N ↑ 12465 Logan		18. Style or Design Italianate		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532940 441682160		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use office		5. Other Name(s) Taggart-Spencer Residence
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hodships Add'n lot # 19		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fine frame Italianate building with shiplap siding, a central projecting bay with paired round-arched windows, double door entrance with transom, double hung windows (many with original sash), and an outstanding porch across the front.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This is a very well preserved example of frame Italianate architecture in Steubenville. It was shown on the 1871 atlas map as the home of J. Taggart. There was a J. Taggart in the wallpaper business during the 1870s and it probably was the same individual who owned this house. By the early 20th century, it became the residence of Thomas P. Spencer, an attorney. It remained in the Spencer family until at least the 1960s.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a mixed residential/commercial area of N. 4th St.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		7. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information F.W. Beers, Atlas of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1871 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1880 City Directories		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Orr Residence		
6. Specific Location 516 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1875		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N 4th St. Clinton + ⊗		18. Style or Design Italianate		
		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder		
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) Orr House
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hedehip's Add'n Lot # 22		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532950 4468360		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		28. No. of Stories 2		7. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		30. Foundation Material stone		
15. Name of Established District		31. Wall Construction brick		8. Other Name(s)
		32. Roof Type & Material hip		
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 3		
		34. Wall Treatment		9. Other Name(s)
		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		10. Other Name(s)
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		11. Other Name(s)
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome Italianate structure with stone quoins, decorative stone lintels, paired brackets in the cornice and panelled frieze. The porch (later) has simple fluted Doric columns and the entrance was altered.				
43. History and Significance This residence was owned by Charles Orr during the late 1890s and remained in the Orr family until at least 1940. No information was found about Charles Orr. This is an excellent example of Italianate architecture in this neighborhood and it is an impor- tant element in the streetscape.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street with a small front yard. The Holy Resurrection Orthodox church is located to the north.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps City directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

73

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Holy Resurrection Eastern Orthodox Church		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 530 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category religion/ethnic	28. No. of Stories 1	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1947	29. Basement? raised Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N↑ Clinton N. 4th school		18. Style or Design Romanesque Revival influence	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532 970 44 682600		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Holy Resurrection Eastern Orthodox Church
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent church	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 4	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use church	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Holdship's Add'n 101 #24	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	5. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This church is constructed of buff-colored brick with smooth limestone trim around the entrance and windows. The entrance features a round arched opening with decorative stonework and short columns. Other openings are also round-arched with stained glass. The bell tower is mounted on the ridge of the central gable. Corbelled brickwork accentuates the cornice line. The interior plaster walls are painted to resemble marble and as is traditional in Eastern		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance (OVER) Built in 1947 for the Serbian Orthodox congregation, it is one of the newest church buildings in downtown Steubenville. It was formed as an ethnic church and still draws its congregation from a large geographic area (East Liverpool-Wheeling). This church is one of the visual landmarks along N. 4th St. The congregation was formed in 1906 in Mingo-Junction, where the members met in a Presbyterian Church. The Serbian population began		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings (OVER) Set back from the street with a large front and side yard.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information City Directories Father Sokolovic		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
46. Sources of Information City Directories Father Sokolovic		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		49. Revision Date(s)		5. Other Name(s)
49. Date 9/85		50. Revision Date(s)		
50. Revision Date(s)		51. Revision Date(s)		

50. House Type No.

Code No.	Name
_____	_____

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No.	Type
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Corn Crib or Shed ☐	Smoke House, ☐	Privy ☐
Silo ☐	Spring House	Carriage House ☐
Summer Kitchen ☐	or Ice House	

Other _____

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐

No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐

Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐

Cultural Materials Noted ☐

QAI No. _____

Cultural Materials Noted ☐ OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

54. Photo
Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

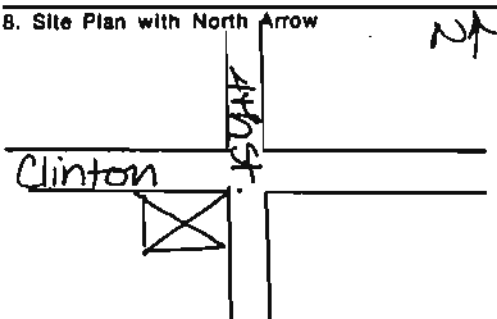
Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

Orthodox Churches, the altar faces east. An ikonostas, made of wood and featuring paintings on canvas, separates the altar from the main body of the church.

to decrease due to the closing of a steel mill and a site in Steubenville was selected for a new Serbian center.



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		74		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)				
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Dohrman Residence				
6. Specific Location Southwest corner 4th & Clinton		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1870		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone		4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532940 44168320 Zone Easting Northing		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick		
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/asphalt shingle		5. Other Name(s) Dohrman residence
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use vacant		34. Wall Treatment painted		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Dike & Wilson's Add'n lot # 8		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate characteristics include windows with stone hoodmoulds, entrance with transom and sidelights, paired brackets, projecting bay on sides.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒		
43. History and Significance This building is shown on the 1871 atlas. It was the home of Horatio Dohrman and later his wife for a number of years around the turn of the century. Mr. Dohrman was the cashier of the Union Deposit Bank and served on the original Board of Directors for the Carnegie Library (1899-1910). He was also involved in the incorporation of the Steubenville Country Club and served as secretary of the River Sand Co. of Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings This residence is located on a corner lot in a mixed use area of N. 4th St. A 2-story frame outbuilding is located within a few feet of the rear of the house.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
45. Sources of Information 1871 Jefferson County Atlas 1902 Atlas of Steubenville City Directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville and Jefferson County,		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐Silo ☐Summer Kitchen ☐Smoke House, ☐

Spring House

or Ice House

Privy ☐Carriage House ☐Other

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐No ☐

Basis for information

Owner Collection ☐Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐Cultural Materials Noted ☐OAI No.

53. Farmstead Plan

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54. Photo

Roll No.

 Picture No(s).

42. (Cont'd)

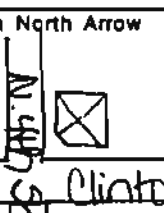
43 continued:

This is one of the finest Italianate residences in this north end neighborhood.



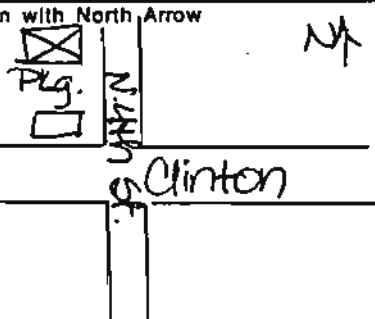
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

75

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Walter Johnson - Judge Hooper residence			
8. Specific Location 600 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial; politics/reform/wel.		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890s		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hodship's bldg 101 # 25		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532980 4468340		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Interesting brick residence with an irregular roofline, stone lintels and sills, eaves with decorative bargeboards and the most significant feature - the corner entrance with Eastlake-style porch.				5. Other Name(s) Walter Johnson-Judge Hooper residence	
43. History and Significance This building is exceptionally well maintained and is an excellent example of the type of fine residences built along N. 4th St. It was built by W.O. Johnson, secretary and treasurer of the Masel-Johnson Co., wholesale grocers. It was also the residence of Arthur L. Hooper, Common Pleas Judge. Judge Hooper's widow still lives here and she stated that the building has been in the same family since it was built.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot with a nicely landscaped yard. It is located in a mixed commercial/residential area of N. 4th St.					
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, City Directories 1910 Atlas of Steubenville, 1902					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.E. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 7/85				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)		77	1. No.
2. County Jefferson	McClave Funeral Home			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location 611 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial,manuf./industry	28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1910	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) McClave Funeral Home
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material hip/shingle	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use funeral home	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Mansfield-Hennings residence
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrew's Add'n lot # 5 McClave Funeral Home	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532960 4468380		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Outstanding N. 4th St. residence constructed of brick with an enormous 2-story portico. The entrance is located in the central bay of the symmetrical facade. Leaded glass is used extensively and the glass in the entrances is especially noteworthy. Other features include the Palladian window above the entrance, the wide eaves and the rusticated stone lintels.				
43. History and Significance This building is significant as an outstanding example of early 20th century housing along what was the finest residential street in Steubenville. It is very well maintained and largely intact. Built c. 1905-1910, it was the residence of the Honorable John A. Mansfield, senior partner in the firm of Mansfield & Merryman and a former probate judge. It became the home of A. Joseph Hennings during the 1930s. Mr. Hennings was president of the Chicago Wall Paper Co. The company was founded in 1899				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings			(OVER)	
Located in a mixed commercial/residential area directly north of the Central Business District.				
45. Sources of Information 1902 Atlas of Steubenville, Ohio City Directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐Silo ☐Summer Kitchen ☐Smoke House, ☐

Spring House

or Ice House

Privy ☐Carriage House ☐

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐Cultural Materials Noted ☐

OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

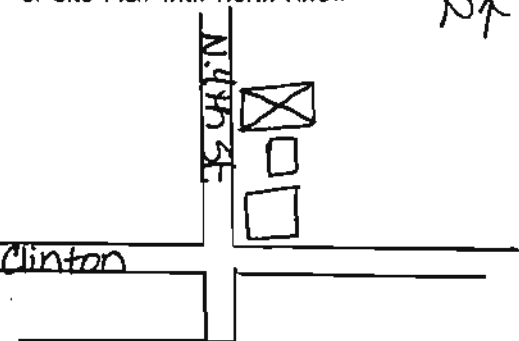
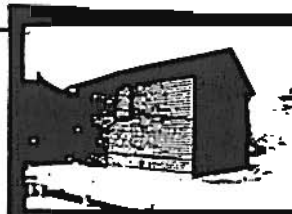
42. (Cont'd)

43 continued:

in Chicago by Mr. Hennings. In 1905 he purchased the Steubenville Wall Paper Co. and operated it as a branch of the Chicago plant until 1909 when the headquarters was moved to Steubenville. McClave Funeral Home, which has been located here since the 1940s, was founded in 1895.

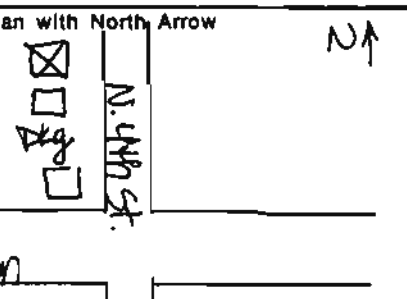


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) 76 Mansfield Studio		Jefferson Mansfield Studio	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		David McGowan Residence			
6. Specific Location 612 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material rust-colored stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/asphalt shingles	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side	
		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 533000 4468400		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hodship's Add'n lot # 27		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
15. Name of Established District				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Typical Italianate features include: decorative stone lintels, a projecting bay, bracketed cornice & ornamental iron roof cresting.					
					
43. History and Significance The building was owned by David McGowan during the first two decades of the 20th century. Mr. McGowan was the president of The McGowan Brothers Co. which was described as the "oldest established wholesale grocery in Ohio" in a 1905 publication. Mr. McGowan was also the president of the Miners & Mechanics Bank. It is an excellent example of Italianate architecture in the north end.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings A frame outbuilding is located at the rear of the lot. The building is located in what was once one of the finest residential streets in Steubenville. Mature street trees and small yards are common.					
45. Sources of Information 1905 N.Y. Industrial Recorder 1910 20th Century History of Steubenville City Directories					
					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
48. Date 6/85				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)		78	1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson	5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	R.G Richards residence			
6. Specific Location 617 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category politics/reform/welfare	28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	4. Present Name(s) R.G. Richards Residence
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890-95	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Shingle	30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532970 4468400		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction masonry/frame	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/asphalt shingle	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 4	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use apartments	34. Wall Treatment	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrews, Eld'n McClave Funeral Home	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Shingle style residence with stone foundation and first story with fishscale shingles on the second story and decorative shingles in the gable ends. A large round arched window is located in the facade and a projecting bay on the south elevation. The arch is recessed.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s) R.G. Richards Residence
43. History and Significance This residence was constructed during the early 1890s. It was the home of J.W. Trainer, an attorney, in 1895 and of I. Sulzbacher, owner of the large Sulzbacher department store in 1900. The Honorable Rees Griffith Richards was the first long-term resident. He owned the house for at least the period of 1900-1915. He was a judge of the Common Pleas Court and served in the state legislature.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings The building is located in a mixed residential/commercial area of N. 4th St. It is flanked by residences from the same period.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
45. Sources of Information City Directories 1902 Atlas of Steubenville Doyle, 20th Century History of steubenville & Jefferson County, 1910		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		79	1. No.
2. County Jefferson		American Red Cross			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		28. No. of Stories	2. County Jefferson
623 N. 4th St		commercial; pol/ref/welfare		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1910		30. Foundation Material stone	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) American Red Cross
		19. Architect or Engineer		32. Roof Type & Material hip/asphalt shingle	
		20. Contractor or Builder		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
9. U.T.M. Reference		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
17 5329810 441683910		22. Present Use offices		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
Zone Easting Northing		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Andrew's bld'n 107 #9 American Red Cross		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)					
Four-square form with central entrance flanked by sidelights. Round arched windows are located on the first floor and central bay of the second floor of the facade. The detailing is very simple with dormers, wide eaves and stylized brackets. A front porch extends across the entire facade.					
43. History and Significance					
This building was constructed c. 1910 and was the residence of F.M. Work, proprietor of F.M. Work & Co. (groceries, dry goods, shoes, stoves & carpets). He was a leading merchant in Steubenville during the early 20th century and was also a director of People's National Bank & the Buckeye Rolling Mill Co. (Newark). The Jefferson County Chapter of the American Red Cross was formed in 1916 and moved to this building in 1947.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings					
Located along a mixed residential/commercial stretch of N. 4th St. The Central Business District is about 1½ blocks to the south.					
45. Sources of Information					
1902, Atlas of Steubenville Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947					
		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B.D Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)			

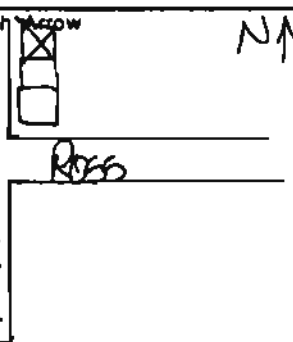


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)			1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Gill-Cochran Residence			
6. Specific Location 701 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880s		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone	4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533000 4468460		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/slate	5. Other Name(s) Gill-Cochran Residence
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front Side	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Trustee Add'n 101 #1		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior poor	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate structure with segmental arched windows with stone hoodmoulds and heavy decorative cornice with paired brackets. There have been two major additions - a 3 story brick addition on the southwest corner and a single story commercial wing on the facade.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance The building was probably constructed c. 1880. It was the home of J.W. Gill, president of Gill Brothers Co. and the Ohio Valley Clay Co. from at least 1895-1913. When he moved to "Edgehill," his new home at 609 N. 7th, G.W. Cochran, secretary/treasurer and manager of Ohio Valley Clay moved in. It was Mr. Cochran's home until the 1930s.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐ neglect	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back from the street on a corner lot in a mixed commercial/residential area of Steubenville.		45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, City Directories 1910		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)			

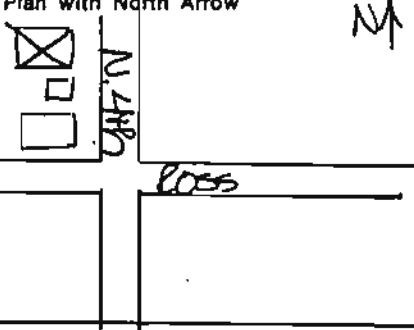


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 708 N. 4th St. (708 in 1902)		16. Thematic Category Dwelling		2. County Jefferson	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period Pre 1871			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		4. Present Name(s)	
		19. Architect or Engineer			
		20. Contractor or Builder		4. Present Name(s)	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence			
		22. Present Use residence		4. Present Name(s)	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒			
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5331040 4468480		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Holdships Addn Int # 43		4. Present Name(s)	
Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		4. Present Name(s)	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		28. No. of Stories 2		4. Present Name(s)	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
15. Name of Established District		30. Foundation Material stone		4. Present Name(s)	
		31. Wall Construction wood frame			
		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		4. Present Name(s)	
		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 1			
		34. Wall Treatment shiplap siding		4. Present Name(s)	
		35. Plan Shape			
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		4. Present Name(s)	
		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair			
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		4. Present Name(s)	
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		4. Present Name(s)	
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) I-house form with Italianate details including the shaped window lintels and sills, the projecting bay on the side and the decorative front porch. This is probably an earlier building with the modification made c. 1870s.				5. Other Name(s)	
					
