City of Ashland, Kentucky



Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2023

CITY OF ASHLAND, KENTUCKY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



PREPARED BY: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

DIRECTOR'S DIVISION

Tony D. Grubb, CGFM, Finance Director Michelle Veach, Assistant Finance Director Robin Rohauer, Senior Financial Analyst

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1700 Greenup Ave PO BOX 1839 Ashland, KY 41101 www.ashlandky.gov

Mayor Matt Perkins May 7, 2024

Commissioners

Josh Blanton Amanda Clark Marty Gute Cheryl Spriggs

Mayor & Commissioner's Office 606-385-3300

City Manager Michael S. Graese

City Manager's Office 606-385-3303

> City Building Main 606-385-3400

Ashland BusSystem 606-385-3287

> Assisted Housing 606-385-3327

Community & Economic Development 606-385-3317

Engineering & Utilities 606-385-3332

Finance 606-385-3346

Human Resources 606-385-3312

Legal/City Clerk 606-385-3287

Parks and Recreation 606-385-3295

> Public Services 606-385-3332

The Mayor, City Commission, City Manager and Citizens of the City of Ashland, Kentucky

To the Mayor, City Commission, City Manager and Citizens of the City of Ashland, Kentucky:

The Department of Finance is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Ashland, Kentucky for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report was prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the reporting standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes all funds of the Government. The City management is responsible for the accuracy of the data and for the completeness and fairness of the presentation. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data presents the financial position and results of the various activities of the City.

Kelley, Galloway, Smith, Goolsby, PSC, has issued an unmodified opinion that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

Immediately following the independent auditors' report is the section, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Ashland's MD&A begins on page 14.

Profile of the Government

Ashland began as the Village of Poage Settlement in the early 18th, century. In 1854, the name was changed to the Town of Ashland and was incorporated as a city in 1876 with a council of five trustees. Today, Ashland has a mayor, four city commissioners and a city manager. The City Manager, Michael Graese, is the chief administrative officer for the city and reports to the Board of Commissioners. The Mayor is currently Matt Perkins and our City Commissioners are Amanda Clark, Marty Gute, Josh Blanton and Cheryl Spriggs. Department heads report to the City Manager and they include: Jim Moore, Corporation Counsel; Chris Pullem, Director of Community and Economic Development; Tony Grubb, Director of Finance; Jack Hunter, Director of Public Services; Todd Kelley, Chief of Police; Stephen Alley, Fire Chief; Mark Hall, Director of Utilities; Michelle Dickens, Director of Human Resources; Mike Adkins, Director of Risk Management and Sean Murray Director of Parks / Recreation.

The City of Ashland has 328 authorized full-time positions. Of these positions, our largest department is Utilities, comprising 22% of the employees. The Utilities department consists of five different divisions ranging from Water Production to Sewer Collection. The next largest department is our Police department at 20% with 66 total employees.

The General Government of the City contains six divisions: Mayor and Commissioners, City Manager, Legal / City Clerk, Human Resources, Risk Management and Unclassified. These divisions provide the administration for the City. The primary function of the Legal / City Clerk Department is to provide legal assistance to all departments within the City, to represent the City in court cases as needed and maintain official records of the City. The Human Resources department maintains all personnel records on current and previous employees. The Risk Management department coordinates and manages city-

wide safety, loss control, and insurance programs to promote the maintenance of a safe, accident-free and healthy work environment. The risk manager conducts and reviews hazard assessments, analyzes injury statistics, develops safety policies and procedures and ensures we remain in compliance with OSHA rules and regulations. This department also administers the Alcohol Beverage control program and the City's asset management program. The Unclassified division in general government includes insurance, debt service payments, transfers to other funds, miscellaneous grants and appropriations.

The Department of Finance includes the divisions of Director of Finance, Utility Cashier and Mass Transit. The department is responsible for the custody, investment and disbursement of all funds, debt management, pension fund administration, administration of the occupational license fee, coordination of the annual financial audit, compilation of the budget, and providing various types of financial information to city management and elected officials. The Finance department has committed themselves to doing the job right the first time with knowledgeable, efficient and effective service. The department ensures integrity by directing, coordinating and monitoring all service functions and assures progress by developing new and improved techniques and procedures. Finance bills approximately 14,000 utility customers per month and is accountable for the semi-annual billing of property tax customers. The Ashland Bus System (A.B.S.) is the public transportation system of the City and is funded by the Federal Transit Authority (F.T.A.), Kentucky Department of Transportation and the City. The bus system served 73,002 passengers this past year and received \$25,540 in passenger fares. The City is also an authorized ticket agent for the Greyhound Bus Lines selling more than \$27,528 in tickets and bringing in commission of \$1,803.

The Department of Public Services provides a wide range of services and includes the divisions of Director of Public Services, Streets, Solid Waste, Fleet Maintenance, Animal Control, Floodwall and Parking Garage.. The Street department used 19,543 tons of asphalt to pave and patch the City streets and paved 85 roads during the fiscal year. Garbage collection is required of all residents within the City and our Solid Waste division collects on a weekly basis. The recycling program was implemented in fiscal year 2009 and has a recycling center in the City. The City recycled 864 full bins of waste in fiscal year 2023.

The Department of Utility Operations, our largest department, is comprised of Director of Utilities, Water Distribution, Water Production, Wastewater Collection and Wastewater Treatment. The City owns and operates its own water distribution system. The water plant averages about 10 million gallons per day with a design capacity of 24 million gallons per day. In addition to the water produced for the Ashland distribution system, some water produced at the plant is sold to neighboring systems. Water Distribution is the largest division in Utilities in terms of the number of employees. The tasks of the division include the installation and maintenance of water and sanitary sewer mains. Water is distributed using a series of holding tanks and water pump stations. Wastewater is collected using sewer pump stations and forced mains to get it to the treatment plant. Wastewater from outside the City is pumped through the City's collection system to the treatment plant. The treatment plant processes all wastewater pumped in through the collection system. The treated water is tested and must meet all state and federal standards before being released into the Ohio River. The plant is monitored by government agencies, which regulate its operating permit. In fiscal year 2023, we treated approximately 1.1 billion gallons of wastewater.

The Department of Engineering is an integral part of the City, is comprised of the Engineering department and Municipal Aid Road program. It maintains right-of-way records, keeps City maps current, prepares plans and drawings for projects, assigns addresses within the City, reviews building plans prior to permits being issued, and completes all the surveys for City projects. This department also conducts the development, planning and implementation of the combined sewer overflows.

The Department of Community and Economic Development is charged with the functions of land use planning, code enforcement, economic and community development. Tasks include the update and maintenance of the comprehensive plan, review of subdivision plans, site plans, zoning changes, street closings, conditional use permits, and variances. Economic Development can streamline and expedite the business development review process and guide companies through zoning processes, building code regulations, licensing requirement and other development matters. The staff serves the Planning Commission and Board of Zoning Adjustment. Planning and Code is responsible for the long-range and short-range land use planning of Ashland. This division also enforces building and property maintenance codes for properties in Ashland. The building codes govern construction practices on all buildings and structures. The property maintenance code governs the appearance and maintenance of existing structures and property. While some may see the duties as a burden or even intrusive, the City codes are for the benefit of all in the

community. They promote health and safety and help preserve property values. Code Enforcement issued 414 building and zoning permits in fiscal year 2023, bringing in \$43,115 of revenue for the City. This division also administers funding received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in the form of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. A portion of the City's annual entitlement funding is devoted to homeowner improvements such as emergency rehabilitation, architectural barriers and acquisition for affordable housing. The code officers assist with the CDBG housing projects - mainly the homeowner rehabilitation program. It provides repairs, energy conservation measures, and other home improvements up to \$25,000 per home. Ashland has two target neighborhoods: East Central and Pollard. They were designated based on the median income of the residents according to U.S. Census data. The housing voucher program, also known as Section 8, provides rental assistance to families throughout Boyd County. The goal of the program is to provide low-income families with decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing through rental assistance payments. The voucher program is funded by Housing and Urban Development's public housing funds.

The Ashland Police Department is the second largest department in the City, it strives to identify and respond to the needs of the community; take the lead in solving community problems; instill a professional attitude and enhance the overall quality of life through mutual trust, respect, and the fair enforcement of the laws while carefully safeguarding the self-respect of all. The Ashland Police Department was organized in the late 1800's with the first executive officer being a town Marshal who was elected. Today's police department has an authorized strength of 66, with 59 sworn officers. One civilian employee serves administrative support roles, three school resource officers and three parapolice handle tasks not requiring the services of a sworn officer, e.g., parking enforcement, information center, records management, and property control.

The Ashland Fire Department is a full-time professional fire department with 53 full-time employees. The department has two functions: fire suppression and fire prevention. The fire suppression division is responsible for all fire suppression, rescue services and hazardous materials response. The fire prevention division conducts semi-annual life safety inspections of all multi-family and commercial occupancies. The Fire Department was founded in 1856 as a volunteer fire department and became a full-time paid fire department in 1885. The principles the Ashland Fire Department were founded upon, and continues to strive to meet are dedication, determination, courage, excellence, teamwork, pride, leadership, commitment and honor. In fiscal year 2023, the department completed 2,076 fire and EMS runs.

The Parks and Recreation Department provides many opportunities for recreational activities for families. The park system consists of the following parks: Central Park, AK Sports Park, Southside Park, Riverfront Park, Oliverio Park, Linear Park, Dawson Park and Municipal Pool, Spring Park and Pollard Mills Park. The parks add charm and beauty to our City and offer many various activities including Winter Wonderland of Lights, Summer Motion, Easter Egg Hunt, summer concerts at the bandstand, on the Riverfront and at Broadway Square, Bluegrass Festival, Halloween Trick or Treat/Haunted Trail, Brass Band, picnics and cookouts. The activity rooms in the Round House and Log Cabin host various events from weddings to family reunions, including Santa Claus after the annual Christmas parade. The City acquired the Ashland Cemetery Company in September 2009 which was included in the Parks and Recreation Department. The cemetery was transferred to the City for \$1 and has capital assets and inventory valued over \$3 million dollars. Ashland Cemetery Company is a historic treasure in the community. The first burial took place prior to the Civil War and the first rustic memorial still graces the landscape that has become the Ashland Cemetery. The cemetery holds a Revolutionary War Memorial of two members of Ashland's founding fathers: General John Poage and Colonel George Poage. The Ashland Cemetery is a unique part of our community and was officially established in 1870. Since then, the cemetery has been serving the families of our city.