43. History and Significance shown on the 1871 atlas map and owned by D. Galavan (no information found about him). It is a good example of a mid-19th century residence in an area dominated by housing from the 1880-1910 period. It was the home of J.R. steel (traveling salesman) and later his widow from the 1890s-1920s.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street, with a small front yard, in a residential area north of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information Beers Atlas of Jefferson County, Ohio 1871 City Directories					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 8/85					
49. Revision Date(s)					



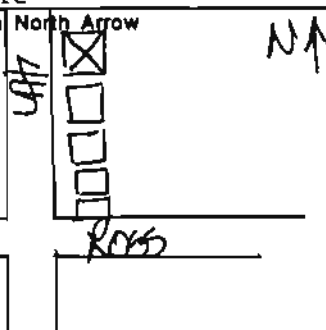
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) 82		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Samuel C. Gill residence		
6. Specific Location 711 N. 4th (705 - 1902)		16. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry		2. County Jefferson
		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design Second Empire		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer		
		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) Samuel C. Gill residence
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 533030 44168500		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		22. Present Use residence		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Trustee add'n lot #3		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
15. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The most unusual feature on this Second Empire residence is the flush siding. Other features include the original slate roof, tongue and groove diagonal siding on the bay, entrance with double doors and transom, bracketed cornice and dormers. The front porch is a later addition.		28. No. of Stories 2½		5. Other Name(s) Samuel C. Gill residence
		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction wood frame		
		32. Roof Type & Material mansard/slate		
		33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side		
		34. Wall Treatment flush siding		
		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
43. History and Significance Built c. 1880, this structure was the residence of Samuel C. Gill (and later his widow) from at least 1895-1915. Gill, with his brothers J.J. & J.W., founded the National Exchange Bank in 1873. He was one of the owners of the Ohio Valley Clay Works and was involved in the Gill Brothers Glass Co. Gill died in 1909.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Slightly setback from the street with a small front yard, in a mixed use area.				
45. Sources of Information 1902 Atlas of Steubenville Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, City Directories 1910				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

83

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 716 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2½	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne	30. Foundation Material rusticated stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material hip & gable/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Hodship's Add'n Lot # 45	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533 040 44 685 10		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Irregular massing, carved stone lintels, decorative sunburst design in the gable, projecting bay and decorative front porch are characteristics typical of late 19th & early 20th century architecture.				
43. History and Significance This home had a variety of residents including: G.W. Cochran (secretary of Ohio Valley Clay), Mrs. M.E. Oliver (widow of Dr. James Oliver) and W.J. McGarry (a clerk). It is a good example of a spacious but not overly ornate residence of the period. It is an important element in the streetscape.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street and other houses in a densely developed section of N. 4th St.				
45. Sources of Information City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.
6. Specific Location 222 N. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880 18. Style or Design Italianate 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent residence 22. Present Use residence 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Holdships Add'n lot # 46 25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material stone 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material hip/ asphalt? 33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 3 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangle 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533060 4468520 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐ 15. Name of Established District	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	5. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This appears to have been an Italianate structure which was altered c. 1900. The shaped lintels, entrance with transom and wide eaves (which probably had brackets), are Italianate characteristics. The second floor projection with shingle siding and stained glass window transom were added later. A frame wing is located at the rear.		
43. History and Significance Little is known about the history of this building. A number of residents were listed in city directories but occupations were not given. It is significant because it contributes to the scale and character of this 1880-1920 neighborhood.		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings It is located close to the street in a residential area of N. 4th St.		
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1920 City directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)

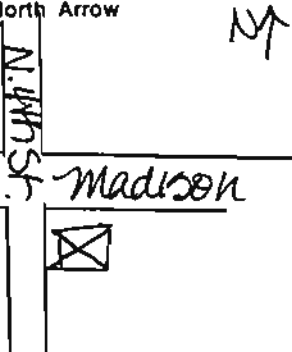


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Wood-Timberlake residence		
6. Specific Location 731 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate	30. Foundation Material brick	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction wood frame	4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533040 4468560		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/hip	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 2	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment clapboard	5. Other Name(s) Wood-Timberlake Residence
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Trustee add'n lot #7	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior good	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate features include shiplap siding, shaped lintels, paired brackets, entrance with transom. The front gable with shingle siding and the front porch were added later.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance The 1895 directory listed this building as the residence of J.A.B Wood, an attorney. During the early 20th century (1900-1915) it was the residence of J.G. Timberlake, an important businessman. Mr. Timberlake became a partner of Cumrine & Timberlake Bookstore in 1880. The name was changed in 1890 to Timberlake and Kendall. He sold his interest in 1899 and formed the Steubenville Wall Paper Co. In 1905 he purchased a bakery (T & K Bakery) which was one of the largest in the city by 1910.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located fairly close to the street in a residential area of N. 4th St.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
45. Sources of Information City Directories Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		87	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		S. Sulzbacher Residence			
6. Specific Location 736 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Shingle Style		30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533060 4468580		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction frame	
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/asphalt	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Holdships Add'n LOT # 48		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Built c. 1900, this large residence features horizontal siding on the first floor with shingles above. Another Shingle Style characteristic are the gable windows which have curved sides flanking the recess. Leaded glass is used in the first floor windows. The front porch columns have been altered.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance This was the home of S. Sulzbacher, owner of the Sulzbacher Department Store. This was one of the major commercial concerns in Steubenville around the turn-of-the-century. They sold dry goods, millinery, home furnishings, carpets, etc. Refer to OHI #6 for further information about the store.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in what was one of the finest residential areas of Steubenville.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
45. Sources of Information City Directories 1902 Barst Real Estate Atlas		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 6/85		49. Revision Date(s)	

Jefferson

Present Name(s)

Sulzbacher Residence

Residence



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

86

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) McCoy Residence		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) McClave Residence		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 737 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1918	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA Madison N 4th St.		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival influences	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction masonry?	4. Present Name(s) McCoy Residence
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/tile	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment stucco	5. Other Name(s) McClave Residence
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Trustee sold in lot #8	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533050 4468570		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome early 20th century residence with central gable, round arched opening with surround which leads to front porch and recessed entry, entrance with sidelights, casement windows, shed dormer across the front. The smooth stucco finish and tile roof lend a Spanish Colonial influence to the design.				
43. History and Significance This is an excellent example of an early 20th century residence in this neighborhood. It was built by Ray McClave, a prominent attorney and first appeared in a City Directory in 1918. The building is exceptionally well maintained and it is an important element in the streetscape.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back from the street with a small front yard and mature street trees along the sidewalk.				
45. Sources of Information City Directories				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 8/85				
49. Revision Date(s)				



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Garnett-Hare House/ First Church of Christ Scientist			
6. Specific Location 741 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial/religion		28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period pre-1871		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533040 44685810		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment painted	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Trustee Add'n lot #9		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior poor Exterior poor	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate brick residence with front entrance with transom, 2/2 windows with decorative hoodmoulds, a panelled frieze, and paired brackets in the cornice. The wrap around porch was added around the turn of the century.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance Good example of Italianate architecture in this neighborhood. It is shown as the residence of H.G. Garrett in the 1871 atlas. Garrett owned the Union Savings Institution building where the first telegraph office was located. It was also the residence of Frank A. Hare (plumber) and later his son during the 1900-1920s period. The building is badly deteriorated and may be threatened. This residence was also used as a meeting place for the First Church of Christ Scientist from the 1920s until 1936.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐ neglect	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a fairly well-maintained residential area of N. 4th St.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
45. Sources of Information Beers, Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
		48. Date 1988		49. Revision Date(s)	



5. Other Name(s)
Garnett-Hare House / Christ Scientist

First Church of Christ Scientist

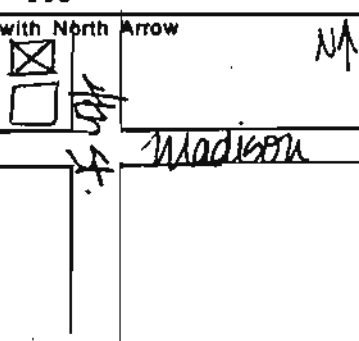


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)			1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Benjamin F. Payne Residence			
6. Specific Location 801 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Benjamin F. Payne Residence
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1870s		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Gothic/Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's Bt add'n lot #1		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533050 441081000		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This residence is an unusual mix of the Gothic Revival & Italianate styles. The Gothic Revival gables with pointed arched windows and decorative bargeboards are combined with the segmental arched windows, projecting bay, bracketed cornice and double door entrance of the Italianate style.					
43. History and Significance This is one of the most unusual and impressive homes on N. 4th St. It was built during the 1870s, which is rather late for the Gothic Revival characteristic. It was owned by Benjamin F. Payne (and later his widow), around the turn of the century. Dr. Payne was a prominent physician in Steubenville during the late 19th century. This was also the residence of S.L. May, president of the National Contracting Co. and H.M. Low, Low Brothers (hardware, autos & stoves).					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in the residential area of N. 4th St. The yard is overgrown.					
45. Sources of Information City directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date 9/85					49. Revision Date(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Freeman-Westfall-Simeral Residence	
6. Specific Location 813 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category industry/communication	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steuben Ile		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533060 4468620		19. Architect or Engineer	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Moorey's 1st add'n lot #2	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate brick structure with round-arched entrance and segmental arched openings with elaborate hoodmoulds, projecting bay with mansard roofline, paired brackets, panelled frieze and a later porch across the front.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	
43. History and Significance This building had a number of residents including: J.M. Freeman, terra cotta works (1985); G.A. Freeman, secretary of Central Sewer Pipe Co (1902); H.D. Westfall, vice-president of LaBelle Iron Works (1915) and C.D. Simeral, publisher of the <u>Herald Star</u> (1929). It is one of the least altered Italianate residence in this north end neighborhood.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of late 19th and early 20th century residence in the neighborhood north of the central business district.		28. No. of Stories 2	
45. Sources of Information City Directories Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, Ohio, 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		30. Foundation Material stone	
		31. Wall Construction brick	
		32. Roof Type & Material hip	
		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		34. Wall Treatment painted brick	
		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
		37. Condition Interior poor Exterior poor	
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☐ No ☒	
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 8/85	
		49. Revision Date(s)	

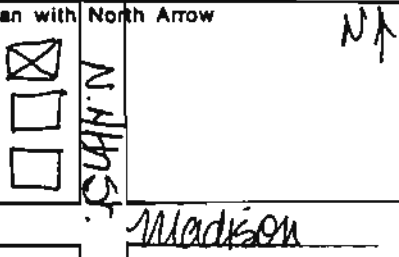
2. County
Jefferson

4. Present Name(s)

5. Other Name(s)
Freeman-Westfall-Simeral residence

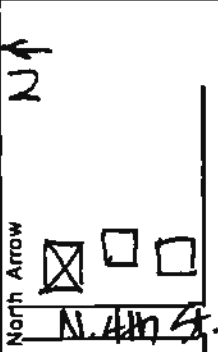


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Powers-Mosgrove Residence		
6. Specific Location 817 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533060 4468640		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) Powers-Mosgrove House
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's 1st add'n lot #3		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate treatment includes: shiplap siding, shaped window surrounds, ornate paired brackets in the cornice, projecting bay on side, and shallow hipped roofline. The leaded glass front window wrap around porch are later additions.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance It was the residence of J.M. Powers, McCoy & Powers Insurance, around the turn of the century. During the 1920s-20s it was the residence of Dr. J.R. Mosgrove. It is a very good example of late 19th century frame architecture in this neighborhood.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located fairly close to the street with a small front yard. Mature street trees line this stretch of N. 4th St.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		7. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville City Directories		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)		

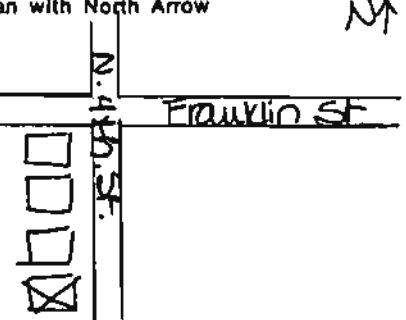


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	2. County Jefferson	3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Ferguson Residence	5. Other Name(s)	6. Specific Location 820 N. 4th St.	7. City or Town Steubenville	8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5331100 4246816410	10. Site Building Eastings Northing Structure Object	11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒	12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒	13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒	14. District Potentially? Yes ☐ No ☒	15. Name of Established District	16. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry	17. Date(s) or Period c. 1893	18. Style or Design	19. Architect or Engineer	20. Contractor or Builder	21. Original Use, if apparent residence	22. Present Use apartments	23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	24. Owner's Name & Address, if known W.H. & A.V. Mooney Add'l in lot # 4	25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	26. Local Contact Person or Organization	27. Other Surveys in Which Included	28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	30. Foundation Material stone	31. Wall Construction brick	32. Roof Type & Material hip/slate	33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 4	34. Wall Treatment	35. Plan Shape irregular	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	37. Condition Interior fair Exterior	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	39. Endangered? By What?	40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Brick residence with handsome entrance with transom and sidelights, central dormer with round-arched window, wrap-around front porch with Doric columns and a modillion block cornice on both the house and the porch. This home was built c. 1890s and first appeared in the 1895 city History and Significance directory as the home of H.B. Grier. Grier was the secretary/treasurer of the Gill Brothers Co. Acme Glass Works. A 1905 publication New York Industrial Record described the Acme Lead Glass Works (makers of lamp chimneys) as the "largest manufactory in Steubenville." The Acme Works began in 1874 by Reddick, McKee & Co. and was sold to Gill Brothers in 1875. Grier also served as President of the Board of Education. The house was purchased by Everett Ferguson, owner of E. Ferguson & Co. oil	43. History and Significance This home was built c. 1890s and first appeared in the 1895 city History and Significance directory as the home of H.B. Grier. Grier was the secretary/treasurer of the Gill Brothers Co. Acme Glass Works. A 1905 publication New York Industrial Record described the Acme Lead Glass Works (makers of lamp chimneys) as the "largest manufactory in Steubenville." The Acme Works began in 1874 by Reddick, McKee & Co. and was sold to Gill Brothers in 1875. Grier also served as President of the Board of Education. The house was purchased by Everett Ferguson, owner of E. Ferguson & Co. oil	44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings operators, during the 1920s. It remained in the Ferguson family until the 1950s. This residence is set back slightly from the street with a small front yard. It is in the most visually cohesive and intact blocks of N. 4th St.	45. Sources of Information Muellers 1902 Atlas of Steubenville City Directories New York Industrial Record, 1905 Everett Ferguson	46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	48. Date 9/85	49. Revision Date(s)
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OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 827 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1900		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival		30. Foundation Material rusticated stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction buff brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use office		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's 1st Add'n DE #16		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 53 30 80 41 46 81 68 10		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior very good	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'ly? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Colonial Revival brick building with a symmetrical 3 bay facade. Features include a central entrance; a stained and leaded glass window in the central bay of the second floor; gabled dormers; a projecting bay on the north elevation, stylized brackets in the cornice and on the porch which extends across the facade.				5. Other Name(s) Lewis-McKee Residence	
					
43. History and Significance This building was not listed in the 1895 directory but was shown on the 1902 atlas map. It was the home of P.P. Lewis, an attorney, from c. 1900-1915. Later (1920s-1930s) it was the home of J.K. McKee, a banker. It is a fine residence from the period and is an important element in the N. 4th streetscape.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back from the street with a small front yard. It is located in a block consisting of residences from 1870s-1900.					
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories					
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date 7/85			
		49. Revision Date(s)			



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		94	1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)				2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Buckingham Residence				
6. Specific Location 832 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	5. Other Name(s) Buckingham Residence	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1890s		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow Franklin North ☐ ☐ ☒		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material stone		
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/gable/composition		
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 1		
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment	4. Present Name(s)	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known 10 lot #		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 117 533110 44681680		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	4. Present Name(s)	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	5. Other Name(s)	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐						
15. Name of Established District					5. Other Name(s)	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style characteristics include the irregular massing, irregular roofline, variety of window shapes and sizes, brick construction with contrasting stone trim. Other notable features include unusual stained glass in round arched window on facade, leaded glass entrance, decorative brickwork, tall and decorative chimneys and decorative wood detail in gable. The porch alteration is incompatible.						
43. History and Significance The building was constructed during the 1890s (as were its neighbors to the north). It was the residence of A.S. Buckingham, vice-president of Union Savings Bank and Trust until the 1920s. It is a good example of Queen Anne architecture in Steubenville and is an important element in the N. 4th streetscape.						
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a row of 1890s houses on the northern edge of this neighborhood.					5. Other Name(s)	
45. Sources of Information 1902 Atlas of Steubenville City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Do.				
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