Internal Control

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse. It must also ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of a control should ordinarily not exceed the benefits to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state monies, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control system is in place and functioning properly to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The internal control system is subject to periodic management evaluation.

As a part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control system, including those controls related to federal programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The result of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, provides no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control system.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. The City had four findings during fiscal year 2023. All these findings dealt with the administration of the Section 8 Voucher program. The findings included waiting list preference codes assigned to individuals that did not agree with information on original application, tenant documentation inaccurate, not giving tenant 30 day notice of rent increase and utility allowance schedule not updated during the year.

Demographics

Ashland is located on the Ohio River and is part of the metro "triangle" comprised of Ironton, Ohio, Huntington, West Virginia and Ashland, Kentucky. This location makes Ashland a major river port and manufacturing town. Ashland is eastern Kentucky's largest urban area and a center for health care, commerce, banking and recreational activities. The City currently encompasses 17.02 square miles. We continue to expand in the areas of art, entertainment and cultural events while maintaining an aggressive nature to progress and grow. The population of Ashland is 21,342 and experienced a decline between 2000 and 2010 that is projected to continue in the future. The rate of decline has slowed significantly as opposed to the rate between 1980 and 1990. The City lost 12.53% of its population between 1980 and 1990, 6.95% between 1990 and 2000 and only 1.35% between 2000 and 2010.

Ashland distinctly experiences all four seasons, with vivid fall foliage and occasional snow in winter. Average highs are around 87°F in July, the warmest month, and average lows are around 20°F in January, the coolest month. Average annual precipitation is 44.8 inches, with the wettest month being May, averaging 4.9 inches.

Significant Events

The *Poage Landing Days*' festival promotes the commercial, cultural, and social welfare of the Ashland area. The festival was voted one of the "Top 25" downtown festivals in Kentucky by the Kentucky Main Street Program. Poage Landing Days' features popular events such as an antique car show, tractor show, motorcycle show and the Poage Landing Days' Beauty Pageant along with various other events to challenge both the athletic and the artistic.

The Summer Motion festival features a wide variety of family entertainment such as games, rides, a petting zoo, food court, parade, live headliner concerts and health screenings. The Ashland skies shine brightly every 4th of July with a spectacular fireworks display.

Winter Wonderland of Lights is a six-week festival held in Ashland's Central Park and throughout the downtown area. Stroll through central park ablaze with over sixty magical holiday displays containing over 800,000 lights. Take your children or grandchildren on the "Winter Wonderland Express" train and top off your evening with a visit to Santa in Ashland's oldest home which is in Central Park.

The annual *Repair Affair* is a one-day event of home repairs for low income, disabled, and elderly homeowners. Home repairs consist of yard work, exterior painting, porch replacements, handicap ramp construction and many other repairs.

The Paramount Arts Center is now holding annual musical festivals on our Riverfront which was developed from over \$10 million in Federal Highway Administration SAFETEA-LU funds. The purpose of this project was to create a unique waterfront that will serve as a legacy for current and future generations of residents and visitors to the City. It incorporated existing assets such as the historical Depot building, brick roadways and floodwall murals. The riverfront allows for commercial activity in a park setting with views of the river and can accommodate festivals and events, such as Summer Motion.

The Engineering & Utilities department is in the final engineering phase of the new Wastewater Treatment plant. This is the final phase of the *Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO)* initiative. We have previously finished the planning and engineering for the \$14.6 million collection portion of this project which began in September of 2007. This project has improved the water quality of the Ohio River by reducing the frequency, duration and volume of CSO discharges from the Ashland combined sewer system. The Wastewater Treatment phase of this project is projected to cost \$50 to \$60 Million.

Local Economy

The City of Ashland is at the epicenter of an unparalleled industrial and technological region. Healthcare is our leading industry and the King's Daughters Medical Center is our #1 employer. King's Daughters Medical Center (KDMC) is owned by University of Kentucky, locally managed, not-for-profit, 465-bed facility, covering a 150-mile radius that includes southern Ohio, eastern Kentucky and western West Virginia. KDMC offers comprehensive cardiac, medical, surgical, pediatric, rehabilitative, psychiatric, cancer, neurological, pain care, wound care and home care services in one convenient location. Established in 1899, KDMC currently is high performing with four adult procedures/conditions, and, has more than 4,200 team members. King's Daughters Medical Center also has one of the busiest emergency departments in the state of Kentucky and is currently constructing a new state of art Emergency Department / Imaging center building with an estimated cost of \$100 million. This will only continue to facilitate their growth and ability to offer quality health care to our region.

Education in Ashland is another rung in our local economy. There are eight public schools and two private schools in Ashland. All public schools within city limits are operated by the Ashland Independent School District, our 2nd largest employer employing 758 citizens. The two private schools serving the Ashland area are the Holy Family School and Rose Hill Christian School. Holy Family is affiliated with Holy Family Catholic Church and currently offers K-12 education and partners with ACTC to offer dual credit for their high school juniors and seniors Holy Family graduates are also graduating with an associate degree. Rose Hill is affiliated with the Rose Hill Baptist Church and offers K-12. Post-secondary educational opportunities include Ashland Community and Technical College, which has multiple campuses within the city. Morehead State University also has a satellite campus located in Ashland.

Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. remained our #3 employer position this year. Wal-Mart's purpose is to save people money so they can live better. Wal-Mart is the anchor store in the Melody Mountain area retailers. Melody Mountain is annexed land that was developed in 2005. Overlooking the city to the west, it is bounded by 6th Street, US 23, and a CSX spur. Chick-Fil-A was then added to the project, another restaurant, medical offices and Verizon has been included now as well. The \$30 million Melody Mountain project was destined to be completed in 2005; however, Phase I opened in early 2006. It was financed partially by \$3 million in bonds issued by the city. Phase II construction of the Melody Mountain project began in March 2013 and was completed in the fall of 2014. The second Phase brought the retail stores Kohl's, Great Clips, Dick's Sporting Goods and PetSmart to the City. This phase provided an additional 150,000 square feet of retail space as well as approximately 300 permanent, full-time jobs.

A focus on downtown revitalization to strengthen our local economy is coming to light. The Marriott Delta Hotel opened in calendar year 2019 after a complete renovation of the former Ashland Plaza Hotel. The newly renovated hotel offers a restaurant and 152 guest rooms. The hotel is in downtown Ashland in the TIF district. The adjacent Ashland Oil building was demolished by the City this year costing \$2.4 million and we converted it into a new downtown parking lot. Broadway Square renovations were completed and features fountains, trees, seating, brick sidewalks and

a stage area. It is home to concerts, speeches and plays and ties into the Country Music Highway which runs through the city. Total cost for the renovation came to \$1,363,941. The City did engineering on the redesigning of the 4-lane street into roundabouts and doing Streetscape renovations of the whole adjacent area, construction is expected to be completed in 2024.

Financial Policies / Planning

The budget has been balanced with estimated expenditures exceeding projected revenues by \$25,779,275, which will be offset with reserves from the General and Utility Funds. This budget includes a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for employees of 5.1%. Kentucky Retirement System employer contributions are budgeted at \$6.8 million for a city wide increase of \$39,000. The rates for both hazardous and nonhazardous employees were reduced in FY24. Fiscal Year 2024 includes capital investments for water line replacement \$2.3 million and engineering for construction of new sewer plant \$1.6 million. These upgrades are to modernize our utility system with a focus on compliance. This ensures that services and amenities are efficient, reliable, and are targeted to maximize business opportunities throughout the community and region. Proposed Utility Fund Water and Sewer projects total \$6.1 million. Capital Purchase Improvement Fund projects total \$11.2 million. These projects include City Building renovations for \$225,000; Risk Management software \$28,000; City Entrance Signs \$225,000, Safe Routes to School improvements on Dawes Street for \$1,480,000; Oakview Road culvert replacement for \$300,000; Various capital projects for \$655,000; Winchester Avenue Transportation Improvement and Streetscape \$5,500,000; Kiosks for downtown parking \$193,425; Street intersection safety \$500,000; Street Sweeper \$325,000; Dixon Street Phase II \$650,000; Three (3) Patrol Cars \$225,000; Armored Vehicle (Police) \$290,000; Brush/Attack truck (Fire) \$350,000) and Mobile Air Trailer (Fire) \$226,500.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ashland, Kentucky for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The award was previously received in 1993, 2007 - 2020. The report was not able to be completed in 2021 due to a late audit report and employee on FMLA. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to the City of Ashland for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has also given a Certificate of Recognition for Budget Presentation to the City of Ashland for the 9 th consecutive year. The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award is presented to those individuals who have been instrumental in their government unit and whose budgets are judged to adhere to program standards.

Acknowledgements

The completion and issuance of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Department of Finance. Special thanks must be given to Michelle Veach and Robin Rohauer for their dedication in the creation and compilation of this document.

We believe that this report clearly illustrates the strong financial posture of the City of Ashland, and we wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the citizens of Ashland for the vital role you have historically played in enabling the City to achieve and maintain this high degree of fiscal responsibility.

Sincerely,

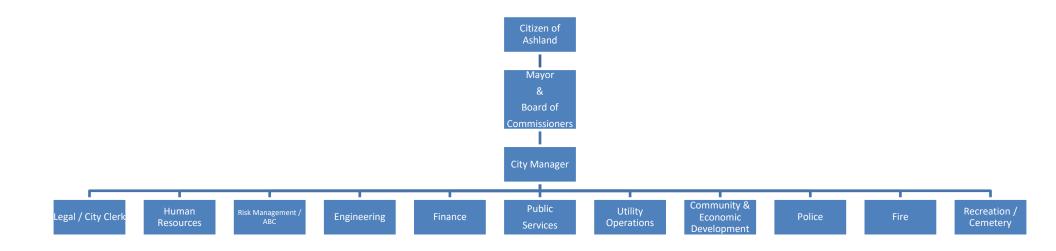
Tony D. Grubb

Finance Director, CGFM

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City of Ashland Departmental Organizational Chart



LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR

Matt Perkins

COMMISSIONERS

Josh Blanton

Amanda Clark

Marty Gute

Cheryl Spriggs

CITY MANAGER

Michael Graese

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Tony D. Grubb, CGFM

CORPORATION COUNSEL

James H. Moore, III

FINANCIAL SECTION

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 - ⇒Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Matt Perkins, Mayor City Commissioners and City Manager City of Ashland Ashland, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ashland, Kentucky (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison schedules for each major fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis information, the Schedule of Employer Contributions and Investment Returns, the Schedule of Funding Progress, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liabilities, the Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and the Schedule of Pension and OPEB Contributions on pages 4 through 18 and on pages 73 through 86, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The statements and schedules contained on pages 87 through 93 and the Financial Data Schedule on pages 94 and 95 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental statements and schedules contained on pages 87 through 93, the Financial Data Schedule contained on pages 94 and 95, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 23, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kelley Gallaray Smith Gooleby, PSC Ashland, Kentucky

April 23, 2024

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management discussion and analysis (MD&A) gives readers an overview and analysis of the financial position and activities of the City of Ashland ("Government") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements immediately following the analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the fiscal year by \$48.7 million (net position). This amount includes \$12.9 million restricted to specific projects by laws, regulations or contractual agreements. A deficit total of (\$68.0) million was unrestricted due to GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which was implemented in the fiscal year ended 06/30/2015 and GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB), which was implemented in the fiscal year ended 06/30/2018.
- The Government's total net position decreased by \$878 thousand, primarily due to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities and the related deferred outflows and inflows. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$690 thousand and net position of business-type activities decreased by (\$1.6) million.
- At fiscal year end, the governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17.6 million. Approximately .4% of this total amount, \$72,065, is restricted or committed for grant programs. Assigned fund balance comprises 30% of total fund balance; the majority of which is set aside for capital improvements.
- On June 30, 2023, unassigned General Fund fund balance of \$4.8 million is available and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

This report is published under the standards for government financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement Number 34 (GASB 34). The reporting format consists of a series of financial statements that provide an overview of all services provided by or supported by the Government (the Government—wide Statements) and provides more detailed information about major programs of the Government ("the Fund Statements").

These statements present a financial picture of the Government as a whole using a consolidated statement of all funds and eliminating interfund transfers. The value of capital assets of governmental type operations is presented in this statement. The infrastructure assets for governmental type funds, including roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc., are reported and depreciated under these reporting standards. These reporting standards provide improved information to the reader.

Government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is like the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the revenues earned and expenses incurred in the fiscal year are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the fiscal year. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources vs. its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, an increase or decrease in net position is one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating. Information on other factors such as changes in the revenue structure and the condition of the Government's assets is also needed to assess the overall financial position of the Government.

The Statement of Activities presents revenues and expenses and shows how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, as well as any other transactions that increase or decrease net position. Program revenues are offset by program expenses to provide better information as to program costs financed by general government revenues.

The government-wide statements divide the Government's activities into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the Government's basic services are reported here, including general government, economic development, police, fire, public services and engineering. Property taxes, insurance tax and occupational license fees finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - Activities primarily paid for from charges and user fees cover the cost of services that are reported here. This includes water production, sanitary sewer services, Ashland bus system, recreation operating fund and cemetery fund.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund financial statements report the Government's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Government's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by local law or by bond covenants. However, many other funds are established to help control and manage money for a particular purpose. These types of funds are presented in the fund financial statements: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the Government's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. These statements provide a short-term view of general government operations and how these services are financed as well as the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash.

Proprietary funds - The Government charges fees for business-type services which are intended to cover the cost of providing those services. The governing body decides that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The subcategories of the funds include enterprise funds, which are business-type activities, and internal service funds, which report services provided to internal units of government. The proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail. The City considers the Utility Fund, Ashland Bus System, Recreation Operating Fund, Ashland Cemetery Fund and Parking Garage to be its major proprietary funds.

Internal service funds - These funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions or cost centers. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the employee health insurance, dental and life insurance benefits.

Notes to the financial statements - The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplemental Information* concerning the City's contributions to certain employees' pension plans and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Additionally, *Supplemental*

Information includes more detail on the City's General Fund, details of the City's capital assets, statement of net position and revenue and expenditures for Ashland's Housing Authority.

THE GOVERNMENT AS A TRUSTEE

The Government is trustee, or fiduciary, for two employees' pension plans: the Police and Firefighter's pension fund and the Utility employee pension fund. The fiduciary activities are reported separately. These activities are excluded from the other government-wide and fund statements because the Government cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2023, the Government as a whole had a net position greater than its liabilities by \$48,731,697. Net position of governmental activities was \$12,188,835 and increased by \$689,691 over the prior year. Total collected for taxes were 102.4% of budget. Occupational license fee receipts excelled again this fiscal year for \$1.8 million in additional revenue. Of ending Governmental Activities Net Position, \$51,137,131 is invested in capital assets net of related debt; \$72,065 is restricted for grant programs; and unrestricted net position is (\$39,020,361). Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should still be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

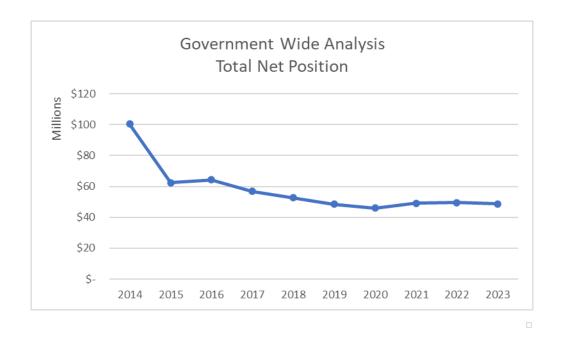
The net position of the Government's business-type activities is \$36,542,862 and decreased by (\$1.6) million over the prior year. Industrial Park meter sales exceeded projections by \$133,360. Sewer charges city exceeded projections by \$128,974. An increase in water tap fees brought in \$34,179 of excess funds. A net increase of \$2,412,450 in construction-in-progress was a result of the water line replacement project. Of the business-type net position, \$52,811,496 is net investment in capital assets and (\$29,061,984) is unrestricted. The largest portion of the City's combined net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, and as a result, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's capital asset investment is reported net of related debt, but the resources to pay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's business-type net position, \$12,793,350, represents resources that are subject to limitations on their use through legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions. The largest restricted portion, \$10,680,242, is for sewer improvements.

ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S NET POSITION

	Governm	nental	Busines	ss-type	Total Primary			
	Activit	ties	Activ	vities	Gover	rnment		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current and other assets	\$ 35,698,843	\$ 33,164,249	\$ 17,706,798	\$ 22,232,392	\$ 53,405,641	\$ 55,396,641		
Capital assets	62,942,742	60,164,707	64,601,787	62,274,819	127,544,529	122,439,526		
Total assets	98,641,585	93,328,956	82,308,585	84,507,211	180,950,170	177,836,167		
Deferred outflows of resource	11,742,840	11,287,022	3,181,539	3,331,381	14,924,379	14,618,403		
Liabilities	19,376,116	13,467,600	9,365,678	7,393,198	28,741,794	20,860,798		
Long-term liabilities	75,428,985	70,993,131	38,053,808	39,079,392	113,482,793	110,072,523		
Total Liabilities	94,805,101	84,460,731	47,419,486	46,472,590	142,224,587	130,933,321		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,390,489	8,656,103	1,527,776	3,255,900	4,918,265	11,912,003		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	51,137,131	50,928,478	52,811,496	48,611,649	103,948,627	99,540,127		
Restricted	72,065	151,314	12,793,350	10,986,669	12,865,415	11,137,983		
Unrestricted	(39,020,361)	(39,580,648)	(29,061,984)	(21,488,216)	(68,082,345)	(61,068,864)		
Total Net Position	\$ 12,188,835	\$ 11,499,144	\$ 36,542,862	\$ 38,110,102	\$ 48,731,697	\$ 49,609,246		

The exhibit below charts the City's total net position for the past ten years (prior years have not been restated for implementation of GASB 68 and 75).

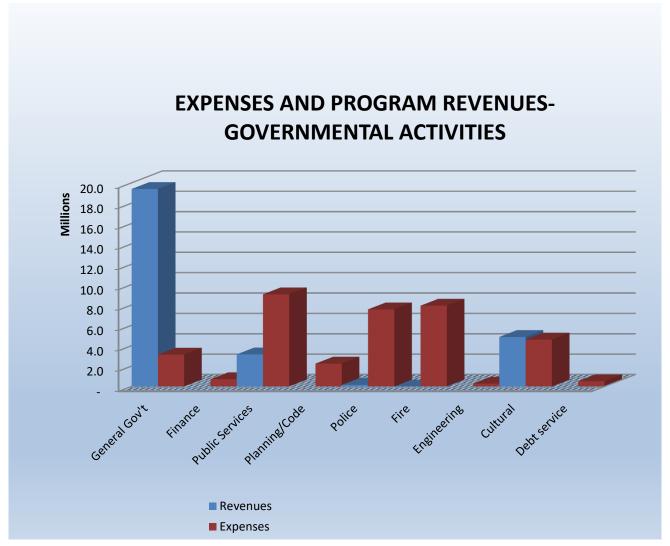


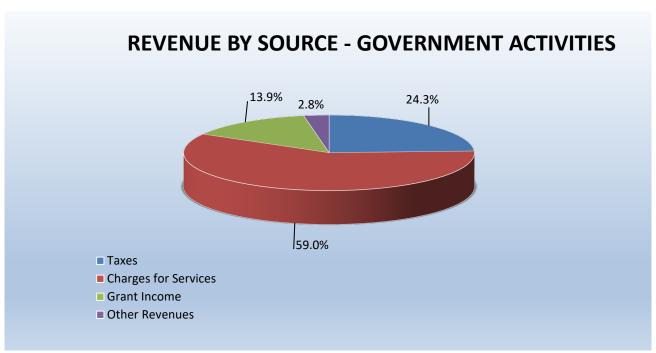
The City's net position decreased significantly in FY 2015 due to the implementation of GASB 68. The City's participation in County Employee Retirement System (CERS) led to the inclusion of an initial noncurrent liability. Net position took another hit in FY 2018 due to the implementation of GASB 75. The City's participation in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund generated a noncurrent liability for other post-employment benefits. Annual adjustments to these liabilities continued to drive net position down in FY 2020.

ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S OPERATIONS

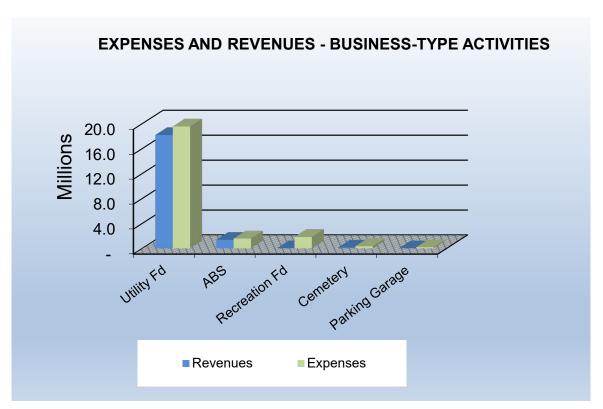
	Govern Acti			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government				
Revenues	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
_									
Taxes	\$ 9,162,048		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,162,048	\$ 8,135,700			
Charges for Services	22,269,098	21,280,832	18,373,919	18,666,359	40,643,017	39,947,191			
Operating Grants / Contr.	5,102,266		1,149,331	779,942	6,251,597	4,924,636			
Capital Grants / Contr.	163,036	-	194,682	2,018,792	357,718	2,018,792			
Other Income	1,059,183	1,063,442	1,096,381	888,204	2,155,564	1,951,646			
Total Revenue	37,755,631	34,624,668	20,814,313	22,353,297	58,569,944	56,977,965			
=						·			
	Govern	antal	Duging	aa troo	Total I	Duimo aury			
				ss-type	Total Primary Government				
E	Activ			vities					
Expenses	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
General Government	3,119,758	2,986,867	-	-	3,119,758	2,986,867			
Finance	705,736	668,506	-	-	705,736	668,506			
Public Services	9,038,808	8,120,635	-	-	9,038,808	8,120,635			
Planning / Code	2,236,287	2,400,442	-	-	2,236,287	2,400,442			
Police	7,561,641	7,378,377	-	-	7,561,641	7,378,377			
Fire	7,924,629	8,575,123	-	-	7,924,629	8,575,123			
Engineering	275,043	249,062	-	-	275,043	249,062			
Community / Cultural	4,597,921	4,004,395	-	-	4,597,921	4,004,395			
Debt Service	506,957	538,063	-	-	506,957	538,063			
11/11/ F 1			10 541 421	10 512 405	10.541.421	10.512.405			
Utility Fund	-	-	19,541,431	18,513,495	19,541,431	18,513,495			
Ashland Bus System	-	-	1,572,825	1,543,230	1,572,825	1,543,230			
Recreation Operating Fund	-	-	1,827,127	1,276,903	1,827,127	1,276,903			
Cemetery	-	-	349,466	283,878	349,466	283,878			
Parking Garage	-		189,864		189,864	-			
Total Expense	35,966,780	34,921,470	23,480,713	21,617,506	59,447,493	56,538,976			
Changes before transfers	1,788,851	(296,802)	(2,666,400)	735,791	(877,549)	438,989			
Transfers	(1,099,160) (1,673,400)	1,099,160	1,673,400	-	-			
Change in Net Position	689,691	(1,970,202)	(1,567,240)	2,409,191	(877,549)	438,989			
Net Position Beg of Year	11,499,144	13,469,346	38,110,102	35,700,911	49,609,246	49,170,257			
Net Position End of Year	\$ 12,188,835	\$ 11,499,144	\$ 36,542,862	\$ 38,110,102	\$ 48,731,697	\$ 49,609,246			

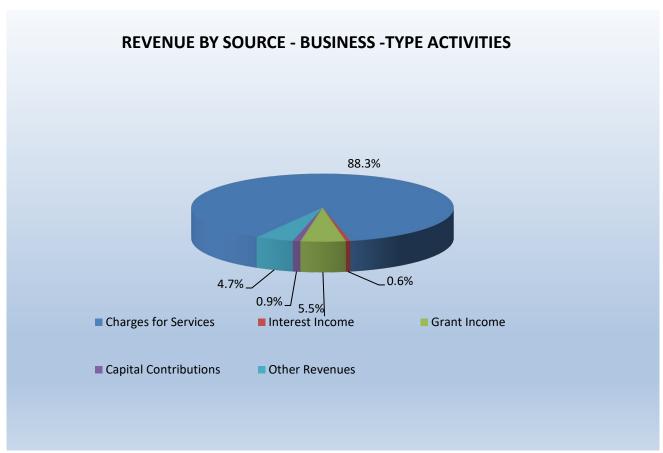
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES





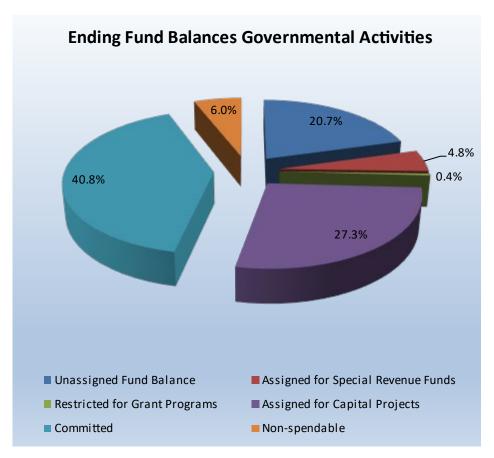
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

A. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows or outflows and balances of spendable resources which are useful in determining the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance serves as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,614,598. Of this total, \$3,637,521, or 20.7%, is unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is assigned / nonspendable / restricted to indicate it is not available for new spending because it has previously been restricted. Fiscal Year 2023 reports assigned for special revenue funds at \$851,452, restricted for grant programs at \$72,065, non-spendable at \$1,053,707, assigned for capital projects at \$4,809,479 and committed \$7,190,374. The governmental funds assigned for capital projects is for the continuation of our Streetscape Improvements and various downtown and park improvements. Unassigned fund balance increased this year due to Occupational Tax revenue increases. Nonspendable fund balance is a combination of our prepaid property and equipment insurance, general liability insurance, workers compensation insurance and the balances of the inventory accounts at the close of the fiscal year.



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ending June 30, 2023, the major governmental funds reported as follows:

The General Fund had revenues of \$31,594,955, expenditures of \$30,937,560 and net other financing uses of (\$2,371,145). The total fund balance is \$13,048,664.

The Tax Increment Finance Fund had revenues of \$215,057 and expenditures of \$301,150. The total fund balance is (\$1,167,062). The TIF fund expenditures are the debt service payment. It should be noted that the deficit is a result of revenues not meeting the needs for the debt service payment. A conservative fiscal approach should be applied to the TIF district for future fiscal years.

The Municipal Aid Road Fund had revenues of \$457,616 and expenditures of \$416,634. The total fund balance is \$71,354. The focus on paving allowed the City to utilize this fund to its full potential by improving the roads and infrastructure for our citizens.

The Floodwall Operating Fund had revenues of \$353,832 and expenditures of \$246,522. The total fund balance is \$275,984.

The Community Development Fund had revenues of \$512,360 and expenditures of \$512,360. The total fund balance is \$65,437.

The Housing Assistance Fund had revenues of \$3,900,941 and expenditures of \$3,980,190. The total fund balance is \$6,628.

The ARPA Fund had revenues of \$103,124 and expenditures of \$0. The total fund balance is \$117,553.

The Opioid Settlement Fund had revenues of \$454,710 and expenditures of \$68,149. The total fund balance is \$386,561.

The Capital Purchase Improvement Fund had revenues of \$163,036, other financing sources of \$1,271,985 and expenditures of \$3,570,582. The total fund balance is \$4,809,479.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds, or business-type activities, had a total net position of \$36,542,862 for the five funds. Total decrease in net position was (\$1,567,240).

The Utility Fund, which accounts for water and wastewater services for the City of Ashland and surrounding communities, had a negative net position change of (\$414,130)

The Ashland Bus System accounts for the City's transportation system which is partially subsidized by the Federal Government (Federal Transit Administration). The City acquired the Ashland Cemetery in September 2009.

Recreation Operating Fund is the City's park system, swimming pool, concession activities and other recreational activities. New playground equipment was added to Southside park. Improvements were made to bathrooms, security cameras systems installed and new benches to city parks this year. Repairs were made to the Riverfront statues.

Luke II payment system was installed at the Parking Garage.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budget was amended during the year to reflect the following:

- ⇒ \$35,000 increase in Human Resources expenditures for hiring costs.
- ⇒ \$7,500 increase in Legal expenditures for dues/publications.
- ⇒ \$180,000 increase in Unclassified expenditures for professional services (\$75,000), general supplies (\$65,000) and rental/maintenance agreements (\$40,000).
- ⇒ \$23,456 increase in Finance expenditures for overtime (\$13,456) and travel/training (\$10,000).
- ⇒ \$135,700 increase in Street Maintenance expenditures for utilities (\$45,000), chemical supplies (\$65,700) and equipment repair (\$25,000).
- ⇒ \$46,530 increase in Central Garage expenditures for payroll (\$21,530), travel/training (\$5,000) and rental/maintenance agreements (\$20,000).
- ⇒ \$55,000 increase in Economic Development expenditures for professional services (\$55,000) feasibility study for conference center.
- ⇒ \$203,450 increase in Police expenditures for payroll (\$143,450) and tools & equipment (\$60,000).
- ⇒ \$472,463 increase in Fire expenditures for payroll (\$222,931), equipment repair (\$20,000), general supplies (\$26,300), protective apparel (\$176,810) and tools & equipment (\$26,422).
- ⇒ \$88,826 increase in Utility Cashier expenditures for overtime (\$16,148), seasonal pay (\$37,678) and (\$35,000) postage.
- ⇒ \$14,018 increase in Utility Unclassified expenditures for a copier.
- ⇒ \$175,000 increase in Ashland Bus System expenditures for seasonal pay.
- ⇒ \$211,991 increase in Recreation Central Park expenditures for seasonal pay (\$64,590), tree trimming (\$25,000), utilities (\$12,250), general supplies (\$30,000), benches & fountains (\$60,151) and bathrooms & roundhouse deck (\$20,000).