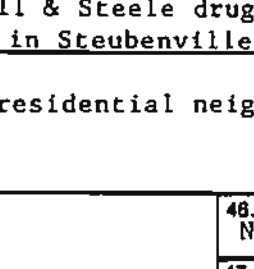


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives QHPO		J. May Residence		
6. Specific Location 835 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial: ethnic/immigration		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N↑ Franklin		18. Style or Design Italianate features		4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533 180 4468710		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) J. May Residence
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'ly? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Mooney's 1st add'n lot # 7		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate features include the double door entrance with elongated oval windows, shaped stone linels, 2/2 windows, projecting bay on side. The porch across the front is later.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This residence was in the May family for a number of years. (1890s-1930s). J. May, clothier was listed as the occupant in the 1890s. This was probably Joseph May, a native of Germany who was in the mercantile business for a number of years until 1904 when his nephew Samuel May formed the partnership May & Leopold. Joseph May then got involved in real estate. It is a well maintained building and contributes to the residential quality of this area of N. 4th St.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a landscaped lot in a residential area. Two story frame outbuilding is located at the rear of the lot.		28. No. of Stories 2		
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		
		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

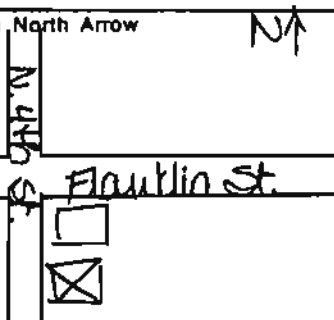


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) William and Marilyn Morris Residence		95	Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		W.M. Beall Residence			
6. Specific Location 836 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1895		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material stone	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow Franklin N ↑		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip & gable/composition	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533120 4468700 Zone Easting Northing		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		22. Present Use residence & business		34. Wall Treatment	
10. Site ☐ Building ☐ Structure ☐ Object ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known 10 lot #		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior ☐ Exterior good	
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
15. Name of Established District		42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Typical large residence of the period in Steubenville, it is constructed of brick and features contrasting stone lintels and belt-course, bracketed cornice, leaded glass windows, decorative brick-work in the chimneys and woodwork on the front porch. 			
43. History and Significance This house was constructed during the early years of the 20th century when much development took place along N. 4th St. It was the residence of William Beall, one of the owners of Beall & Steele Drug Co. Beall & Steele was a successful downtown business which began in 1875 and was located on Market Street. In 1907 the Beall & Steele drug store fire occurred and caused a loss of \$135,000, one of the worst fires in Steubenville's history.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located at the north end of what was one of the finest residential neighborhoods in Steubenville. It has a small front yard.					
45. Sources of Information 1905 New York Industrial Review 1902 Barst, Real Estate Atlas City Directories				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 6/85	
				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		McCullough Residence		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 842 N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1890-1895		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		
28. No. of Stories 2 1/2		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s) McCullough Residence
30. Foundation Material stone		31. Wall Construction stone		
32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3		
34. Wall Treatment		35. Plan Shape rectangular		
36. Changes Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair		
38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style characteristics include the irregular massing and roofline; the variety of materials; an entrance with transom and sidelights; and a third floor turret. The columns on the front porch have been altered and a frame addition is located at the rear of the building.		43. History and Significance This residence appeared in the 1895 directory as the residence of J.A. McCullough, a physician. It remained in his family until at least the 1930s. This is one of several stone houses on N. 4th St. built by the Floto Brothers Construction Co. The Floto Brothers owned stone quarries and specialized in stone construction. It is a fine example of Queen Anne architecture in this neighborhood.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back slightly from the street with a small front yard. It is one of a row of 1890s houses.
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, City directories 1910		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization R. D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 1/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		99	1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		John Griesinger House			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		28. No. of Stories	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
847 N. 4th St.		commercial		29. Basement?	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1903		Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
		Queen Anne		stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction	
		20. Contractor or Builder		wood frame	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
		21. Original Use, if apparent		32. Roof Type & Material	
		residence		gable/composition	
		22. Present Use		33. No. of Bays	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
		residence		Front 4 Side	
		23. Ownership		34. Wall Treatment	
		Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes	
		Mooney's Add'n lot #9		Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference		25. Open to Public?		37. Condition	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
Zone Easting Northing		Yes ☐ No ☒		Interior	
117 533100 44168740				Exterior excellent	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway?	4. Present Name(s) McConnell Residence
Structure ☐ Object ☐				Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	5. Other Name(s) McConnell Residence
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)					
Queen Anne style residence with irregular massing, corner turret with conical roof, horizontal wood and fishscale siding, double door entrance, wrap around porch with corner projection and stained glass transoms on the facade.					
43. History and Significance					
This is an excellent, well-preserved example of Queen Anne residential architecture in Steubenville. It was built, during the first few years of the 20th century, by Charles McConnell, proprietor of McConnell & Lyons Clothiers. John J. Griesinger, an attorney and judge lived here in the early 1940s and it is still owned by his family today.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings					
The building is located on a corner lot at the end of N. 4th St. It has a view of the Ohio River and West Virginia from the front porch.					
45. Sources of Information					
City Directories 1902 Atlas of Steubenville					
46. Prepared by					
Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization					
B.D. Rickey & Co.					
48. Date					
7/85					
49. Revision Date(s)					

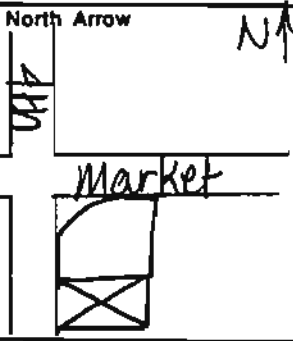


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)			1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Grandview			
6. Specific Location 848 N. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 2½	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1894		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		30. Foundation Material stone	4. Present Name(s)
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction sandstone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5331410 4468740		20. Contractor or Builder Floto Brothers Construction Co.		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	5. Other Name(s) Grandview
Zone Easting Northing		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 5	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		22. Present Use apartments		34. Wall Treatment	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known no lot #		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
14. District Yes ☒ Potent'l? No ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
15. Name of Established District		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style residence, constructed of native sandstone. Features include corner turret with conical roof, variety of window shapes and sizes, projecting bays and gable with flared eaves. An outside stair was added after the porch on the facade and north elevation were removed.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
43. History and Significance This residence, known as "Grandview" was the home of George N. Henry and was completed in 1894. Mr. Henry was involved in a variety of business activities (grocery, cold storage and wholesale fruit) until the 1890s. He was one of the original stockholders in the Pleasant Heights Land Co. (org. 1891) and served as the secretary and manager of its successor, the Pleasant Heights Improvement Co. He was instrumental in establishing a streetcar line to Pleasant Heights from downtown.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot at the northern terminus of N. 4th St. It has a view of the Ohio River and West Virginia from the north and east sides.			
45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County 1910		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 104-106 S. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1915	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532660 4467520		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side -	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta facade	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This building has a handsome glazed terra cotta facade with a first floor cornice, spandrels decorated with urns and swags between the windows, and a modillion block cornice. The storefronts have been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance This is an excellent example of the decorative use of terra cotta. There are several fine terra cotta facades still remaining in the commercial district of Steubenville. This building had a variety of tenants. It was the location of the Miners & Mechanics Bank until 1913 when it moved to N. 4th St. It appears that the facade may have been added to an earlier building pictured in an 1897 publication as the Miners & Mechanics		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Bank. Located among a row of commercial buildigs in the heart of the central business district.			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps City directories Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

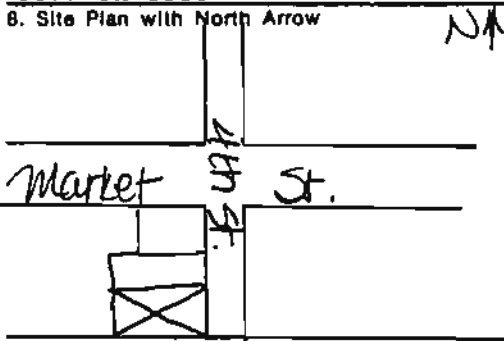


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Lewis Ltd. 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 113-115 S. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category commercial 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920 18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	28. No. of Stories 3 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side - 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangle 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior good	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s) Lewis Ltd.	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5321640 44107540 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☐ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? No ☒ Potent'l? No ☐ 14. District Yes ☒ No ☐ 15. Name of Established District	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	5. Other Name(s)	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly simple treatment includes the casement windows with transoms, the three-part central bay, simple cornice and parapet with stone coping. The first floor cornice repeats and connects with the building to the north. The storefronts have been altered.			
43. History and Significance This is a simple but handsome commercial structure. Its lack of extraneous ornamentation provides a contrast to the late 19th century building to the south. It is an integral element of the streetscape.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial buildings in the heart of the central business district			
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City directories	46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		Barclays Financial-Army/Navy Surplus		2. County Jefferson	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		4. Present Name(s) Barclays Financial-Army/Navy Surplus	
8. Specific Location 117-121 S. 4th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1885		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532 600 4467 500		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Late 19th century commercial building with carved stone lintels, decorative brickwork, paneled frieze and bracketed cornice. An Art Deco theater was added in the late 1930s.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
43. History and Significance The Griesinger was built by Jacob Griesinger, Sr. in 1885 for a cost of \$20,000. Griesinger operated a saloon and restaurant in the building. The Grand Theater was opened in 1925 on Market St. It was moved to this location following a fire in 1935. The building contributes to the streetscape but the Art Deco detailing of the theater is especially noteworthy. The theater is no longer in use.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on S. 4th St. in the heart of the Central Business District. Part of a late 19th-early 20th century streetscape.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Centennial Souvenir, 1897 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)		5. Other Name(s) Griesinger Block/Grand Theater	



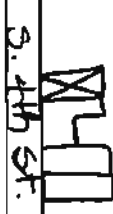
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Broadway 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 141-143 S. 4th St.	16. Thematic Category commercial 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880 18. Style or Design Italianate 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side - 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532600 4467460 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? No ☒ Potent'l? No ☒ 15. Name of Established District	25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s) Broadway	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate detailing includes the very decorative hoodmoulds over the segmental arched openings. The cornice is restrained and projects only slightly from the plane of the facade. The three iron pilasters appear to have been applied to the second story (perhaps they were part of an original storefront).		5. Other Name(s)	
43. History and Significance This commercial building housed a number of businesses including: Swords Marble Works, Art Wall Paper Store and Buehler Brothers Meats. It is one of few late 19th century buildings along S. 4th St.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a fairly dense commercial area. The building to the north was demolished and the site is now used for parking.			
45. Sources of Information Muellers Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)	





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		21	1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Catholic Community Center			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 148 S. 4th St.		Falk & O'Neal Building			
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Thematic Category commercial, pol./social welfare		28. No. of Stories 3	4. Present Name(s) Catholic Community Chest
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		17. Date(s) or Period 1893		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532 650 446 7440		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material	5. Other Name(s) Falk & O'Neal Building
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☐		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
15. Name of Established District		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Diocese of Steubenville		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story commercial building constructed of dark red brick & rusticated stone; rounded brick piers separating the central bays; oriel windows in the end bays; 2 large arches above the 3rd floor windows. The storefronts have been altered, however, one storefront contains a virtually unchanged 1920s restaurant. The central portion of the parapet was removed.		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior <i>good</i>	
43. History and Significance This building is featured in the Centennial Souvenir, 1897. It was built by O'Neal & Falk Bakery. August O'Neal came to Steubenville in 1865 and purchased a bakery. In 1875 he built his own building. He formed a partnership with his son-in-law, Edward O'Neal in 1880. A. Falk died in 1891. Their building was destroyed by a major fire on S. 4th St. in 1893 and this building was constructed in the same year for (OVER)		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in densely developed commercial area in Central Business District of Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		47. Organization B. D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
		48. Date 7/85		49. Revision Date(s)	

50. House Type No.

Code No.	Name
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51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No.	Type
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Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Smoke House, ☐ Privy ☐
 Silo ☐ Spring House Carriage House ☐
 Summer Kitchen ☐ or Ice House

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐

No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐
Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐
Cultural Materials Noted ☐ OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

42. (Cont'd)

43 continued:

\$40,000. The Catholic Community Center was founded in 1920 and in 1921 they started an athletic/recreational program when a gym was constructed at the rear of this building. A swimming pool was added in 1928. The Knights of Columbus formed in Steubenville in 1900 and their club rooms have been on the 3rd floor of this building for a number of years. The Steubenville Business College, founded in 1896, was also housed here in its early years.



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) 22	
2. County Jefferson		St. Paul's Episcopal Church	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)	
6. Specific Location NW corner of S. 4th & Adams		16. Thematic Category religion	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1880	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Romanesque Revival influence	
		19. Architect or Engineer	
		20. Contractor or Builder	
		21. Original Use, if apparent church	
		22. Present Use church	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532560 44167430		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		28. No. of Stories	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		30. Foundation Material stone	
15. Name of Established District		31. Wall Construction stone	
		32. Roof Type & Material gable/slate	
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 7	
		34. Wall Treatment	
		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome stone church building with round arched stained glass windows, a corner entrance tower with stone spire, carved wooden doors and paired windows along the sides. The Parish House at the rear is a later addition. The nave measures 85' X 44' with black walnut wainscoting and vestibule, white walnut pews with black walnut tops and ends and the ceiling is finished in yellow pine with exposed rafters. The alter rail is polished brass.			
43. History and Significance St. Paul's Episcopal Church claims to be the oldest religious institution in Steubenville with roots dating back to 1796. Early services were held in the courthouse and city market house. St. Paul's Parish was organized in 1819 and a church was constructed in 1833. The congregation grew and this church was completed in 1880. The Parish House was constructed in 1890. It is a fine example of ecclesiastical architecture in Steubenville.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a corner lot in a commercial block in the Central Business District.			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Eugene Oliver, pastor			
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			
48. Date 6/85			
49. Revision Date(s)			

Jefferson

St. Paul's Episcopal Church

Other Name(s)





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Gill-Zink Residence 171		
6. Specific Location 425 Franklin		16. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry; commerc.		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1908		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Shingle Style influence		4. Present Name(s)
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533 1040 446 878 0		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) Gill-Zink Residence
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use residence		6. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Yes ☐ No ☒ Potent'l? No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		7. Other Name(s)
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
16. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Large squarish residence with narrow horizontal siding on the first floor and shingle siding on the second floor and dormers. The entrance is centrally located with transom and sidelights. The wide, overhanging eaves feature stylized modillion blocks. The porch extends across the front and has slender columns and a modillion block cornice.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		8. Other Name(s)
17. History and Significance This residence first appeared on the 1907 Sanborn map with a notation that it was drawn from a plan. The city directory listed it as the residence of J.J. Gill. Gill was involved in the formation of the National Exchange Bank, and the Acme Glass Works which was owned by the Gill Brothers co. Gill also owned the <u>Evening Star</u> and the <u>Herald</u> and merged them into the <u>Herald-Star</u> in 1898. He also owned the <u>Columbus</u> (OVER)		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
18. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back slightly from the street with large trees in the front yard.		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2		9. Other Name(s)
19. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Sanborn Insurance maps City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
20. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		30. Foundation Material stone		10. Other Name(s)
21. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		31. Wall Construction frame		
22. Date 9/85		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		11. Other Name(s)
23. Revision Date(s)		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3		
24. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		34. Wall Treatment shingle; narrow horizontal		12. Other Name(s)
25. Condition Interior Exterior good		35. Plan Shape rectangle		
26. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		36. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		13. Other Name(s)
27. Viable from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Distance from and Frontage on Road		

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐	Smoke House, ☐	Privy ☐
Silo ☐	Spring House	Carriage House ☐
Summer Kitchen ☐	or Ice House	

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐
No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐	
Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐	
Cultural Materials Noted ☐	OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

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54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

42. (Cont'd)

43 continued:

Dispatch briefly. William H. Zink, V.P. of A. Zank & Sons, lived here in the 1930s-50s. A. Zink & Sons was a furniture and carpet store on N. 4th St.



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Jefferson County Historical Society Association		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		2. County Jefferson
426 Franklin		manufacturing/industry		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1924		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		4. Present Name(s) Jefferson Co. Historical Society Assn.
		19. Architect or Engineer		
		20. Contractor or Builder		
9. U.T.M. Reference		21. Original Use, if apparent		5. Other Name(s) A.B. Sharpe House
		residence		
		22. Present Use museum		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		23. Ownership		
		Public ☐ Private ☒		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		Mooney's Addition 10 F # 18		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hst. Dist.? No ☒		Jefferson Co. Historical Assn.		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)		28. No. of Stories		
Handsome 1920s residence constructed of wire-cut brick. It is large and irregular in plan and features panels of basketweave brickwork and wide eaves with simple stylized brackets. Most of the interior woodwork, the grand staircase, fireplaces and other decorative features are intact.		2		
		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		
		33. No. of Bays Front Side		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape irregular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior very good Exterior excellent		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
43. History and Significance		48. Prepared by		
William Sharpe was born in Ireland in 1819 and arrived in Steubenville in 1845. Within a year he had opened a foundry which manufactured cooking intensils, stoves and plough parts. George E. Sharpe, was the first second-generation family member to enter the firm called William Sharpe & Son (but known locally as the Steubenville Stove Works). A fire destroyed much of the plant in 1891 but it was soon rebuilt.		Nancy Recchie		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings		47. Organization		
Situated on an elevated site above the street and surrounded by a brick retaining wall. A driveway is located on the north side.		B.D. Rickey & Co.		
45. Sources of Information		48. Date		
Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		8/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Smoke House ☐ Privy ☐
 Silo ☐ Spring House ☐ Carriage House ☐
 Summer Kitchen ☐ or Ice House

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐Cultural Materials Noted ☐ OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

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54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

42. (Cont'd)

43 continued:

The year 1893 marked the year Alexander Beatty Sharpe (third generation) joined the business then known as Ohio Foundry Co. The firm incorporated in 1909 as The Ohio Foundry & Manufacturing Co. A.B. Sharpe built this house during the mid-1920s and died in 1930. At the time of the Sesquicentennial (1947), this industry had been in business for over a century. It is now owned by the Jefferson County Historical Association and operated as a museum.

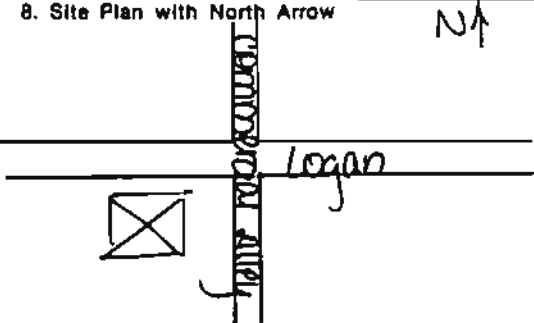


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Means Residence		2. County Jefferson
8. Specific Location 431 Franklin		16. Thematic Category Transportation/communication		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880s		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design Italianate		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 533 040 4468800		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s) Means Residence
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		6. Other Name(s)
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		7. Other Name(s)
14. District Potent'ly? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		8. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate features include the shiplap siding, windows with shaped lintels, projecting bay and cornice with paired brackets. The front porch and aluminum siding on the east side are later alterations.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance The 1895 city directory listed this address as the residence of Wm. R. Allison, editor of <u>The Ohio Press</u> . By 1905 Ida A Means, editor of <u>The Gazette</u> and later social editor of the <u>Herald-Star</u> lived here. In spite of its alterations, it still contributes to the character of this late 19th-early 20th century neighborhood.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		9. Other Name(s)
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot at the the northern edge of this residential neighborhood.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
45. Sources of Information City Directories Sanborn maps		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		10. Other Name(s)
		48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



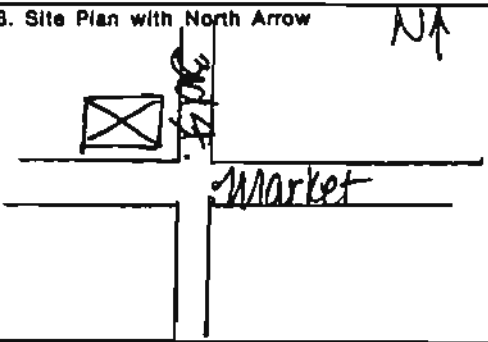
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Derek Ferguson Property		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Helms Flats		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 422 Logan		16. Thematic Category commercial	26. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1912	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Derek Ferguson Property
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material mansard/slate	
		21. Original Use, if apparent multi-family residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 4	
		22. Present Use multi-family residence	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Helms Flats
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Dms Add'n lot # 14	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone 17 Easting 532830 Northing 44108200		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior fair Exterior fair	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This apartment building is 3 stories in height and features a centrally located round-arched entrance; oriel windows on the second floor of the facade; a slate covered mansard roof with dormers and paired windows on the side elevations.				
43. History and Significance The Helms Flats first appeared in the 1913 Steubenville Directory. Many apartment houses were built in Steubenville during the first 2 decades of the 20th century. This is a relatively unaltered example of multi-family housing of the period. The apartment houses are scattered throughout the neighborhood north of Washington St.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a side street in the mixed residential/commercial area north of the Central Business District. It is situated close to the street without a front yard.				
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

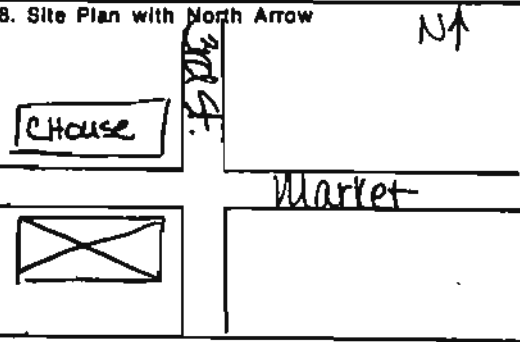
13

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Jefferson Co. Courthouse		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location NW corner 3rd & Market		16. Thematic Category Politics/Reform/Welfare		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1874		4. Present Name(s) Jefferson County Courthouse
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Second Empire before alteration		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532770 4467580		19. Architect or Engineer Heard & Blythe		3. No. of Stories 4
10. Zone Easting Northing Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent courthouse		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use courthouse		30. Foundation Material stone
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐		31. Wall Construction sandstone
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 3
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Built in Second Empire style in 1874, this building features a rusticated base, an enormous pedimented entrance which projects slightly and has paired Corinthian columns, round-arched windows with elaborate surrounds, paired window bays separated by pilasters, and a statue of Justice at the pinnacle of the pediment. The mansard roof and tower were removed and the fourth floor added in the mid-1940s.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		34. Wall Treatment
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		35. Plan Shape rectangle
				36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐
				37. Condition Interior Exterior good
				38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
				39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
43. History and Significance This is the third courthouse for Jefferson County. The first, a log building was removed in 1809 and replaced by a brick structure. A jail was constructed in 1834 with a sheriff's residence next door. These buildings were demolished in 1870 and replaced by this building in 1874. The cost was \$300,000. In spite of recent insensitive alterations, this is still a good example of the highly decorative Second Empire style which was so popular for public buildings.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		5. Other Name(s)
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings The courthouse is located on the corner of Third & Market. This block was originally in the heart of the Central Business District but is now on the eastern edge. Vacant land occupies most of the east side of 3rd St. between Adams & Washington.		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910		48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



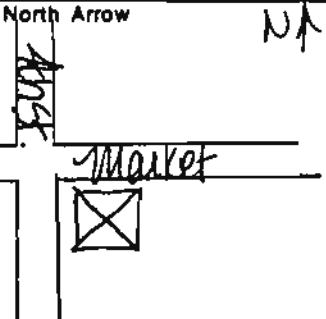


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) City Annex		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) City Annex
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Cohen-Reiner Block		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 300-314 Market St.		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) City Annex
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1929	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532740 4467520		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction masonry?	
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 8 Side 5	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial/city offices	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
26. Local Contact Person or Organization		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	5. Other Name(s) Cohen-Reiner Block
28. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		39. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	40. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
41. Distance from and Frontage on Road				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome terra cotta facade with clearly articulated bays that are separated by piers at the storefront and continue to the parapet. The terra cotta has gothic inspired detailing such as the pointed arch window above the entrance to the 2nd floor offices and the finials atop each pier. There are smaller divisions between the windows. The storefronts have been infilled with brick.				
43. History and Significance This building was completed in 1929 and was known as the Cohen-Reiner Block. It replaced the old city hall which stood on the site. By the mid-1930s it was being used as the City Annex. It is a fine example of a terra cotta facade and contributes to the commercial character of the area.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot across from the courthouse. A parking lot separates it from the City Building (former markethouse) to the south.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn maps City directories				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				48. Date 0/00
49. Revision Date(s)				

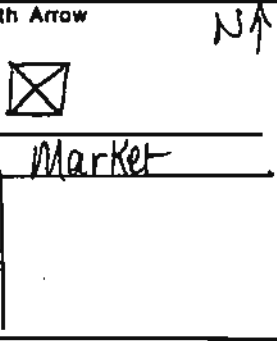


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Lewis-McKee Building			
6. Specific Location SE corner 4th & Market		16. Thematic Category commercial		4. Present Name(s)	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1953			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Art Moderne		5. Other Name(s) Lewis McKee Building	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532680 4467540		19. Architect or Engineer			
10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial			
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial			
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known			
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Interesting Art Moderne treatment includes smooth stone wall surface, rounded corner, large windows with a corrugated end decoration and the name in the cornice line. The storefront has been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			
43. History and Significance This is a very unusual building for the commercial area for both its design and date of construction. It was constructed in 1953, which makes it one of the newer buildings. The design is a late example of Art Moderne influences and it is compatible in terms of scale and materials with the commercial character of the area.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the corner of the major intersection (4th & Market) in the Central Business District.		28. No. of Stories 2			
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		30. Foundation Material			
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		31. Wall Construction steel frame			
48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up			
		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 4			
		34. Wall Treatment stone			
		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐			
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good			
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Sinclair Building
2. County Jefferson	Sinclair Building		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	5. Other Name(s) Sinclair Bldg/Union Savings Bank		
6. Specific Location NE corner 4th & Market Sts.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 10
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1915	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design 20th c. skyscraper	30. Foundation Material
		19. Architect or Engineer W.G. Wilkins, Pittsburgh	31. Wall Construction steel frame
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/build up
		21. Original Use, if apparent office/bank	33. No. of Bays Front 12 Side 8
		22. Present Use same	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes Addition ☐ (Explain in #42) Altered ☒ Moved ☐
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 4467580		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐			
15. Name of Established District			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This building is one of the tallest and most decorative buildings downtown. It is a steel frame structure with terra cotta facing. The cornice is highly ornamental and is a visual landmark from all directions. It is designed in the three-part skyscraper style with a base, a relatively plain shaft and a very decorative top floor and cornice. The base and banking lobby have been altered. Contractors included: Floto Brothers (excavating & masonry), OVER			
43. History and Significance This building is significant as an outstanding example of an early 20th century skyscraper in Steubenville and for its association with Dohrman J. Sinclair, an influential and important industrialist, businessman and civic leader. Sinclair served as the president of the Union Savings Bank & Trust, which was formed as the Union Deposit Bank in 1873, and moved into this building in 1915. Sinclair is credited with (OVER)		5. Other Name(s) Sinclair Bldg./Union Savings Bank	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the corner of 4th and Market Streets, which is the most important commercial corner in the city.			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sequicentennial, 1947 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1910 Baker, Wilma Sinclair LeVan., Father & His Town, Pittsburgh: Three Rivers Press, 1961.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)	

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Smoke House ☐ Privy ☐
 Silo ☐ Spring House ☐ Carriage House ☐
 Summer Kitchen ☐ or Ice House

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐Cultural Materials Noted ☐ OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

[. . .]

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[. . .]

54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

42. (Cont'd)

42 continued:

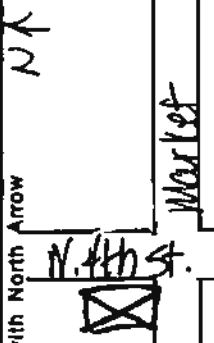
Pittsburgh Bridge & Iron Co (structural steel), & Northwestern Terra Cotta Co., Chicago.

43:

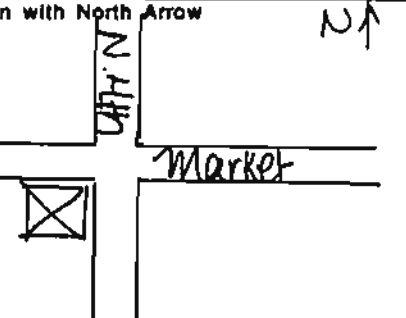
the construction of the interurban line and construction of the Market Street bridge to connect Steubenville with W. Virginia, with the development of the city water works and with attracting major industries to Steubenville. He also served as president of the Union Cemetery Assn., Steubenville Pottery Co., Steubenville City Council and was on the Water Works Board.

Sinclair was killed by a train in the La Belle Steel Co. yard on August 6, 1915, the day before the Sinclair Building was to be dedicated.

OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s) Bank One		2. County Jefferson	3. Present Name(s) Bank One	5. Other Name(s) National Exchange Bank & Trust Co. First National Bank & Trust Co.
2. County Jefferson	5. Other Name(s) National Exchange Bank & Trust Co. First National Bank & Trust Co.		28. No. of Stories 12	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	30. Foundation Material
3. Location of Negatives OHPO	18. Thematic Category commercial		31. Wall Construction steel frame	32. Roof Type & Material Flat/built up	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 1
6. Specific Location NW corner 4th & Market	17. Date(s) or Period 1919		34. Wall Treatment stone facing	35. Plan Shape rectangle	36. Changes (Explain in #42)
7. City or Town Steubenville	18. Style or Design skyscraper		37. Condition Interior good	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	19. Architect or Engineer		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
	20. Contractor or Builder		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Major Steubenville building measures 12 stories and is faced with stone. A two-story arched entrance with a large keystone is in the central bay of the Market St. elevation. The rusticated stone base separates the first two floors from those in the shaft of the building. A substantial cornice terminates the composition. Other details include the "S" design incorporated between the first floor bays on the N. 4th St. elevation and the beltcourses.	
	21. Original Use, if apparent offices		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	43. History and Significance This is a major visual landmark and is an excellent example of skyscraper architecture in Steubenville. It was completed in 1919 (4 years after the Sinclair building across the street) as the headquarters of the Steubenville Bank & Trust Co. which later merged with the National Exchange Bank to form the National Exchange Bank & Trust in 1931. It is now the headquarters of Bank One in Steubenville.	
	22. Present Use offices		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the most important corner in the central business district - 4th & Market Sts.	
	23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn maps	
	24. Owner's Name & Address. if known		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 5321460 44671600	10. Site Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
16. Name of Established District			48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)		

OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO		4. Present Name(s) Rite Aid Pharmacy 5. Other Name(s) McCrory's		1. No.
6. Specific Location 400-402 Market St.		16. Thematic Category commercial 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1927/1938		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		4. Present Name(s) Rite Aid Pharmacy
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known 25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone 17 Easting 532680 Northing 4467540		26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 7 34. Wall Treatment		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
15. Name of Established District		37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior excellent		
16. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Simple commercial building constructed of buff-colored brick with the following features: casement windows with decorative brick surrounds, terra cotta beltcourse and cornice, stone coping on the parapet. The storefront has been altered.		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
17. History and Significance The first McCrory Store opened in Steubenville in 1916 and was located at 406 Market St. It expanded in 1927 and moved to this location. The store was closed for 8 months in 1938 while it was rebuilt following a fire. It contributes to the commercial character of the downtown district.		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
18. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a prominent corner in the heart of the Central Business District.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
19. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road 		
20. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		42. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		3. Location of Negatives OHPO
21. Date 8/85		43. Revision Date(s)		