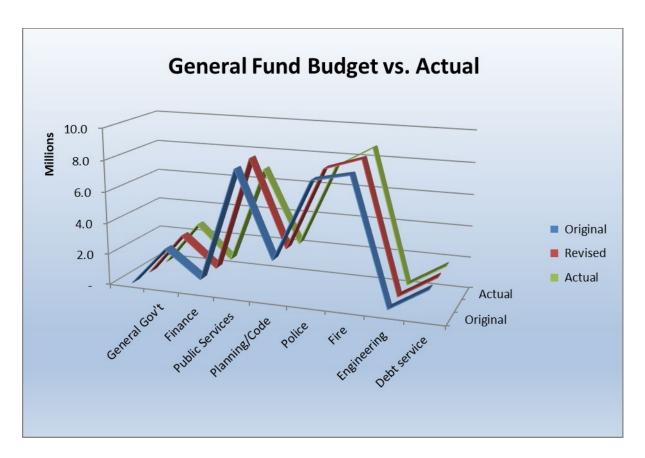
⇒ \$389,898 increase in Recreation Other Parks expenditures for payroll (\$38,300), utilities (\$7,500), rental / maintenance agreements (\$16,500), general supplies (\$30,500), benches (\$22,439), statue repair (\$6,700), metal roof at Oliverio (\$10,384), bathroom improvements & benches at Oliverio (\$52,575) and improvements & playground at Southside (\$205,000).

 \Rightarrow \$40,000 increase in Parking Garage expenditures for utilities.

- ⇒ Increase in the transfer to Capital Purchase Improvement Fund: \$650,053 for Police (\$51,795) for Investigation tool for detectives, (\$78,190) body / car cameras, (\$26,623) HVAC and (\$493,445) cars for new officers.
- ⇒ Increase in transfer to Capital Purchase Improvement Fund: \$308,801 net of grant reimbursement for Fire (\$36,750) generator, (\$28,000), cabinets & lights, (\$175,384) garage doors, (\$158,807) exhaust removal system, (\$27,000) air compressor, (\$221,232) radios and (\$4,000) outfit of Deputy Chief vehicle.

Significant budget versus actual variances include the following:

⇒ The General Fund is the primary operating governmental fund of the City. General Fund actual revenues were \$31,594,955 versus budgeted revenues of \$29,082,990. Licenses and permits were \$14,915,850 budgeted and actual revenues were \$16,784,206 for a variance of \$1,868,356. Finance staff's focus on collection efforts and new business in the City is to be credited for this positive variance. Grant Income were \$767,335 budgeted and actual revenues were \$182,291 for a variance of (\$585,044).



CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 is \$127,544,529 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and construction in progress. See Note (6) for additional discussion of the City's capital assets.

CITY OF ASHLAND - CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

Asset	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Land	\$ 3,897,389	\$ 449,401	\$ 4,346,790	
Buildings and improvements	13,631,083	8,541,730	22,172,813	
Automotive equipment	7,638,189	2,610,347	10,248,536	
Operating equipment	5,156,543	6,471,846	11,628,389	
Office equipment	723,322	606,870	1,330,192	
Capital improvements	3,630,178	5,185,093	8,815,271	
Right-of-way	15,038,909	-	15,038,909	
Infrastructure	69,753,590	-	69,753,590	
Utility plant	-	107,381,301	107,381,301	
Construction (CIP)	1,693,048	8,252,773	9,945,821	
	121,162,251	139,499,361	260,661,612	
Less depreciation	(58,219,509)	(74,897,574)	(133,117,083)	
Total	\$ 62,942,742	\$ 64,601,787	\$127,544,529	

Major construction projects through June 30, 2023 include:

7	Approved	Paid / Accrued	Outstanding
Project	Contract	to Date	Commitment
Pump Sta - Florida St, Baugess, Johnson Fork	\$ 83,500	# \$ 70,453	\$ 13,047
13th St Tank Rehab Project	142,300	41,582	100,718
Dawes St Rehab Project	207,384	89,175	118,209
Debord Hill Tank Project	105,680	94,090	11,590
Water Pump Station ER Generator	53,100	31,395	21,705
12 Engine Driven Power Generators	416,107	401,107	15,000
Design of 15th & 16th St Streetscape	41,000	4,070	36,930
Design Winchester 13th to 18th Streetscape	399,923	356,030	43,893
Design Winchester 7th to 12th Streetscape	249,660	186,086	63,574
26th St Pump Station	173,300	44,950	128,350
Scada & Instrumentation	3,390,022	3,390,022	-
1401Winchester Demolition	2,298,834	2,298,834	-
Waterline Replacement - Phase 2	1,086,735	1,086,735	-
Pollard Mills Engineering	421,800	301,342	120,458
ByBee Road Main Replacement	37,290	37,290	-
Chestnut Dr Main Replacement	19,000	18,987	13
Hicks Road Main Replacement	37,290	37,290	-
Spring Park SS Replacement	48,850	48,850	-
Chestnut Dr Sewer Replacement	18,150	16,020	2,130
Roberts Dr Static Screen	115,930	87,240	28,690
Sanitary & Sewer Lining Repair	25,790	25,790	-
Belmont Street	1,290,714	1,290,714	-
Water Plant Roof Replacement	233,668	39,000	194,668
US 23 Water Main	1,727,208	372,024	1,355,184
	\$ 12,623,235	\$ 10,369,076	\$ 2,254,159

DEBT

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the City had governmental activities debt of \$18,437,551 compared to \$19,894,556 at June 30, 2022, which represents an decrease of (\$1,457,005). Business-type activities had debt of \$17,811,854 compared to \$19,674,237 at June 30, 2022, which represents an decrease of (\$1,862,383). See Note (9) for additional discussion of the City's long term debt. The following chart summarizes governmental and business-type activities debt.

Governmental Activities Debt			Amount
General obligation bond series 2015		\$	1,390,000
General obligation bond series 2017			3,610,000
General obligation bond series 2021			9,770,000
Lease - Melody Mtn Phase II			1,051,667
Premium on Bonds			1,549,339
Compensated absences obligation			1,066,545
	Total	\$	18,437,551
Business-Type Activities Debt		_	Amount
Revenue & Improvement Bonds 2013		\$	510,000
Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 2015			2,025,000
Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 2020			10,235,000
Lease - Radio Meters			675,000
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loans			4,321,627
Premium on Bonds			62,069
Discount on Bonds			(16,842)
	Total	\$	17,811,854

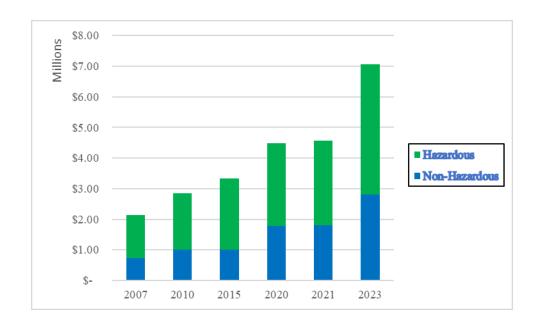
DESCRIPTION OF MUNICIPAL DEBT

- ⇒ General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2015 \$1,390,000.
- ⇒ General Obligation Bonds 2017 Ashland Plaza Redevelopment Project \$3,610,000.
- ⇒ General Obligation Bonds 2013 Melody Mountain Phase II \$1,051,664.
- ⇒ General Obligation Bonds 2021 for various capital projects \$9,770,000.
- ⇒ Premium on bonds \$1,549,339
- ⇒ Employee compensated absences payable after 60 days at \$1,066,545.
- ⇒ Utility Revenue bond issue 2013 for phase II upgrade of the water plant \$510,000.
- ⇒ K.I.A. Loans used to upgrade the utility system and correct CSO \$4,321,628.
- ⇒ KLC lease payable for the purchase of radio read meters \$675,000.
- ⇒ Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 2015 water system improvements \$2,025,000.
- ⇒ Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds 2020 water & wastewater improvements \$10,235,000.
- \Rightarrow Discount and premium on bonds (\$16,842) and \$62,069 respectively.

OTHER POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

Over the years, the City's contribution to the Kentucky Retirement System (CERS) has seen a substantial rise in costs that has significantly impacted the City's operating budget. The table and graph below show the actual cost of the City's contributions to CERS for both Non-Hazardous and Hazardous employees for selected fiscal years, 2007, 2010, 2015, 2020, 2021 and 2023.

CERS Employer Contributions													
		Non-Hazardo	ous	Hazardous									
FY	Rate	Amount	% Change	Rate	Amount	% Change							
2007	13.19%	\$ 726,183		28.21%	\$ 1,416,348								
2010	16.16%	\$ 1,007,386	38.72%	32.97%	\$ 1,842,136	30.06%							
2015	17.67%	\$ 997,574	-0.97%	34.31%	\$ 2,331,987	26.59%							
2020	24.06%	\$ 1,789,316	79.37%	39.58%	\$ 2,685,813	15.17%							
2021	24.06%	\$ 1,799,249	0.56%	39.58%	\$ 2,777,356	3.41%							
2023	26.79%	\$ 2,802,779	55.77%	49.59%	\$ 4,253,793	53.16%							



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Unemployment rate for the City of Ashland as of June 2023 is 5.9%. This rate is higher than the State of Kentucky rate at 4.1% and the national rate of 3.6%.

The following summarizes the 2024 fiscal year budgeted expenses.

- ⇒ General Fund \$33,360,000
- ⇒ Tax Increment Finance Fund \$300,675
- ⇒ Municipal Aid Program \$457,960
- ⇒ Community Development Block Grant Fund \$1,638,429
- ⇒ ARPA Fund \$13,072,000
- ⇒ Conference Center Grant \$1,000,000
- ⇒ Opioid Settlement \$400,000
- ⇒ Section 8 Voucher \$3,931,012
- ⇒ Floodwall Operating Fund \$332,606
- ⇒ Utility Fund \$26,529,869
- ⇒ Ashland Bus System \$2,137,237
- ⇒ Recreation Operating Fund \$2,326,969
- ⇒ Ashland Cemetery Fund \$410,692
- ⇒ Parking Garage \$352,350
- \Rightarrow Conference Center \$1,000,000
- ⇒ Capital Purchase Improvement Fund \$11,173,925

Fiscal year 2024 contains several significant budget items. The Utility Fund will continue with the replacement of the aging water lines and engineering for new Sewer Treatment plant. Infrastructure improvements including significant paving, sidewalk replacement, Park Improvements and Winchester Avenue round abouts and Streetscape in our downtown area.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of financial data for the City of Ashland. Requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Tony D. Grubb, CGFM Director of Finance City of Ashland P.O. Box 1839 Ashland, KY 41105-1839

Email: Tdgrubb@ashlandky.gov

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total	\$ 8,218,534 3,174,765 5) (526,715) 3,080,939 (579,140) 0) 1,467,111 0) 2,203,564 566,530 (75,296) 918,433 7 2,911,483 2 2,911,483 1 19,519,681 1 19,519,681 1 19,519,681 1 29,331,520 1 231,330,092 4 29,331,520 1 231,330,092 4 (133,117,083)	180,950,170	375,021 36 5,224,829 43 9,324,529	14,924,379
Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,437,386 3,174,765 (526,715) 1,337,030 (9,356,790) 91,622 2,684,587 12,375,752 6,489,161 8,702,174 130,797,187 (74,897,574)	82,308,585	1,334,296	3,181,539
Governmental Activities	\$ 6,781,148 	98,641,585	375,021 3,890,533 7,477,286	11,742,840
	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts Taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectible taxes Grants receivable Internal balances, net Due from fiduciary fund Other receivables Allowance for uncollectible accounts Prepaid expenses Inventories Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Note receivable capital assets Depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets Accumulated depreciation	Total assets	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount from refunding bonds Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred outflows - pension related	Total deferred outflows of resources

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONCLUDED) JUNE 30, 2023

Total	4.195.763	176,506	3,173,078	13,628,863	2,992,589	610,196	20,000	605,685	3,377,029	15,999,551	64,542,951	1,066,545	1,524,584	11,600,227	3,741,681	14,939,339	142,224,587	4,660,113	4,918,265	103,948,627 1,886,225 72,065 10,680,242 226,883 (68,082,345)
Business-Type Activities	2.768.878		3,173,078		450,624	9610196	20,000	395,873	1,917,029	3,692,758	18,466,225	. *	552,917	11,600,227	3,741,681	9	47,419,486	1,377,074	1,527,776	52,811,496 1,886,225 10,680,242 226,883 (29,061,984) \$ 36,542,862
Governmental Activities	1.426.885	176,506	î	13,628,863	2,541,965	•	ï	209,812	1,460,000	12,306,793	46,076,726	1,066,545	971,667			14,939,339	94,805,101	3,283,039	3,390,489	\$1,137,131 72,065 (39,020,361)
	LIABILITIES Accounts navable	Due to Board of Education	Payable to fiduciary fund	Unearned revenue	Other accrued expenses and liabilities	Deposits	Matured revenue bonds and notes	Accrued compensated absences, current	Current portion of long-term debt	Net OPEB liabilities, due in more than one year	Net pension liabilities, due in more than one year	- 40	Financing lease obligations, non-current	Revenue and Improvement bonds, net of discounts	Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loans, non-current	General obligation bonds, non-current, plus premiums	Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related	Total deferred inflows of resources	NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Debt service Grant programs Sewer improvements Other Unrestricted Total net position

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 39, 2023

Public services Planning and code enforcement

Governmental Activities

General government Finance

Functions/Programs

Debt service - interest Total governmental activities

Community and cultural

Engineering

Police Fire **Business-Type Activities**

	Total		\$ 16,272,213	(705,736)	(5,898,047)	(2,236,287)	(7,414,621)	(7,924,629)	(275,043)	256,727	(506,957)	(8,432,380)	(1,371,217)	(1,791,547)	(219,716)	(177,029)	(203,272)	(3,762,781)	\$ (12,195,161)			3,102,032 406,844	5 020 180	453 192	247 088	1,907,576	11,317,612			11,317,612	(877,549)	49,609,246	\$ 48,731,697
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Business-Type Activities		(•) (·)	×	((•))		190	*	•	Ť			(1,371,217)	(1,791,547)	(219,716)	(177,029)	(203,272)	(3,762,781)	\$ (3,762,781)		•	P	E 5		117 140	979,232	1,096,381		1,099,160	2,195,541	(1,567,240)	38,110,102	\$ 36,542,862
Net (Governmental Activities			(705,736)	(5,898,047)	(2,236,287)	(7,414,621)	(7,924,629)	(275,043)	256,727	(506,957)	(8,432,380)	Ñ	1	*	0			\$ (8,432,380)			5,182,832	490,044	0,629,180	120,020	928,344	10,221,231	•	(1,099,160)	9,122,071	169,689	11,499,144	\$ 12,188,835
9	Capital Grants and Contributions		·	ĵŧ	163,036	*	÷	*		<u> </u>	•	163,036		•		•	194,682	194,682	\$ 357,718														
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and		\$ 35,271	•	457,108	•	147,020	₩	•	4,462,867	•	5,102,266	19	1	3	·	1,149,331	1,149,331	\$ 6,251,597		al taxes	S	tes	taxes	OLITET LAXES					s and transfers	ď	, 2022	, 2023
	Charges for		\$ 19,356,700	•	2,520,617	•	ř	•		391,781		22,269,098	18,170,214	35,580	129,750	12,835	25,540	18,373,919	\$ 40,643,017	General Revenues:	Property and other local taxes	General property taxes	Vehicle property taxes	insurance premium taxes	Dank Hanchise and Other taxes	Interest income Other revenues	Total oeneral revenues		Transfers	Total general revenues and transfers	Change in net position	Net position, June 30, 2022	Net position, June 30, 2023
	T September 1	CONTRACTOR	\$ 3,119,758	705,736	808,808	2,236,287	7,561,641	7,924,629	275,043	4,597,921	506,957	35,966,780	19,541,431	1,827,127	349,466	189,864	1.572,825	23,480,713	\$ 59,447,493														

Total business-type activities Total primary government

Parking Garage

Utilities Recreation Cemetery

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	ļ	Tax Increment Finance	> 4	Municipal Aid Road	F E O	Spe Floodwall Operating	Com Deve	Special Revenue Funds Community Development		Housing Assistance	~	ARPA	Oppl	Opioid Settlement	2 2	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
	9 2 475	3		.	950		010 00		123		470 555	6	370 007		396 561			4 1 050 807
		140	•	9	617	9	V17,CK	9	27,177	9	450,033	9	474,000		100,000	9		
Faxes receivable	2,843,191	191	Æ		100		237,748		E		•		e:		Ċ		ŕ	5,080,939
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(537,546)	546)					(41,594)		ж		9						ì	(579,140)
Gent marginable	,		,		83 457				46 624		9		17		96		3	130.081
,		_ E	6		101600				70604							4	5 102 500	10 801 240
Due from other tunds	14,/0/,/2/	171					•		ĸ				•		60.	1	77.60	77,170,71
Other receivables	421,192	192	•		178		(()		(#		76,311		69,027		•		٠	566,530
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		,	,				•		e		(75.296)		ŕ		361		,	(75,296)
Interpretation confidentes of descript		0 99	0		5 36) (*					-	13 030 520				į	13.030,520
eruncares or deposit					0 1) (K :			:	200000000000000000000000000000000000000					110,000
	826,	826,811			(#)						1		į		,		3	820,611
Inventories - supplies	226	226,896	*						*									226,896
																	0	
	\$ 21,013,862	.862	•		83,730	A	290,073	A	130,/40	A	425,370	-	13,372,412	9	300,301	•	2,123,724	201,000,11 &
Lisbilities and Fund Balances																		
abbindes: Accounts pavable	\$ 963	963.339 \$	8	6/3	Ŷ	69	2,978	49	55,090	69	3,976	6/3	٠	69	3,	S	314,043	\$ 1,339,426
One to other finds	5.213,723	.723	1.167.062		12,382		8,636		14,525		258,799		į		Ē		•	6,675,127
Uneamed revenue					Ô		((4)		٠		154,004	-	13,474,859				ж	13,628,863
Due to Board of Education	176	176.506			ř				į		9		¥1		Ê		((•)	176,506
Accrired commensated absences	205	205,392	9		9		510		2,606		1,304		¥		£		,	209,812
Accried waves and related	1.406	406,238	1 4		ï		1,965		1,088		4,859				٠		,	1,414,150
	7 065 109	100	1.167.069		17 387		14.080		73 300		422.942		13 474.859		4		314,043	23,443,884
a	00.1	1 20	1,107,004		14,364		12,000		COCOL									
Fund Balances:																		
Non-spendable	1,053	1,053,707	*		ì		î		6 3		ŝ		((*))		1		ē	1,053,707
Restricted for grant programs		Ü	39		ĵ.		ì		65,437		6,628		ж		ř		ij	72,065
	7.190	7.190.374	10		•		į.		(0)		1		19		94		ě	7,190,374
Assimed for canital projects		8	٠		٠		٠		×		ij		6		41		4,809,479	4,809,479
Assigned for special revenue funds		,	12		71.354		275,984		-		8		117,553		386,561		•	851,452
sproud total transfer	4.80	4.804.583	(1.167.062)	_	V		8		•								(•	3.637.521
																	000	0.00
Total fund balances	13,048,664	8,664	(1.167.062)		71,354	١	275,984		65,437	ļ	6.628	ļ	117.553		386,561		4,809,479	17,614,598
Total lightlifted and fired halones		21 012 862	¥	4	957 58	64	290 073	64	138.746	64	429.570	649	13.592.412	69	386,561	69	5,123,522	\$ 41,058,482
es and tuno paraness	6 21,01.	7,004	9	,	201100	,				n								11

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 17,614,598
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$121,162,251 net of accumulated depreciation of \$58,219,509 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		62,942,742
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Note receivable Deferred amount from refunding bonds	150,000 375,021	525,021
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		7,977,330
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liabilities Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences Financing lease obligations	(12,306,793) (46,076,726) (16,319,339) (49,786) (1,066,545) (1,051,667)	(76,870,856)
Net position, end of year - governmental activities		\$ 12,188,835