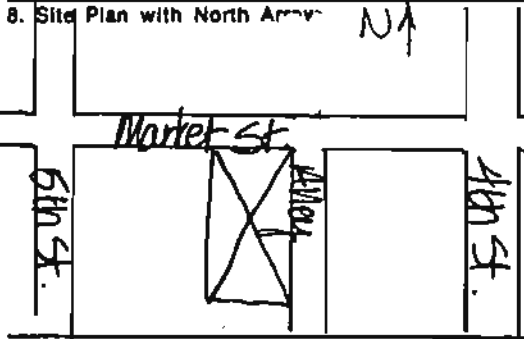


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Thrift Drug		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Thrift Drug 5. Other Name(s) Sarratt Jewelry Store
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Sarratt Jewelry Store		
6. Specific Location 406 Market St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1860s		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 832630 4467560		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side -
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate building with segmental and round-arched openings with elaborate terra cotta hoodmoulds, original sash in third floor windows, and bracketed cornice. The storefront has been altered.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
43. History and Significance This is the oldest and finest Italianate commercial structure in the Central Business District. The terra cotta hoodmoulds are handsome and quite unusual here. It was the location of James Sarratt's jewelry store from the 1880s to the early 20th century. The first McCrory's opened in Steubenville at this address in 1916.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial structures in the heart of the central business district.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, Ohio 1902 City directories Sanborn Maps, 1885-1929		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85		49. Revision Date(s)

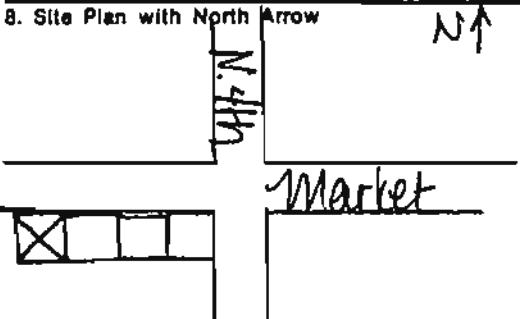


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Exchange Realty Building		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) National Exchange Bank		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location Market St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 5	2. County Jefferson
		17. Date(s) or Period 1905	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction steel frame?	4. Present Name(s) Exchange Realty Building
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 3	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 11 532580 4467600		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) National Exchange Bank
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior ☐ Exterior fair	National Exchange Bank
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent? Yes ☒ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
15. Name of Established District			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	National Exchange Bank
			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome early 20th century structure, this building features a central round-arched entrance with stone surround and elaborate keystone. Stone also accentuates the central three bays and forms a parapet, balustrade and ornamentation. The cornice has been removed and the storefronts have been altered.				
43. History and Significance This is one of the largest and most elaborate commercial buildings dating from the 1900-10 period. Although it has been altered, it an important visual landmark along Market St. The building was constructed by the National Exchange Bank for its headquarters and was opened March 5, 1905. The National Exchange Bank was founded in 1873 by J.J.Gill as a private enterprise known as the Exchange Bank but was chartered in 1874 as the National Exchange Bank. It later (1931) merged with the Steubenville				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Bank & Trust Company. Located among a row of commercial buildings on Market Street.				
45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn maps City directories				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 49. Revision Date(s) 0/05				



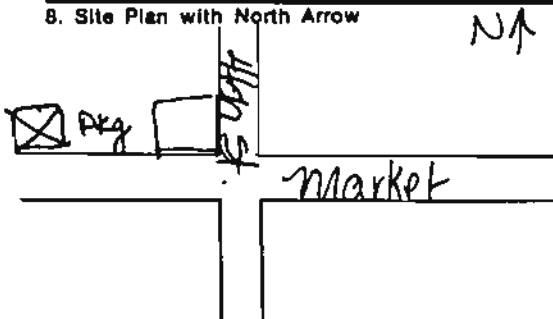
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) McCrory		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) W.T. Grant			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 418-422 Market		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	5. Other Name(s) W.T. Grant Store	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1935	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532780 4467580		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction masonry		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial	33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This two story commercial structure has a grand terra cotta facade with stylized floral motif above the windows and fluted pilasters. The name "W.T. Grant" appears in the parapet. The storefront has been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
43. History and Significance This is an excellent example of the use of terra cotta as a decorative material. There are several examples of glazed terra cotta facades still remaining in Steubenville. W.T. Grant, a national chain store, opened this building in 1935.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of commercial structures in the central business district of Steubenville.			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
45. Sources of Information City directories Sanborn Maps			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date 9/85	49. Revision Date(s)		



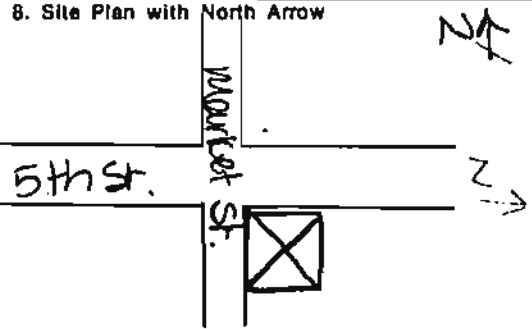
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

11

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Rogers Jewelers/Mouse House Ladies Shop		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Turnbull/Sarratt Building		2. County Jefferson
8. Specific Location 425 W. Market		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period after 1931		4. Present Name(s) Rogers Jewelers/Mouse House Ladies Shop
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 11 532800 4467600		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s) Turnbull-Sarratt Building
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		6. Other Name(s)
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use commercial		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		7. Other Name(s)
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		8. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Unusual facade employs concrete panels. It is decorative with pilasters separating the bays, the name in a panel above the central bay and a three-dimensional shield with interlaced "T" and "S" above the central entrance. The storefronts have been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance James Turnbull was a Steubenville industrialist who owned a paper mill & established one of the earliest book publishing businesses in Ohio and promoted railroad and electric lines. He died in 1887. His daughter, Elizabeth, was married to James Sarratt, a very successful Steubenville jeweler and their son, James Turnbull Sarratt, was president of the Chamber of Commerce in 1925. The Turnbull Block was constructed (OVER)		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		9. Other Name(s)
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a commercial street with an alley to the west and a vest-pocket park (where a building once stood) to the east.		28. No. of Stories 2		
45. Sources of Information Mueller's Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947. History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1880 City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		10. Other Name(s)
		30. Foundation Material		
		31. Wall Construction masonry		11. Other Name(s)
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		
		33. No. of Bays Front 7 Side -		12. Other Name(s)
		34. Wall Treatment concrete panels		
		35. Plan Shape rectangular		13. Other Name(s)
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		14. Other Name(s)
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		15. Other Name(s)
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		16. Other Name(s)
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		17. Other Name(s)
		48. Date 8/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		18. Other Name(s)

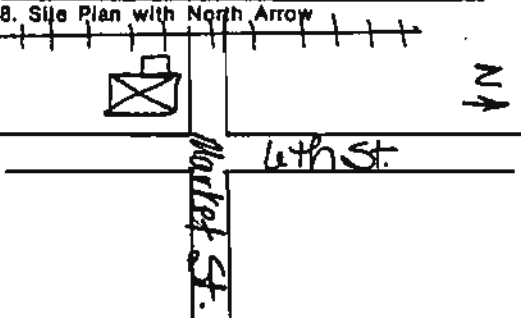


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) The Hub
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		The Hub		
8. Specific Location NE corner of 5th and Market		16. Thematic Category Commercial		28. No. of Stories 4
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1924		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design early 20th c. commercial		30. Foundation Material
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction masonry brick
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
		21. Original Use, if apparent department store		33. No. of Bays Front 7 Side
		22. Present Use vacant		34. Wall Treatment glazed terra cotta
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 4467140		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The glazed terra cotta facing makes this building noteworthy. It features floral and classical motifs in the decoration, in the spandrels around the storefronts and as a beltcourse between the first & second floor. The storefronts are relatively intact and the original light fixtures grace the Market Street facade. The name appears in the parapet below the cornice, which was removed. <u>The windows have been filled with glass block.</u>		43. History and Significance The Hub was founded in 1904 as a men's clothing store. It expanded a number of times and by 1924 it occupied this new building. The Hub was a major commercial institution in Steubenville. When it closed, Good's opened in its place for a few years. The building has been vacant for the past few years. It is the best example of an early 20th c. commercial structure with a glazed terra cotta facade in Steubenville. See OHI #69 - residence of S.J. Anathan, one of the founders.		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a large lot on Market Street in the Central Business District of Steubenville.		45. Sources of Information City Directories Steubenville Susquecentennial, 1947		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date 6/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

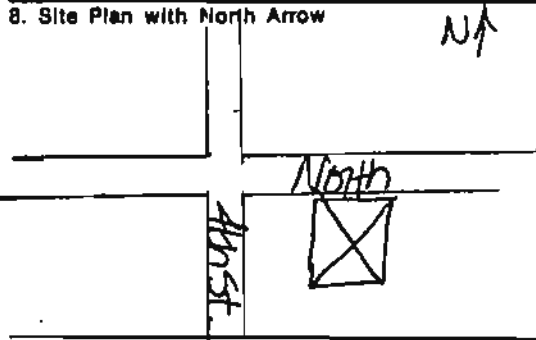


2

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 606 Market		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italianate	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/roll roofing	
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial/apartments	33. No. of Bays Front 7 Side -	
		22. Present Use commercial	34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
			37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532440 4467640 Zone Easting Northing		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	5. Other Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate commercial structure with virtually intact storefront consisting of pilasters and a cornice, window openings have stone hoodmoulds and the frieze is decorated. The cornice probably had paired brackets at one time.				
43. History and Significance Built c. 1880, when this area of Market Street was a busy commercial street. It had a number of owners but housed a saloon around the turn of the century. It is one of the most intact Italianate commercial buildings in the central business district.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located adjacent to the railroad tracks on the western fringe of the CBD.				
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

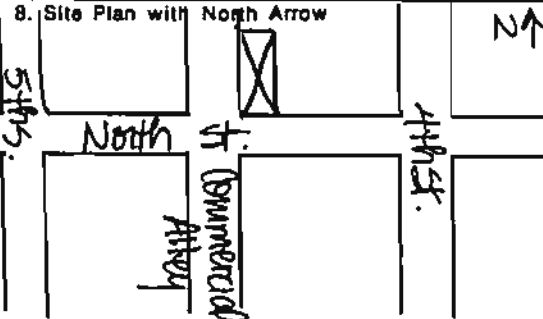


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Metra Body Works		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
8. Specific Location North St., east of N. 4th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1925	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design 20th c. industrial	30. Foundation Material	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction concrete frame	4. Present Name(s) Metra Body Works
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, If apparent auto repair garage	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3	
		22. Present Use auto repair garage	34. Wall Treatment brick facing	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known lot #196	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532860 4467950		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys In Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Concrete frame structure with brick facing. The bays are separated by piers and feature large multi-pane windows. Stone is also used as decoration in the parapet and as coping.				
43. History and Significance This is a well preserved example of the type of early 20th century structures built to sell and service automobiles. Steubenville has a few car dealerships dating from the 1920s. They tend to be simple and straightforward in design but they do possess decorative stone or terra cotta embellishments. This building was constructed between the time that the 1924 & 1929 Sanborn Maps were published, as it appears				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings in the latter one only. During the 1930s it was the home of McHugh Motor Co. Located close to the street in a transitional commercial/residential area on the northern edge of the Central Business District.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps 1924, 1929 City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 1985	
			49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		103	1. No. Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Reliance #2			
6. Specific Location 417 North St.		16. Thematic Category politics/reform/welfare		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1909		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material stone	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532760 4468000		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s)
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent fire station		33. No. of Bays Front 2+ Side 7	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use fire station		34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Reliance #2
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐		35. Plan Shape rect. w/wing	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known City of Steubenville		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior good Exterior good	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The stone facing and trim provide a highly decorative facade for this red brick structure. Distinctive features include the window and entrance surrounds, decorative brick chimneys & the steeply pitched and gabled parapet. Pilasters separate the bays on the side elevations. The offices are located in a single story wing on the east side of the building. There have been some alterations.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance In 1846, when Steubenville had a volunteer fire department, the "Reliance" hand engine was purchased. It was located in a one story building on N.4th St. In 1886, Steubenville established a paid fire department. This building was constructed in 1909. It is one of the most architecturally interesting buildings in Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the northern edge of the CBD as part of streetscape that includes a church and War Memorial Building.		45. Sources of Information Boyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville, 1910		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 7/85	49. Revision Date(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) War Memorial 5. Other Name(s)	1. No.	
6. Specific Location #23 North St.	16. Thematic Category military 17. Date(s) or Period 1931 cornerstone 18. Style or Design Georgian Revival influence 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent meeting space/offices 22. Present Use meeting space/offices 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 7 34. Wall Treatment 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	24. Owner's Name & Address, known McLaughling Robt add'n 101 #1 25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	4. Present Name(s) War Memorial	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 432750 4468000 Zone Easting Northing 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒ 15. Name of Established District	37. Condition Interior Exterior good 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	5. Other Name(s)	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Two story building constructed of wire-cut brick with smooth ashlar stone facing on basement level of the facade, central entrance with stone pediment, stone quoins, sills and window trim, round arched openings with decorative panel in the arch, multi-pane over one windows, stone cornice with modillion blocks and stone coping on the parapet. The other elevations are devoid of ornamentation.			
43. History and Significance The Jefferson County War Memorial was completed in 1931 and serves as a home and meeting place for all the military service organizations. Its construction was financed with the balance left in the War Board Fund of World War I.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street, in a transitional area between the central business district to the south and a residential area to the north. It is adjacent to the Reliance Fire-house.			
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947	46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 7/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



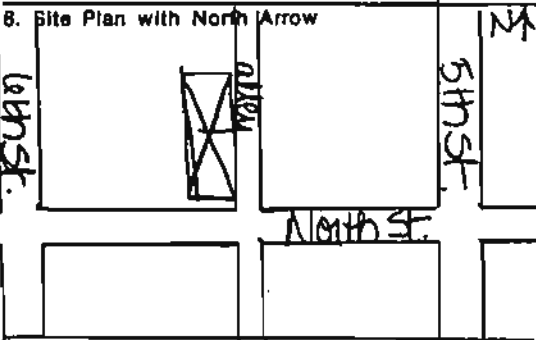
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		102	1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Wells-Annex			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
8. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		28. No. of Stories	2. County Jefferson
SW corner of North St. & Commercial Alley		education		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1916		30. Foundation Material stone	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Wells Annex
		19. Architect or Engineer		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		20. Contractor or Builder		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 7	
9. U.T.M. Reference		21. Original Use, if apparent school		34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s) Wells High School Annex
Zone Easting Northing 17 532720 4467940		22. Present Use school		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Steubenville Bd. of Education Box #276		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
15. Name of Established District				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Constructed of orange brick on a rusticated stone base, features include the central carved stone entrance with the name incorporated in it; stone window surrounds and cornice. The windows have been altered and there is an incompatible addition on the west side.					
43. History and Significance In 1903 the School Board appropriated money to purchase land to build a high school. Wells High School was completed in 1906 and the Wells Annex was constructed in 1916. Wells High School burned in 1941 and the Annex has been used as an elementary school since Steubenville High School was completed in 1940.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street in a commercial/institutional area on the northern edge of the Central Business District.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
				48. Date 7/85	
				49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

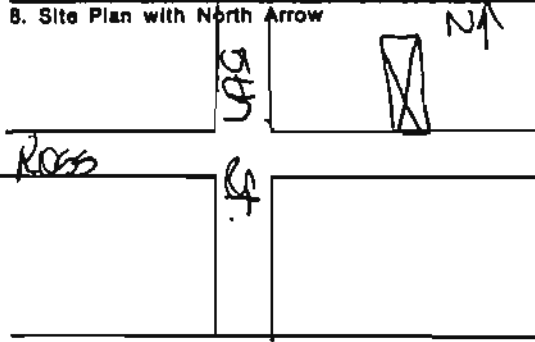
127

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Quinn Memorial AME Church		
6. Specific Location 515 North St.		16. Thematic Category religion		28. No. of Stories 29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1929 cornerstone		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material brick
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532 1640 446 8040		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick
10. Zone Easting Northing Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent church		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 6
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use church		34. Wall Treatment
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known McLaughlin & Robert's Bldg Lot #1		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior good
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Brick church building with contrasting stone trim. Features include pointed arched openings, stained glass; stone surrounding the entrances; and a stepped gable parapet. Unable to gain access to interior during field survey.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
43. History and Significance This congregation is reportedly the oldest organization of this denomination in Ohio. It was founded in 1823. The congregation met in a variety of locations until a church was built on the corner of South and Third in 1846. That building was demolished in 1873 and the lot at 5th and Washington was purchased in 1878 and a new church completed in 1879. The present church was completed in 1920. The church is named after Rev. William Paul Quinn, who established the AME church in Steubenville in 1823.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street on the fringe of the central business district.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
45. Sources of Information Centennial Souvenir, 1897 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1910 Wilfred Bristol, Pastor		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 7/85
		49. Revision Date(s)		