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 39, 2023

Special Revenue Funds

										Total
	l	Tax Increment	Municipal	Floodwall	Community	Housing		Opioid	Capital	Governmental
ş	General	Finance	Aid Road	Operating	Development	Assistance	ARPA	Settlement	Projects	Funds
Kevenues Property and other local taxes	\$ 8.764.708	\$ 43,923	69	\$ 353,417	69		į	•	69	\$ 9,162,048
Licenses and nermits		-	9		9.	10	ě	376	.*	16,955,340
Charges for services	2.520,617	•	į v	a .			**		TX:	2,520,617
Fees, fines and reimbursements	2,401,360			Ä	9	3	,		*	2,401,360
Grant income	182,291		457,108	μĒ	512,360	3,496,178	٠	454,329	163,036	5,265,302
Administration fee income	1	*	٠	i	*	391,781	6	•	Ñ	391,781
Interest income	26,119	()	508	415		292	103,124	381	ř	130,839
Other income	915,654				į	12,690			•	928,344
Total revenues	31,594,955	215,057	457,616	353,832	512,360	3,900,941	103,124	454,710	163,036	37,755,631
Expenditures										
General government	2,820,421		æ	•	((*)		9	17.9	()	2,820,421
Finance	689,810		,	·	*	*:	¥	E)	•	689,810
Public services	6,937,885		416,634	246,522	()	(8	a	3	3	7,601,041
Planning and code enforcement	2,251,375		ï	***	90	Ē.	:000	Y	Į.	2,251,375
Police	7,439,150	*	*	30	*		×	·	ě	7,439,150
Fire	8,786,810	17425		95	34	ě	Đ	N.	œ.	8,786,810
Engineering	268,785	*	Ē	•	•		•	•	(A)	268,785
Community and cultural		(a)	9		512,360	3,980,190	*	68,149	*	4,560,699
Capital outlay	•	c	•	J9 4 0	1.	2	119		3,570,582	3,570,582
Debt service:	1 202 063	100 000	9	74	ä	,	,			1,392,083
Fillicipal fellicinem Interest and other charges	1,202,063			, ,				٠	٠	652,391
microst and onel charges	1177111									
Total expenditures	30,937,560	301,150	416,634	246,522	512,360	3,980,190		68,149	3,570,582	40,033,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	657,395	(86,093)	40,982	107,310		(79,249)	103,124	386,561	(3,407,546)	(2,277,516)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	,	K	ď	•	300	\$(# 0\$	3	э	1,271,985	1,271,985
Transfers out	(2,371,145)	3)		Š			,			(2,371,145)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,371,145)	(6				j			1,271,985	(1.099,160)
Net change in fund balances	(1,713,750)	0) (86,093)	40,982	107,310	2963	(79,249)	103,124	386,561	(2,135,561)	(3,376,676)
Fund balances beginning of year	14,762,414	4 (1.080.969)	30,372	168,674	65.437	85,877	14,429		6.945,040	20,991,274
Fund balances end of year	\$ 13,048,664 \$	4 \$ (1,167,062) \$	\$ 71,354	\$ 275,984	\$ 65,437	\$ 6,628	\$ 117,553	\$ 386,561	\$ 4,809,479	\$ 17,614,598

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ASHLAND

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(3,376,676)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	5,651,868 (2,873,833)		2,778,035
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following:			
Long-term portion of accrued sick leave			(126,139)
Amortization of deferred savings from refunding bonds			(48,381)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums			191,061
Accrued interest payable			2,754
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.	the		
Net change in Police & Firefighters pension liability	216,285		
CERS pension expense	551,263		
CERS OPEB expense	(890,594)		(123,046)
Bond and financing lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statements, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		-	1,392,083
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	689,691

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			e 8.550.060	\$ 8,764,708	\$ 204,748
Property and other local taxes	\$ 8,559,960	\$	\$ 8,559,960 14,915,850	16,784,206	1,868,356
Licenses and permits	14,915,850		2,475,250	2,520,617	45,367
Charges for services	2,475,250	-	2,154,015	2,401,360	247,345
Fees, fines and reimbursements	2,154,015	-	7,950	26,119	18,169
Interest income	7,950	-	767,335	182,291	(585,044)
Grant income	767,335	i = 1	202,630	915,654	713,024
Other income	202,630		202,630	915,054	
Total revenues	29,082,990		29,082,990	31,594,955	2,511,965
T					
Expenditures	2,473,604	222,500	2,696,104	2,820,421	(124,317)
General government	767,121	23,456	790,577	689,810	100,767
Finance Public services	7,922,904	182,230	8,105,134	6,937,885	1,167,249
Planning and code enforcement	2,512,303	55,000	2,567,303	2,251,375	315,928
Police	7,586,978	203,450	7,790,428	7,439,150	351,278
Fire	8,087,543	472,463	8,560,006	8,786,810	(226,804)
Engineering	279,865	348	279,865	268,785	11,080
Debt service:	2,7,000				
	437,821	325	437,821	1,202,083	(764,262)
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	1,329,879	¥1	1,329,879	541,241	788,638
Interest and fiscal charges	1,025,075		-		
Total expenditures	31,398,018	1,159,099	32,557,117	30,937,560	1,619,557
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,315,028)	(1,159,099)	(3,474,127)	657,395	4,131,522
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(2.051.145)	1 102 429
Transfers out	(2,595,719)	(958,854)	(3,554,573)	(2,371,145)	1,183,428
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,595,719)	(958,854)	(3,554,573)	(2,371,145)	1,183,428
Net change in fund balance	(4,910,747)	(2,117,953)	(7,028,700)	(1,713,750)	5,314,950
Fund balance beginning of year	14,762,414		14,762,414	14,762,414	
Fund balance end of year	\$ 9,851,667	\$ (2,117,953)	\$ 7,733,714	\$ 13,048,664	\$ 5,314,950

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget	Rev	risions	ş	Revised Budget	-	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues					ď	EE 205	\$	43,923	\$	(11,462)
Property and other local taxes	\$	55,385	\$	~	\$	55,385 44,030	Ф	171,134	Ψ	127,104
Licenses and permits		44,030		-		44,030		171,154		a)
Charges for services		2		: 						4 9
Fees, fines and reimbursements				-						20
Grant income		3		-				150 :•:		-
Administration fee income		=		-						20
Interest income		ē.						-		
Other income			-		-					
Total revenues		99,415			-	99,415		215,057		115,642
Expenditures										
General government		-		₹ ?		•		-		-
Finance		-		•		13 0				-
Public services		27		→ 2		<i>₩</i>				-
Planning and code enforcement		-		34 0		; = 8				-
Police		*		; = 2		•		(5)		
Fire		7.0		:=:				-		
Engineering		₹ .0		-		200		-		300
Community and cultural		300		-		300		05		_
Other				•		n=0		. .		(2)
Capital outlay		= 5				•				
Debt service:						100.000		190,000		
Principal retirement		190,000				190,000		111,150		152
Interest and fiscal charges	-	111,150			-	111,150	_	111,150	-	
Total expenditures	-	301,450	-		-	301,450	-	301,150	_	300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						o serverse managers		(0.5.000)		115.043
(under) expenditures		(202,035)	-		-	(202,035)	-	(86,093)	-	115,942
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		•				3 2 4		#		
Transfers in		•)	•			-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		8 	-	-		_		_	
Net change in fund balance		(202,035)		(*)		(202,035)		(86,093)		115,942
Fund balance beginning of year		(1,080,969)		94	_	(1,080,969)	_	(1,080,969)		
Fund balance end of year		(1,283,004)	\$			(1,283,004)	\$	(1,167,062)	\$	115,942

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL AID ROAD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Orig Bud		Rev	risions		evised udget		Actual	Po	riance ositive egative)
Revenues	\$		\$	042	\$	-	\$	2	\$	~
Property and other local taxes	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ψ	5 4 5	4	*		
Licenses and permits				-		-		¥		1.5
Charges for services		_		-				<u>=</u>		9. 4 6
Fees, fines and reimbursements	11	3,200		-		443,200		457,108		13,908
Grant income Administration fee income	77.	-		723		-		*		
		100				100		508		408
Interest income				190		:•:		-		94
Other income		<u> </u>								
Total revenues	44:	3,300		<u> </u>		443,300		457,616		14,316
Expenditures										
General government		ä		<u>=</u>		-				*
Finance		π.		Ē		(<u>a</u>)		44.6.60.4		76.666
Public services	44	3,300		=		443,300		416,634		26,666
Planning and code enforcement		¥		~				.		-
Police		-		2				578		5
Fire				8		-		; = 0		₩.
Engineering		-		=				•		*
Community and cultural		-		-		S#2		•		
Other		70		~		3.		3.50		5
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		= :		~		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		¥1				•		•	_	
Total expenditures	44	3,300		-		443,300		416,634		26,666
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-			13		-	40,982	-	40,982
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		÷		-		(#				
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	·	-) 			
Net change in fund balance		: : :::		20		-		40,982		40,982
Fund balance beginning of year	3	0,372				30,372		30,372		
Fund balance end of year	\$ 3	0,372	\$	3	\$	30,372	\$	71,354	\$	40,982

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget	Rev	risions		Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Vegative)
Revenues	-								•	
Property and other local taxes	\$	•	\$		\$	•	\$	#?	\$	
Licenses and permits				8		=		(**)		-50
Charges for services		*		8		-		(*)		
Fees, fines and reimbursements		*		5		4 600 450		£10.260		(1,126,098)
Grant income		1,638,458		=		1,638,458		512,360		(1,120,090)
Administration fee income		*		7		***		-00		
Interest income		-				-₹0		-		-=-
Other income	-		_	<u> </u>	-					
Total revenues		1,638,458			-	1,638,458		512,360		(1,126,098)
Expenditures										25
General government						100				-
Finance				•						
Public services		i 		•						·
Planning and code enforcement		-		25		525		-		9-2
Police		*		3.1		120		-		: *
Fire		-		æ:				-		
Engineering		1 (20 450		i#1		1,638,458		512,360		1,126,098
Community and cultural		1,638,458		(-).		1,030,730		2,2,000		341
Other		•								8=3
Capital outlay		-								
Debt service:								-		₽¥9
Principal retirement		-		===						(-
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		-					
Total expenditures		1,638,458	3 1111			1,638,458		512,360		1,126,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-			:50	-		_			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out					8)#!				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	<u> </u>			7				_	
Net change in fund balance		(5)		•		(±)		;8€.		ı
Fund balance beginning of year	_	65,437		<u> </u>	(65,437		65,437		
Fund balance end of year		65,437	\$	<u>,-</u>	\$	65,437	\$	65,437		