5. Other Name(s)
Quinn Memorial AME Church



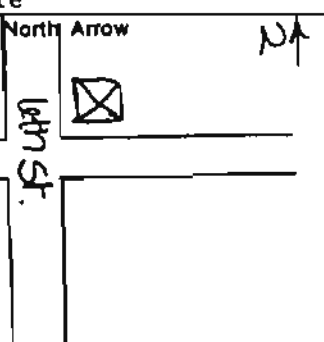
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 475 Ross		16. Thematic Category		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town Steubenville If Rural, Township & Vicinity		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1870		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Shotgun		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 932930 4468500 Zone Easting Northing		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒ 14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use office		5. Other Name(s)
15. Name of Established District		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Shotgun residence with segmental arched entrance and window on the facade and simple double hung windows elsewhere. The side porch and wing were later additions.		28. No. of Stories 1		
		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition		
		33. No. of Bays Front 2 Side 5		
		34. Wall Treatment painted		
		35. Plan Shape		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
43. History and Significance Unusual in this neighborhood for its shotgun form and very small size. It is shown in the 1871 atlas and was a residence until its recent use as an office. No occupations found for its residents.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the sidewalk in a late 19th-early 20th century neighborhood north of the downtown.		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
45. Sources of Information 1871 Atlas of Jefferson County City Directories		48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)		





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location NE corner Market & 6th St.		16. Thematic Category Commercial		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1900		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design orig. 2nd Empire w/Art Deco		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer addition		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent hotel		33. No. of Bays Front 4 Side 7	
		22. Present Use hotel		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532460 4467680		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☒ No ☐ deterioration	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The Imperial Hotel was originally a 5-story brick building with a mansard roof. Following a fire, the 3-story orange brick addition on the corner of 6th & Market was built. The present building consists of the Art Deco influenced wing with chevron design decoration and darker orange and red brick bands; and the drastically altered older section. The roofline, windows, turrets, and projecting bays have been altered. A decorative iron fire escape is					
43. History and Significance located along the 6th St. elevation. Joshua Law acquired 2 adjoining structures on Market St. and opened the Imperial Hotel (no date given). Soon thereafter a new five story building was erected to the north and adjoining the original, while another 2 stories were added to the original hotel. Around the turn of the century Carl Mildner operated the hotel. It had several other operators and suffered a major fire in 1937. The new wing was built at that time. The					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings other alterations took place more recently. The Imperial Hotel was a major Steubenville landmark for many years. Located on a corner lot, across from the Pennsylvania Panhandle Railroad Station, on the western edge of the business district.					
45. Sources of Information Steubenville, Ohio Chamber of Commerce, 1911 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947.		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 6/85		49. Revision Date(s)	

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Smoke House ☐ Privy ☐
Silo ☐ Spring House Carriage House ☐
Summer Kitchen ☐ or Ice House

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐
No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐
Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐
Cultural Materials Noted ☐ QAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

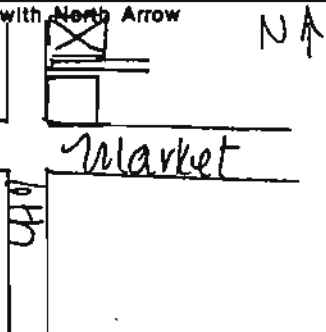
42. (Cont'd)



1911 Chamber Publication
of
Commerce



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No. 2. County Jefferson 3. Location of Negatives OHPO	4. Present Name(s) Miller's Restaurant 5. Other Name(s) Morelli Block/Millers Restaurant	1. No.	
6. Specific Location 118-122 N. 6th St. 7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville 8. Site Plan with North Arrow  9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532440 4467680 10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐ 11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒ 12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐ 13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒ Hist. Dist.? 14. District Yes ☐ No ☒ Potant'? 15. Name of Established District	16. Thematic Category commercial; ethnic/immigration 17. Date(s) or Period c. 1919 18. Style or Design 19. Architect or Engineer 20. Contractor or Builder 21. Original Use, if apparent commercial 22. Present Use commercial 23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒ 24. Owner's Name & Address, if known 25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐ 26. Local Contact Person or Organization 27. Other Surveys in Which Included	28. No. of Stories 2 29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐ 30. Foundation Material brick 31. Wall Construction brick 32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up 33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 14 34. Wall Treatment terra cotta 35. Plan Shape rectangular 36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐ 37. Condition Interior Exterior fair 38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒ 39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒ 40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐ 41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	2. County Jefferson
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) The well preserved glazed terra cotta facade is the most significant feature of this building. It possesses an arched entrance, columns, pilasters, an elaborate cornice and other classical detailing. The second floor forms a recessed porch. The name Morelli appears on the facade. 43. History and Significance This building is significant as an excellent example of the use of terra cotta in the early 20th century, for its association with the Miller Hotel & Restaurant which has been in business since 1916 (since 1919 in this location) and as the location of the Morelli Foreign Bank & Steamship agent. Alexander Miller established Miller's Hotel & Restaurant in 1916 and moved to this (OVER) 44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street across from the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks and the remains of the passenger station. 45. Sources of Information City Directories Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)	4. Present Name(s) Miller's Restaurant
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)		5. Other Name(s) Morelli Block and Miller's Restaurant	

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

_____Corn Crib or Shed ☐Silo ☐Summer Kitchen ☐Smoke House, ☐

Spring House

or Ice House

Privy ☐Carriage House ☐

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐Cultural Materials Noted ☐

OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

☐	.	.	.	☐
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54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

42. (Cont'd)

43 continued: building in 1919. Vincent A.M. Morelli was born in Italy in 1881 and came to Steubenville in 1901. He established the first "foreign bank" in the city to deal with the influx of immigrants. He also handled steamship tickets for immigrants and their families.

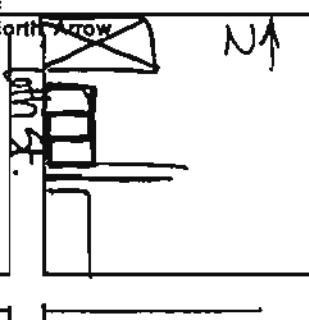


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Plaza Hotel		1. No. Jefferson Plaza Hotel
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 130 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	4. Present Name(s) Plaza Hotel
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1930	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA 		18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
9. U.T.M. Reference 117 832500 4467760		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent hotel	33. No. of Bays Front 9 Side -	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use hotel	34. Wall Treatment	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story brick hotel with a buff-colored brick facade. Decorative details include the bays separated by pilasters, contrasting red brickwork and gothic inspired terra cotta decoration along the parapet. The marquee over the front entrance appears to be original. The storefronts have been altered.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		5. Other Name(s)
43. History and Significance North Sixth Street, across from the railroad station, was always a popular spot for hotels. The Imperial Hotel was the largest and most important hotel in this area but there were also a number of smaller hotels. The 1900 Sanborn shows a two-story Pan Handle Hotel on this site. The 1931 Sanborn shows the new Plaza Hotel. This was approximately the same time it began to appear in city directories. It is significant as an element in the transportation related commercial history of Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings The P.C.C. & St. Louis Railroad Station is partially demolished and a number of the former hotels are vacant. This whole area is endangered.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		48. Date 9/85
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City Directories		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		49. Revision Date(s)
48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Ventolo Building/Thompson Hotel		
6. Specific Location 138 N. 6th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532500 4467760		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent hotel		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use vacant		5. Other Name(s) Ventolo Building/Thompson Hotel
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
16. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Four story building with terra cotta storefronts that are nearly intact. The name "Ventolo" appears above the storefront. The central bays are recessed and have porches, while the other bays feature paired windows with multi-paned sash. The cornice is also made of terra cotta.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
17. Other Surveys in Which Included		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
43. History and Significance This building appears on the 1924 Sanborn map as the Thompson Hotel. It is across from the railroad depot and at one time Sixth St. had 6 hotels on it. Joseph Ventolo started a foreign bank and it is possible that he constructed the building and had his bank on the first floor. It is a virtually unaltered building from the 1920 period.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in an area marked by parking lots, vacant buildings and other signs of disinvestment. The partially demolished railroad depot is located across the street.		7. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information City Directories Sanborn maps		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		48. Date 9/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		57	
2. County Jefferson		Schwaben Club			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location		Schwaben Beneficial Society			
211 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category ethnic/immigration		28. No. of Stories 3	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1886		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material gable/asphalt shingle	
		21. Original Use, if apparent social club		33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side 0	
		22. Present Use social club		34. Wall Treatment	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known Schwaben Club		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference				37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	
Zone Easting Northing				38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist. No ☒					
14. District Potent? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Two story brick building with unusual stepped gable parapets at each end and one on the facade. The building is constructed of an orange-colored brick with yellow brick above the round-arched windows. Other details include the corbelled brickwork and the name and date (Schwaben Beneficial Society, 1886) in the central gable.					
43. History and Significance The Schwaben Beneficial Society was formed in 1886 by early German-American residents of the city who came from the Schwaben province in their homeland. Its purpose was social, fraternal and beneficial and in 1947 it had 285 members. The building is still in use as the Schwaben Club. It is an unusual building in Steubenville and is significant for its association with the ethnic history of the city.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on N. 6th St. in a deteriorated area along the railroad tracks.					
45. Sources of Information 1947 Steubenville Sesquicentennial					
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie					
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.					

1. No.

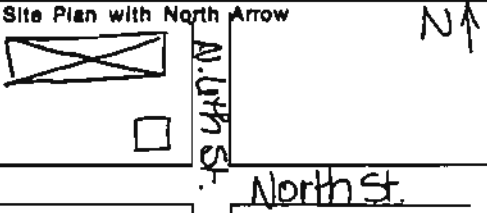
2. County
Jefferson

4. Present Name(s)
Schwaben Club

5. Other Name(s)
Schwaben Beneficial Society



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Travis Van & Storage Co.		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1921		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532600 44681060		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
Zone Easting Northing		20. Contractor or Builder		
10. Site Building ☐ Structure ☐		21. Original Use, if apparent warehouse		4. Present Name(s)
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use warehouse		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		4. Present Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known McLaughlin, Ed'n LOP # 11		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		4. Present Name(s)
15. Name of Established District		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Utilitarian structure with a handsome facade consisting of a rusticated base with a central entrance framed with a stone surround, decorative brickwork, a simple cornice line and the name in the parapet.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		5. Other Name(s) Travis Van & Storage Co.
43. History and Significance Travis Van & Storage Co., was founded by Z.L. Travis in 1900. This warehouse was constructed in 1921. The firm was sold in 1945 but the name was retained.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on the northwest fringe of the Central Business District. Railroad tracks are located behind the building. The area is mixed commercial/residential.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		5. Other Name(s) Travis Van & Storage Co.
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		5. Other Name(s) Travis Van & Storage Co.

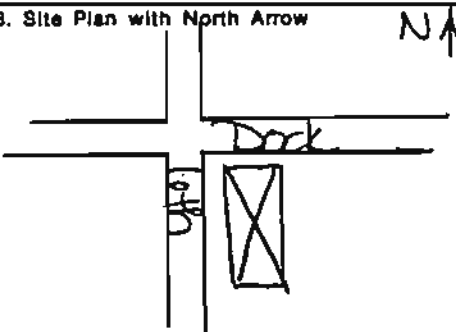


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Jefferson Kingston Apartments
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Kingston Apartments		
6. Specific Location Across from 311 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1917		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Spanish Mission Revival influenc.		30. Foundation Material
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction masonry
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
		21. Original Use, if apparent apartments		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 10
		22. Present Use apartments		34. Wall Treatment stucco
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532140 4448050		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known McLaughlin & Roberts bldg lot # 4		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐
Zone Easting Northing		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story multi-family dwelling with stucco facing, multi-paned windows, a centrally located entrance portico flanked by Doric columns, a swag decoration centered on the facade and brackets supporting a tile shed roof on the facade.				
43. History and Significance Built in 1917 as an investment property, it is a good example of this type of apartment development in downtown Steubenville. It is believed to have been developed by King Realty, who also built the Washington Square and King-Frederick Apartments nearby.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located in a deteriorated area on the northwestern fringe of the Central Business District. A number of buildings in the area have been demolished.				5. Other Name(s) Kingston Apartments
45. Sources of Information City Directories				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 7/85				49. Revision Date(s)



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Ohio Public Moving & Storage Co.				1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Floto Bakery				2. County Jefferson	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO						4. Present Name(s) Ohio Public Moving & Storage Co.	
6. Specific Location 328 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3		5. Other Name(s) Floto Bakery	
7. City or Town if Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880s		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material			
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532660 44108140 Zone Easting Northing		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick			
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		33. No. of Bays Front 10 Side 3			
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		34. Wall Treatment			
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle			
14. District Potent'ly? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known McLaughlin Robert lot #7		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐			
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair			
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Simple brick commercial building with segmental arched openings with 2/2 and 1/1 sash, paired brackets in the cornice and a stone nameplate with "Floto Bakery" in the parapet. The third floor at the rear appears to be a later addition as it has different window treatment (rectangular with stone lintels) than the rest of the building.							
43. History and Significance William Floto was a grocer and baker. He was born in Germany in 1831 and worked for his brother in the shoe business for 30 years. He built this brick business block with a grocery and bakery c. 1880 and operated it until his death in 1905. This building is one of the few remaining commercial buildings in this neighborhood north of the central business district.							
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a mixed commercial/residential area north of the central business district.							
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Industries Profile, 1905 city directories				46. Prepared by Nancy Riechle 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 9/85			
				49. Revision Date(s)			



1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		134	2. County Mahoning
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Smurthwaite Residence			
8. Specific Location 414 N. 6th St.		18. Thematic Category manufacturing/industry; eth/imm		28. No. of Stories 2	3. Present Name(s) Anderson Add'n OF #7
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1870s		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow Ogan North St. ↑		18. Style or Design Italianate		30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		22. Present Use residence		34. Wall Treatment painted common bond	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Anderson Add'n OF #7		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorate	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4468900		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	5. Other Name(s) Smurthwaite Residence
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? neglect Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒				40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐				41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒					
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
15. Name of Established District					
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome brick Italianate residence with characteristic segmental arched openings with elaborate hoodmoulds, entrance with transom, projecting bay on the side and a bracketed cornice. The porch, which extends across the front, is a later addition.					
43. History and Significance This residence belonged to William Smurthwaite and his heirs from at least 1895-1950. Smurthwaite came to the U.S. from England in 1859 and had served as the Superintendent of the Steubenville Coal & Mining Co. for nearly 50 years when he retired in 1906. His son then became the superintendent. His daughter, Harriet, became a teacher and lived here until the 1950s.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street without a front yard in a densely developed residential neighborhood. It is an area where there has been disinvestment.					
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Sanborn maps City directories		48. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
		47. Organization B. D. Rickey & Co.			
		48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)	

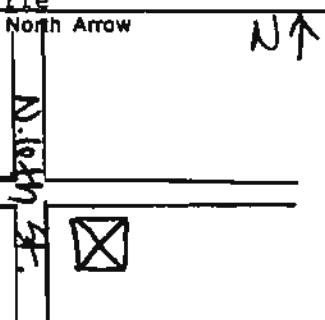


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location North Sixth Street 2nd, 3rd & 4th house south of Clinton on N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category		2. County Mahoning
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880s		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow NA Clinton ☐ ☒ ☒ ☒		18. Style or Design Gothic Revival influence		
		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder		
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 4468360		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒				
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				
14. District Yes ☐ Potent'l? No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Row of small, 1½ story cottages with gable end facing the street and decorative bargeboards. The porches have all been enclosed.				
43. History and Significance This row stands out in this neighborhood for its smaller scale and the placement of 2 houses per lot. The 1902 atlas shows four houses on these two lots. They were probably built in the 1880s. This area of N. 6th St. is close to the Acme Glass Works and there are some smaller houses interspersed among the larger houses in the neighborhood.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located very close together and close to the street in a residential neighborhood.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn Maps				46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie
				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.
				48. Date 1985
				49. Revision Date(s)

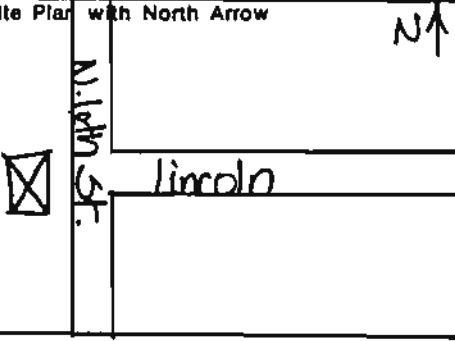


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				
6. Specific Location 638 N. 6th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s)
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1850	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Greek Revival influence	30. Foundation Material stone	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction brick	
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition	
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence	33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side	
		22. Present Use residence	34. Wall Treatment 5-course common bond	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape irregular	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Sherrard Add'n lot # 17	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532760 4408540		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒	37. Condition Interior Exterior deteriorated	
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three-bay brick residence with a coursed ashlar foundation, entrance with transom, 2/2 windows with shaped lintels and cornice with returns on the original portion. A two story frame addition with shiplap siding dates from at least 1900. A porch is located along the north side of the house.				
43. History and Significance This is one of the few surviving mid-19th century houses in this late 19th-early 20th century neighborhood. It was the home of Mrs. Michael Lawler from at least 1895-1902. During the 1910s, G.R. Balsey, superintendent of the H.C. Cook Co. (printers, book binders & stationers) lived here. It is a little altered example of residential architecture of the period.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot, close to the sidewalk in a residential neighborhood.				
45. Sources of Information City Directories			46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
			47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
			48. Date 1/85	
			49. Revision Date(s)	



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		W.R. Alban Residence 137		
6. Specific Location 723 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1903		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne influence		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4468600		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) W.R. Alban Residence
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
16. Local Contact Person or Organization		26. Other Surveys in Which Included		
17. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This 2½ story frame residence shows some Queen Anne characteristics such as: the different siding materials - shiplap siding with shingles in the gable ends and a projecting front bay with decorative corner brackets. The porch extends across the front of the house and has fluted Ionic columns.		27. Condition Interior Exterior good		
18. History and Significance This residence was built after 1902 and before 1907. It was the residence of W.R. Alban until at least the 1930s. Alban was an attorney and served as prosecuting attorney from 1902-1909. This is a good example of the turn-of-the-century housing stock in this neighborhood.		28. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		7. Other Name(s)
19. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back slightly from the street with a number of overgrown trees in the front yard.		29. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
20. Sources of Information Sanborn Insurance maps City Directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910		30. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
21. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		31. Distance from and Frontage on Road		8. Other Name(s)
22. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co		32. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)		
23. Date 149. Revision Date(s)		33. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Judge Cook Residence		
8. Specific Location /29 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category politics/reform/welfare/ ~~commercial~~		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		
6. Site Plan, with North Arrow NA 		18. Style or Design Italianate		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532 7410 4468 6610 Zone Easting Northing		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) Judge Cook Residence
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s) Judge Cook Residence
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Italianate residence with handsome entrance with leaded glass transom and sidelights, segmental arched openings with decorative headmoulds, and paired brackets in the cornice. The porch across the front was added later.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance Judge John Cook owned this residence around the turn of the century. By 1913, it was owned by H.C. Cook, treasurer of the M.C. Cook Co. (stationers, bookbinder and office supplies). Judge Cook practiced law in East Liverpool and Steubenville and served as Prosecuting Attorney and Circuit Judge. He was also president of the Union Deposit Bank of Steubenville. He died in 1910.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings This residence is barely visible behind the overgrown trees in the front yard. It is located on the northwestern fringes of the neighborhood north of the central business district.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		7. Date 7/85
45. Sources of Information Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson County, 1910 City Directories		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 7/85		
		49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Nicholson-Robertson Residence		
6. Specific Location 735 N. 6th St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N 14th St. Madison		18. Style or Design Queen Anne		
		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
		20. Contractor or Builder		
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
		22. Present Use residence		4. Present Name(s)
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532800 44681610		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		4. Present Name(s)
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
10. Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which included		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s) Nicholson-Robertson Residence
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		
15. Name of Established District		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Typical Queen Anne treatment includes irregular massing, projecting bay in front, fishscale shingles in gable, decorative frieze and porch across the front.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		5. Other Name(s) Nicholson-Robertson Residence
43. History and Significance This building first appears in the 1907 Sanborn map. It was the home of a Mr. Nicholson at that time. It later (c. 1915) became the residence of J.F. Robertson. Joseph Robertson was a prominent doctor and surgeon and had been in practice 20 years when the 1910 county history was written. This house is a very good example of Queen Anne architecture and is one of very few large houses along N. 6th St.		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a very overgrown lot on the western edge of this neighborhood north of the Central Business District.		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 City Directories		48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)



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OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Schoppe Residence		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) McCracken/Jenney/Harmuth Residence		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO				2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 739 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1880		4. Present Name(s) Schoppe Residence
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N. 6th St. MADISON		18. Style or Design Italianate		
		19. Architect or Engineer		3. Present Name(s) McCracken/Jenney/Harmuth Residence
		20. Contractor or Builder		
		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		5. Other Name(s) McCracken/Jenney/Harmuth Residence
		22. Present Use residence		
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known C.K. Schoppe 739 N. 7th St.		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532780 4468160		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		28. No. of Stories 2		
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☐		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		30. Foundation Material stone		
14. District Potent? Yes ☒ No ☐		31. Wall Construction brick		
15. Name of Established District		32. Roof Type & Material hip/asphalt		
		33. No. of Bays Front Side		
		34. Wall Treatment painted brick		
		35. Plan Shape		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Simple Italianate treatment with segmental arched openings, 1/1 window sash. The wide eaves suggest that the building originally had a bracketed cornice. The porch has been altered.				
43. History and Significance This residence is shown in the 1902 atlas as the property of J. McCracken, one of the owners of the J & G.P. McCracken Insurance Co. G.P. McCracken lived next door. Review of early 20th century directories listed Misses Lucy (a teacher) and Eliz. McCracken as residents until at least 1930. Also listed as residents were E.T. Jenney, landscape gardener and Superintendent of Union Cemetery (1910) and George Harmuth, Superintendent of Weirton Steel Co. (c. 1930s).				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located among a row of significant homes in the north end. It is set back from the street with a small front yard.				
45. Sources of Information City Directories Sanborn Maps Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization B.D Rickey & Co.				
48. Date 12/85				
49. Revision Date(s)				

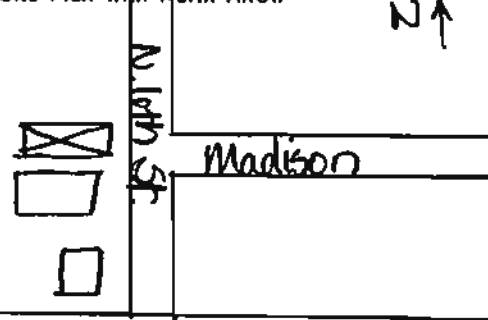


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		G.P. McCracken residence		
6. Specific Location 741 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial;politics/ref/selfare		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow N ↑ Madison		18. Style or Design Colonial Revival influence		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5328100 4416816810		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) G.P. McCracken Residence
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Two and a half story frame residence with narrow horizontal siding, a stained glass transom over the first floor window, a novelty oval window with pedimented trim above the entrance, a central dormer with gabled roofline, dentils in the cornice and on the porch which also has fluted Ionic columns.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This home dates from c.1905 and was built by G.P. McCracken, who was in the real estate and insurance business. He also served two terms as Jefferson County Treasurer. It was later (1930s-50s) the home of Albert J. Woolpert, owner of Woolpert Brothers Grocer. It is an intact example of housing from the early 20th century.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back slightly from the street with a small front yard and side driveway. A garage is located at the rear.		28. No. of Stories 2 1/2		7. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Sanborn Insurance maps City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
46. Prepared by N. Recchie		30. Foundation Material stone		
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		31. Wall Construction frame		8. Other Name(s)
48. Date 9/85		32. Roof Type & Material hip/composition		
49. Revision Date(s)		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 3		
48. Date 9/85		34. Wall Treatment narrow horizontal		9. Other Name(s)
49. Revision Date(s)		35. Plan Shape irregular		
48. Date 9/85		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
49. Revision Date(s)		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		10. Other Name(s)
48. Date 9/85		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
49. Revision Date(s)		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
48. Date 9/85		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		11. Other Name(s)
49. Revision Date(s)		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
48. Date 9/85		42. Distance from and Frontage on Road		

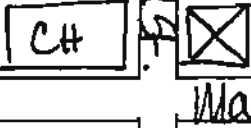


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		D.M. Gruber Residence 139		
6. Specific Location 743 N. 6th St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1905		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Queen Anne influence		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 932810 4468700		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s)
10. Zone Easting Northing Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		22. Present Use residence		5. Other Name(s) D.M. Gruber Residence
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent? Yes ☒ No ☐		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		6. Other Name(s)
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Queen Anne style characteristics include the irregular roofline, narrow siding with fishscale siding in the gable, projecting front bay and stained glass window in front. The porch extends across the front of the house.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This residence was built after the 1902 atlas and before the 1905 city directory. It was the residence of D.M. Gruber, an attorney, from 1905 to at least the 1910s. Gruber was admitted to the bar in 1882 and established his own practice in 1887. In the 1930s Fred Shannon, a funeral director lived here. It is a well preserved example of an early 20th century upper middle class residence. The houses along the west side of this block of N. 6th are quite a bit larger than those across the street and		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings were built by mainly professional people. Set back slightly from the street with a small front yard and side driveway.		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		7. Other Name(s)
45. Sources of Information Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910 Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947 Sanborn Insurance maps City Directories		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		

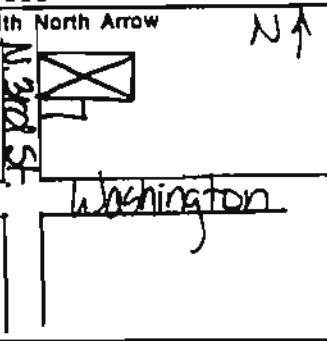


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Steubenville Building & Loan Association		
6. Specific Location 100 N. 3rd St.		16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 3	3. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s)
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1910	29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Neo-Classical influence	30. Foundation Material concrete block	
		19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction masonry?	
		20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
		21. Original Use, if apparent offices	33. No. of Bays Front 9 Side 6	
		22. Present Use offices	34. Wall Treatment terra cotta	
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior excellent	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532810 4467540 Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	5. Other Name(s) Steubenville Building & Loan Association
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒			40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒			41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒				
14. District Potent? Yes ☒ No ☐				
15. Name of Established District				
42. Further Description of Important Features. (Continue on reverse if necessary) This three story commercial structure has handsome terra cotta facing on the Third & Market St elevations, while the other elevations are all brick. Detailing includes a cornice above the storefronts, urns & floral decoration in the spandrels between the second & third floors, & a decorative cornice with the building's name in the frieze.				
43. History and Significance Steubenville Building & Loan Association was incorporated in 1888. One of its founders was the Honorable William M. Miller, Miller & Miller Attorneys. There is little else known about the history of the bank or the construction of this building. The bank was located here since at least 1905, although the building is probably slightly later. It has handsome terra cotta details and is an important building in the CBD of Steubenville.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot, across Third St. from the courthouse. It is free standing and surrounded by parking lots.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps Mueller's Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City directories Doyle, 20th Century History of Steubenville & Jefferson Co., 1910		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie 47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co. 48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		

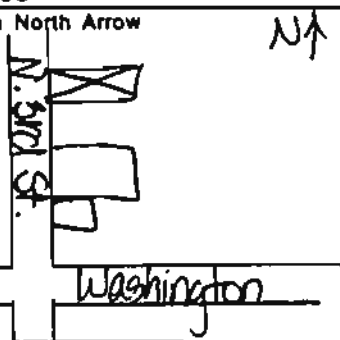


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.	4. Present Name(s) Pietro Di Novo & Son		1. No.
2. County Jefferson	5. Other Name(s)		2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO			4. Present Name(s) Pietro De Novo & Son
6. Specific Location 218 N. 3rd St.	16. Thematic Category commercial	28. No. of Stories 2	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville	17. Date(s) or Period c. 1922	29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 	18. Style or Design	30. Foundation Material	
	19. Architect or Engineer	31. Wall Construction concrete	
	20. Contractor or Builder	32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
	21. Original Use, if apparent auto dealership	33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side	
	22. Present Use auto dealership	34. Wall Treatment brick facing	
	23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒	35. Plan Shape rectangle	
	24. Owner's Name & Address, if known	36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐	
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 9308910 4467760	25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐	37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐	26. Local Contact Person or Organization	38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒	27. Other Surveys in Which Included	39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
14. District Yes ☐ Potent'l? No ☒			
15. Name of Established District			
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Fairly utilitarian design with large expanses of window on the 2nd story and storefronts below. The decorative terra cotta is in an auto-related tire motif. Other decorative features include the decorative brickwork and stone coping. The interior consists of a storefront with the remaining space a garage.			
43. History and Significance This is one of the earliest auto-related buildings in Steubenville. It is still a dealership run by descendants of Pietro Di Novo.			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Free-standing building located close to the street. A parking lot separates it from the other Pietro Di Novo & Son building to the north.			
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
		48. Date 49. Revision Date(s)	



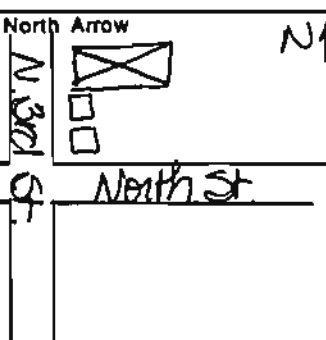
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Pietro Di Nova & Sons		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 230-232 N. 3rd St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1922		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532900 4467800		19. Architect or Engineer		2. County Jefferson
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent auto sales		4. Present Name(s)
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use auto sales		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		2. County Jefferson
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		4. Present Name(s)
		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Brick commercial building with decorative terra cotta spandrels, cornice and nameplate. The central entrance leads to the apartments above and the storefronts are original.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		5. Other Name(s) Pietro De Nova & Sons
43. History and Significance Built between 1918-1924, this building and the one to the south are among the earliest auto-related commercial buildings in Steubenville. They remain virtually intact and the business is still operated by the Di Novo family. The owner lives in the 2nd floor apartment.		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street, on the eastern edge of the central business district.		
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		5. Other Name(s) Pietro De Nova & Sons
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 9/85		5. Other Name(s) Pietro De Nova & Sons
		49. Revision Date(s)		



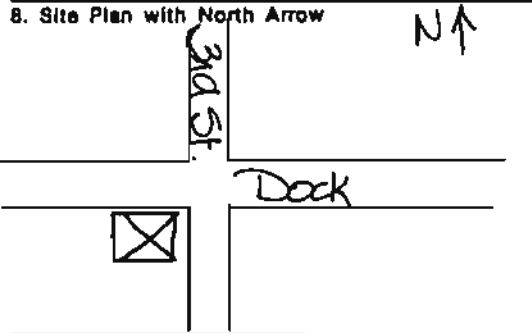


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives QHPO		Alba Court		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 306 N. 3rd St.		18. Thematic Category commercial		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1918		4. Present Name(s)
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 117 532916D 44167916D		19. Architect or Engineer		5. Other Name(s) Alba Court
10. Zone Easting Northing Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent multi-family		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use vacant		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot #383		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Handsome apartment building constructed of dark red brick with cut stone lintels (fluted and with swag design), decorative stone panels with classical detailing (swags & urns) on the facade, stone cornice with the name, recessed entry, dumbbell plan to allow for light courts.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
43. History and Significance This apartment building first appeared in the 1918 City Directory. It is an excellent example of the substantial and attractive apartment houses built downtown during the 1910-30 period.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the street in a mixed commercial/residential area. Vacant lot to the north and U.S. Rt 7 runs behind the building. It is a high vacancy area on the fringe of the Central Business District.		28. No. of Stories 3		
45. Sources of Information City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		30. Foundation Material stone		
		31. Wall Construction brick		
		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 6		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape dumbell		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior Fair		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		39. Endangered? By What? neglect Yes ☒ No ☐		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
				
		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 8/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



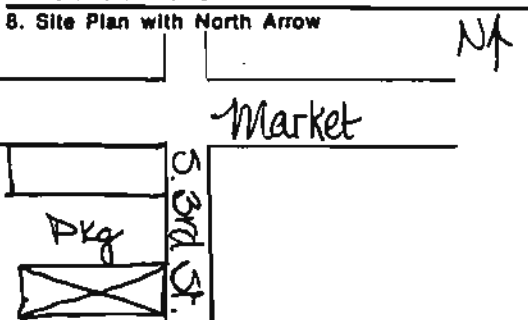
OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s) 3D Market		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s) Linehan House			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
8. Specific Location 337 N. 3rd St.		16. Thematic Category commercial		3. Present Name(s) 3D Market	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1830			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Federal			
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 835 960 4418020		19. Architect or Engineer		4. Present Name(s) 3D Market	
10. Zone Easting Northing Site Building ☒ Structure Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent residence			
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		5. Other Name(s) Linehan House	
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known lot no. 398			
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		6. Other Name(s)	
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Although altered, this building still possesses portions of a fan-light entrance (smooth stone surround & keystone), cornice and some of the original sash in upper story windows. The building has several additions and has been turned into a commercial building.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			
43. History and Significance It is very altered but this is probably one of the oldest building remaining in the downtown area of Steubenville. It still maintains some of the characteristics of the Federal Style. C.E. Linehan (sold stoves) owned the building from 1870s-1910.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included			
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on a corner lot in a deteriorated area of N. 3rd St.		28. No. of Stories 2		7. Other Name(s)	
45. Sources of Information Beers, Atlas of Jefferson County, 1871 Mueller, Atlas of Steubenville, 1902 City Directories		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐			
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		30. Foundation Material stone			
47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		31. Wall Construction brick		8. Other Name(s)	
48. Date 8/85		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition			
49. Revision Date(s)		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side			
		34. Wall Treatment painted			
		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐			
		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair			
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
					



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

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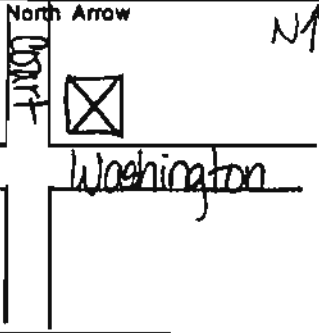
1. No.		4. Present Name(s) Municipal Building		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Market House		2. County Jefferson
6. Specific Location 123-33 S. 3rd St.		18. Thematic Category commercial, pol/ref/welfare		
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1915		4. Present Name(s) Municipal Building
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		19. Architect or Engineer		
		20. Contractor or Builder		5. Other Name(s) Market House
		21. Original Use, if apparent markethouse		
		22. Present Use municipal building		
		23. Ownership Public ☒ Private ☐		
		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5327100 4467440		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		
Zone Easting Northing		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		28. No. of Stories 1		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		30. Foundation Material		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☐		31. Wall Construction brick		
15. Name of Established District		32. Roof Type & Material gable/composition		
		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 11		
		34. Wall Treatment		
		35. Plan Shape rectangular		
		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☒ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		
		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		
		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Single story building with large expanses of window along both sides. The facade with round-arched openings and battlemented parapet was probably added when it became the city offices in the early 1920s. The interior has been divided into offices.				
43. History and Significance The market house first appeared in a city directory in 1915. It must not have been successful because the city decided to convert it to a municipal building in 1922. It has served as the city hall for over 60 years.				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located on S. 3rd St. on the southern edge of the Central Business district. The building across the street was demolished for the construction of a new Post Office. An earlier market was located in the city building which was built in the 1880s on the site where the Cohen-Reiner Block was constructed in 1929.				
45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947				
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie				
47. Organization				

OHIO
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY
SINCE 1885

OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY						1985 Velma Avenue Columbus Ohio 43211 614-466-1500		OHIO HISTORICAL SOCIETY SINCE 1885	
1. No. 2. County Jefferson		4. Present Name(s) Washington Square Apartments				59		2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Washington Square Apartments	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)							
6. Specific Location 153 Washington		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 4		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐		5. Other Name(s)	
7. City or Town Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920		30. Foundation Material		31. Wall Construction masonry			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design Italian Renaissance Revival		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		33. No. of Bays Front 9 Side 4			
		19. Architect or Engineer		34. Wall Treatment		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
		20. Contractor or Builder King Realty & Insurance Co.		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐		37. Condition Interior _____ Exterior good			
		21. Original Use, if apparent apartments/commercial		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
		22. Present Use apartments/commercial		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 532600 4467800		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, If known					
10. Site Building Structure Object Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		25. Is It Eligible? Yes ☒ No ☐		26. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒					
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		12. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		13. Name of Established District		Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) This is an early 20th c. apartment building. Constructed of yellow brick with contrasting stone trim. The storefronts are intact with one pilasters, prismglass transoms and tile bulkheads. The entrance the apartments is enhanced with carved stonework & classical railing. Other notable features include the basketweave and diagonal brickwork, the parapet with a balustrade and the decorative panels.			
14. Well preserved and an excellent example of urban multi-family dwellings from this period. The building was developed by the King Realty & Insurance Co. They built other fine apartment buildings including the King-Frederick Apartments on N. 4th St.		15. Description of Environment and Outbuildings located on the northern edge of the CBD on a corner lot without setbacks.		16. Additional Information Directories ville Sesquicentennial, 1947		42. Prepared by Nancy Recchie			
17. Organization		43. Organization		44. Organization		45. Organization			

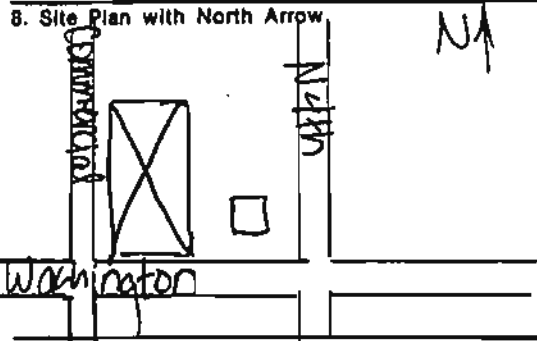


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No. 2. County Jefferson 4. Present Name(s) Jefferson McLaughlin Building
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		McLaughlin Building		
6. Specific Location 315-319 Washington		16. Thematic Category commercial		28. No. of Stories 3
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1915-1920		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 5321690 4467600		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial/apartments		33. No. of Bays Front 5 Side 6
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial/apartments		34. Wall Treatment
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangle
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☐ Moved ☐
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior good
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Early 20th century commercial building with four storefronts with prism glass transoms, central round arched windows, decorative brickwork, stone trim and a metal cornice.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐
43. History and Significance Typical early 20th century arch/lecture with simple ornamentation. A number of these buildings (commercial with apartments above) were constructed during the period from 1900-1930 to accommodate the increase in population due to industrial expansion.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Situating close to the street on a corner lot. The post office is to the west and there are parking lots to the north and east.		45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City Directories		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road
48. Date 9/85		49. Revision Date(s)		5. Other Name(s) McLaughlin Building

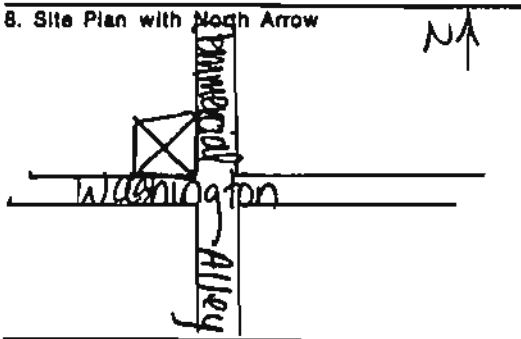


OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)		
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		Martha Apartments		
6. Specific Location 413 Washington		16. Thematic Category commercial		2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1920s		
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 532700 4467800		19. Architect or Engineer		
10. Site ☐ Structure ☐ Building ☒ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial		
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use commercial		
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☐		
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☐		
26. Local Contact Person or Organization		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		4. Present Name(s) Martha Apartments
28. No. of Stories 3		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		
30. Foundation Material		31. Wall Construction brick		
32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up		33. No. of Bays Front 6 Side -		
34. Wall Treatment		35. Plan Shape rectangle		
36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐		37. Condition Interior Exterior good		
38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒		
40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road		
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Built in two sections, this brick building features a glazed terra cotta facade. The entrance is located in the central bay of the larger section with the name "MARTHA" above the doorway. The spandrels are decorated and it has a cornice above storefronts as well as at the cornice line. The 2 bay section has the same cornice profile but is only 2 stories in height and has different window treatment.				
43. History and Significance This building appeared in the city directory in 1929 as the Martha Apartments. A number of well-designed and handsome apartment buildings were constructed in Steubenville during the 1900-1930 period. This building, like the other apartments in the central business district has commercial uses on the first floor. Those located a few blocks to the north in a residential area are entirely residential. It is a				
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings fairly simple terra cotta building in Steubenville. Located on the northern edge of the central business district.				
45. Sources of Information Sanborn maps City directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		5. Other Name(s) Martha Apartments
		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		
		48. Date 9/85 49. Revision Date(s)		



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		5. Other Name(s)			2. County Jefferson
3. Location of Negatives OHPO					
6. Specific Location 421-423 Washington		Mildner Flats/Stratford Apartments		4. Present Name(s)	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		16. Thematic Category commercial			5. Other Name(s)
		17. Date(s) or Period c. 1913			
8. Site Plan with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design early 20th century		28. No. of Stories 4	
		19. Architect or Engineer			29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐
9. U.T.M. Reference 17 5321660 4467850		20. Contractor or Builder			
		21. Original Use, if apparent commercial/apartments		31. Wall Construction brick	
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		22. Present Use commercial/apartments			32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up
		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒			
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		34. Wall Treatment	
		25. Open to Public? Yes ☒ No ☐			35. Plan Shape rectangular
12. Is It Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		26. Local Contact Person or Organization			
		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		37. Condition Interior Exterior good	
13. Part of Estab. Yes ☐ Hist. Dist.? No ☒		28. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			38. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒
		29. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		30. Distance from and Frontage on Road		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
15. Name of Established District		31. Distance from and Frontage on Road			42. Distance from and Frontage on Road
16. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Buff-colored brick building with colorful (yellow, green & rust) ceramic tile in the spandrels and at the cornice line. The entrance to the apartments is in the center bay and is flanked by store-fronts.					
43. History and Significance The building first appeared in the city director in 1914 as the Mildner Flats and by the late 1920s as the Stratford Apartments. This is one of a number of well constructed apartment buildings constructed in downtown Steubenville during the 1900-30 period. The early 20th century was marked by rapid industrial expansion which led to population growth. These apartment buildings were undoubtedly built to meet the demand for housing.					
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Located close to the street on the northern edge of the Central Business District.		45. Sources of Information City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
46. Prepared by		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.			48. Date
47. Organization		48. Date			
48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)			

50. House Type No.

Code No. Name

51. Historic Outbuildings and Dependencies

Barn Type(s)

Code No. Type

Corn Crib or Shed ☐ Smoke House, ☐ Privy ☐
 Silo ☐ Spring House ☐ Carriage House ☐
 Summer Kitchen ☐ or Ice House

Other _____

52. Archaeological Site on Property?

Yes ☐
 No ☐

Basis for Information

Owner Collection ☐
 Above Ground Earthworks or Mound ☐
 Cultural Materials Noted ☐ OAI No. _____

53. Farmstead Plan

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35
36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45

54. Photo

Roll No. _____ Picture No(s). _____

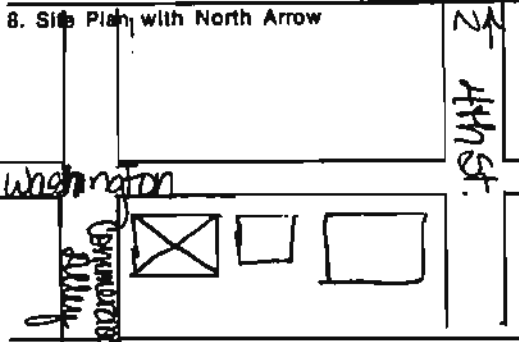
42. (Cont'd)

43 continued:

Carl Mildner operated the Imperial Hotel and owned a dairy farm that supplied the Steubenville Pure Milk Co.



OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		51	1. No.
2. County Jefferson		Jefferson Co. Community Action Center			
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)			
6. Specific Location 422 Washington		16. Thematic Category education; pol./social welfare		28. No. of Stories 3	2. County Jefferson
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity Steubenville		17. Date(s) or Period 1921, ded. 1922		29. Basement? Yes ☒ No ☐	
8. Site Plan, with North Arrow 		18. Style or Design		30. Foundation Material raised	
9. U.T.M. Reference Zone Easting Northing 17 535680 4467770		19. Architect or Engineer		31. Wall Construction brick	4. Present Name(s) Jefferson Co. Community Action Center
10. Site ☐ Building ☒ Structure ☐ Object ☐		20. Contractor or Builder		32. Roof Type & Material flat/built up	
11. On National Register? Yes ☐ No ☒		21. Original Use, if apparent fraternal lodge		33. No. of Bays Front 3 Side 9	
12. Is it Eligible? Yes ☐ No ☒		22. Present Use offices		34. Wall Treatment	5. Other Name(s)
13. Part of Estab. Hist. Dist.? Yes ☐ No ☒		23. Ownership Public ☐ Private ☒		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
14. District Potent'l? Yes ☐ No ☒		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known Diocese of Steubenville		36. Changes (Explain in #42) Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
15. Name of Established District		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		37. Condition Interior Exterior fair	3. No.
42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary) Three story brick building with symmetrical facade, central entrance with a small portico, 6/1 windows, simple pilasters and a restrained cornice.		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
43. History and Significance This building was constructed by the Knights of Pythias in 1922. Steubenville College was formed by the Diocese of Steubenville in 1945 and this building was its first home. The University of Steubenville campus is now located on a hill overlooking the Ohio Valley. This building is used as offices by the Diocese of Steubenville.		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings Set back from the street and located on the northern edge of the Central Business District.		45. Sources of Information Steubenville Sesquicentennial, 1947		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	3. No.
46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie		47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
48. Date		49. Revision Date(s)			





OHIO HISTORIC INVENTORY

58

1. No.		4. Present Name(s)		1. No.	
2. County Jefferson		Creegan Co.		2. County Jefferson	
3. Location of Negatives OHPO		5. Other Name(s)		4. Present Name(s) Creegan Co.	
6. Specific Location		16. Thematic Category		28. No. of Stories	
508 Washington		commercial		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐	
7. City or Town If Rural, Township & Vicinity		17. Date(s) or Period		30. Foundation Material	
Steubenville		c. 1920		31. Wall Construction	
8. Site Plan with North Arrow		18. Style or Design		brick	
NA		early 20th century commercial		32. Roof Type & Material	
NA		19. Architect or Engineer		flat/built up	
NA		20. Contractor or Builder		33. No. of Bays	
NA		21. Original Use, if apparent		Front 3 Side	
NA		commercial		34. Wall Treatment	
NA		22. Present Use		35. Plan Shape rectangular	
NA		commercial		36. Changes (Explain in #42)	
NA		23. Ownership		Addition ☐ Altered ☒ Moved ☐	
NA		24. Owner's Name & Address, if known		37. Condition	
NA		25. Open to Public? Yes ☐ No ☒		Interior	
NA		26. Local Contact Person or Organization		Exterior good	
NA		27. Other Surveys in Which Included		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐	
NA		28. No. of Stories		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒	
NA		29. Basement? Yes ☐ No ☐		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐	
NA		30. Foundation Material		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road	
NA		31. Wall Construction			
NA		32. Roof Type & Material			
NA		33. No. of Bays			
NA		34. Wall Treatment			
NA		35. Plan Shape rectangular			
NA		36. Changes (Explain in #42)			
NA		37. Condition			
NA		38. Preservation Underway? Yes ☒ No ☐			
NA		39. Endangered? By What? Yes ☐ No ☒			
NA		40. Visible from Public Road? Yes ☒ No ☐			
NA		41. Distance from and Frontage on Road			
NA		42. Further Description of Important Features (Continue on reverse if necessary)		5. Other Name(s) Montgomery Ward Co.	
NA		Constructed in yellow brick with contrasting stone piers separating the bays and as coping on the Flemish-shaped parapet. Decorative brick spandrels decorate the parapet. The original storefront has been altered but the cornice still remains above the signboard.			
NA		43. History and Significance			
NA		Built c. 1920s, this was the Montgomery-Ward Store in 1929. It has housed a variety of commercial enterprises through the years. It is a good example of early 20th century commercial architecture in Steubenville.			
NA		44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings			
NA		Located on the sidewalk on the fringe of the Central Business District. The grade level of Washington St. was changed to provide a railroad underpass for automobile traffic. Therefore, it is in a somewhat isolated position.			
NA		45. Sources of Information			
NA		City Directories		46. Prepared by Nancy Recchie	
NA				47. Organization B.D. Rickey & Co.	
NA				48. Date	
NA				49. Revision Date(s)	