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Revisions	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	_	d)	s -	\$ -	\$
Property and other local taxes	\$ =	\$ -	3		ψ -
Licenses and permits	=	-			5
Charges for services			. 		-
Fees, fines and reimbursements			2 064 690	3,496,178	531,498
Grant income	2,964,680	=	2,964,680	391,781	72,369
Administration fee income	319,412	.=	319,412	292	92
Interest income	200	-	200		12,690
Other income				12,690	12,090
Total revenues	3,284,292		3,284,292	3,900,941	616,649
Expenditures					
General government	<u> </u>	· ·	(*)	: <u>*</u>	-
Finance	-	¥(:#:	(• }	
Public services	ı.	-	:=::	: <u>*</u>	•
Planning and code enforcement		€.	340	3. 4 .	3
Police		- -	==:	()	
Fire	-	<u>.</u>	**	-	-
Engineering	-		-	(a)	47.57.500
Community and cultural	3,412,497	l = 8	3,412,497	3,980,190	(567,693)
Other	-	-m	-	-	3€
Capital outlay	2		\sim	-	9€
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	<u> </u>	143	:=:	·	
Interest and fiscal charges	27	*			
Total expenditures	3,412,497		3,412,497	3,980,190	(567,693)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(128,205)	× .=.	(128,205)	(79,249)	48,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1400 m			-	
Transfers out	4				
				_	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	-				
Net change in fund balance	(128,205)	9	(128,205)	(79,249)	48,956
Fund balance beginning of year	85,877	-	85,877	85,877	
Fund balance end of year	\$ (42,328)	\$ -	\$ (42,328)	\$ 6,628	\$ 48,956

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLOODWALL OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget	Re	evisions		Revised Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues			•		a h	223,055	\$	353,417	\$	130,362
Property and other local taxes	\$	223,055	\$	10.00	\$	223,033	Φ	333,717	Ψ	150,502
Licenses and permits		S#3				-				0
Charges for services		•				5		5		· ·
Fees, fines and reimbursements		-		0#t		=		D		3
Grant income						-		77		골
Administration fee income		-		: · · ·		50		415		365
Interest income		50		192		30		713		2
Other income	-	<u> </u>			<u> </u>				-	
Total revenues	_	223,105		15.		223,105	-	353,832		130,727
Expenditures										
General government		3 2 6		IP:		€.		-		*
Finance		1€5		i -		5				48.006
Public services		244,618		50,000		294,618		246,522		48,096
Planning and code enforcement		-		-		=		-		-
Police		· •		-		*		ā		-
Fire		300		=		~				:=1
Engineering		(-		₽		*		5		-
Community and cultural		g =		2		-		Ħ		*
Other		7.75		*		=				-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		3%		•		<u>=</u>		*		
Interest and fiscal charges					_		-			3.0
Total expenditures	-	244,618		50,000		294,618		246,522	=	48,096
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	_	(21,513)		(50,000)	_	(71,513)	_	107,310		178,823
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		-				900		-		3
Transfers out				8		# 5			_	
Timistory out			-							
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		-		-		-			
Net change in fund balance		(21,513)		(50,000)		(71,513)		107,310		178,823
Fund balance beginning of year	_	168,674	-			168,674		168,674	8	
Fund balance end of year	\$	147,161	\$	(50,000)	\$	97,161	\$	275,984	\$	178,823

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ARPA FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		riginal audget	Rev	risions		evised Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues			d)		\$		\$		\$	2
Property and other local taxes	\$:::	\$	/\ ® .	Ф		Ψ		Ψ	-
Licenses and permits		85				- -				
Charges for services		(6)		1.5				_		
Fees, fines and reimbursements	4.	. 400.000		7.5	1	3,483,830		_	a.	3,483,830)
Grant income	1.	3,483,830		-	1.	2,702,020		_		· · ·
Administration fee income		10.000				12,000		103,124		91,124
Interest income		12,000		-		12,000		105,12		
Other income									-	
Total revenues	1	3,495,830		¥	1	3,495,830	-	103,124	(1	3,392,706)
Expenditures										. 405.030
General government	1:	3,495,830		-	1	3,495,830			1	3,495,830
Finance		π.		3		-		**		70
Public services		-		8		¥		(-		1 /
Planning and code enforcement		*				-		-		
Police		*		5		9		× .		! ≡ ?(
Fire		-		=		-		-		(-1))
Engineering		¥.		*		*		-		
Community and cultural		-		*		77 .√		-) = 0
Other		¥		*		.5.1		•		S#6
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		*		~		(=)		-		
Interest and fiscal charges				-		•		:•::		•
Total expenditures	1	3,495,830		1	1	3,495,830			1	3,495,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures				_ =	:			103,124		103,124
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		2		÷		35%		-		()
Transfers out		2								74
TIME TO THE TENT OF THE TENT O	-									
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			•			-		_	
Net change in fund balance		=		3.		*		103,124		103,124
Fund balance beginning of year		14,429			-	14,429	_	14,429		
Fund balance end of year	\$	14,429	\$	#8	\$	14,429	\$	117,553	\$	103,124

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		riginal udget	Rev	risions		vised dget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues	_		•		\$		\$		\$	-
Property and other local taxes	\$	9.0	\$	5	Ф	ā	Ψ	_	Ψ	-
Licenses and permits				<u>.</u>						-
Charges for services		N g a		5		- -				-
Fees, fines and reimbursements		0 - 2		<u>=</u>		Ξ		454,329		454,329
Grant income		(*:		₹.		S 2		15 13525		· ·
Administration fee income		-		7		5		381		381
Interest income		-		-		0		2		(#3)
Other income			-				:			
Total revenues	-	-					-	454,710		454,710
Expenditures										
General government		-		÷						
Finance		72		ž		=		*		-
Public services		15				-				17 0
Planning and code enforcement		7		3		-		(: <u>*</u>
Police		₩:		-		-		*		150
Fire		*				2.0		= 3		:5 0
Engineering		-		i 		*		60.140		((0.140)
Community and cultural		*						68,149		(68,149)
Other		#		*		- /2		74/1		79
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		2						•		
Interest and fiscal charges									-	
Total expenditures							-	68,149		(68,149)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				•			(386,561		386,561
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										270-2
Transfers in		*		: ₹%		-				14.00 14.00
Transfers out				*:	-	= 5)	Z		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)							0		ş 	
Net change in fund balance		-		~		-		386,561		386,561
Fund balance beginning of year	-			-			-			- 107
Fund balance end of year	\$		\$	(#)	\$	•	\$	386,561	\$	386,561

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Bus			siness-	iness-Type Activities								Governmental Activity - Internal Service	
		Utility	As	hland Bus		creation	(Cemetery	Parking Garage			Tatel	Inte	mal Service Fund
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		_	Total		runu
ASSETS														
Unrestricted Assets:			3	107 704	m	110 461	S	374,351	S	12,669	S	1,437,386	S	2,821,256
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	836,201	\$	101,704	\$	112,461	Ф	40,787	3	12,000		3,174,765	-	~
Accounts receivable		3,133,948		30				40,767		029		(526,715)		
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(526,715)		:-		7						90,202		-
Due from other funds		-		~		*		90,202		•		187,699		
Grants receivable - capital		-		187,699		•		-				1,149,331		
Grants receivable - operating		~		1,149,331		2				•		91,622		-
Prepaid expenses		91,622				-				4,5		91,022		
Inventories -												1 200 207		-
Repair parts and supplies		1,323,606		45,687		13,014		-		•		1,382,307		
Lots and vaults		251				-		1,30 2,280				1,302,280		•
Total unrestricted assets		4,858,662		1,484,451		125,475		1,807,620		12,669	_	8,288,877	ter en	2,821,256
Restricted Assets:								36,883		2		12,375,752		(⊕)
Cash and cash equivalents		12,338,869		-		-		50,005						
Investments -		50000000				190,000		2		2		6,489,161		0.00
Certificates of deposit		6,299,161	-			190,000	-		-		_		-	
Total restricted assets		18,638,030				190,000	_	36,883			-	18,864,913	-	•
Total current assets		23,496,692	_	1,484,451		315,475	_	1,844,503		12,669	_	27,153,790	-	2,821,256
Capital Assets:														
Land and easements		372,725				58,223		18,453		-		449,401		-
Utility plant	10	07,381,301		_		-		-		_		107,381,301		-
• •	•	2,636,910		1.580,134		192,844		2,331,842		1,800,000		8,541,730		-
Buildings and improvements Operating equipment		7,328,562		1,323,317		5,498,569		94,316		22,522		14,267,286		-
Office and computer equipment		568,700		38,170				-		-		606,870		-
-		8,252,773		542				-			_	8,252,773	_	
Construction in progress	- 1	26,540,971		2,941,621		5,749,636		2,444,611		1,822,522		139,499,361		-
Less: Accumulated depreciation		71,028,658)		(1,985,017)		(1,125,701)		(706,769)		(51,429)	_	(74,897,574)		
	/===	55,512,313		956,604		4,623,935		1,737,842		1,771,093		64,601,787	_	
Total capital assets - net	_	2010101010	_									(4 (0) 707		
Total noncurrent assets		55,512,313	-	956,604		4,623,935	-	1,737,842	_	1,771,093	-	64,601,787	-	
Total assets		79,009,005		2,441,055		4,939,410	-	3,582,345	-	1,783,762	-	91,755,577	-	2,821,256
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS														
OF RESOURCES		1,007,371		144,584		150,392		19,606		12,343		1,334,296		() * (
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		1,394,637		200,167		208,208		27,143		17,088	_	1,847,243		74
Deferred outflows - pension related	-	1,004,001	=											
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,402,008		344,751		358,600	_	46,749		29,431	-	3,181,539	-	<u> </u>

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONCLUDED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Utility	B Ashland Bus	usiness-Type Activi Recreation	Cemetery	Parking Garage		Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	ruiu	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities (payable from								
current assets):			s 675,742	S 34,469	S 23,577	\$ 2,768,878	\$ 87,459	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,979,467	\$ 55,623	\$ 675,742 1,662,109	3 34,409	136,425	12,620,070	1,655,768	
Due to other funds	8,914,865	1,906,671	36,464	12,586		395,873		
Accrued compensated absences	316,507	30,316	20,625	44,572	1,505	450,624	1,078,029	
Other accrued liabilities	365,566	18,356	20,023	- 44,572				
Total current liabilities	13 505 105	2,010,966	2,394,940	91,627	161,507	16,235,445	2,821,256	
(payable from current assets)	11,576,405	2,010,900	2,394,940	71,027				
Current liabilities (payable from								
restricted assets):	60.000		2	-	(*)	50,000	-	
Matured revenue bonds and notes	50,000 610,196	5		2	500	610,196	· ·	
Customer deposits			~			122,083		
Current portion of financing lease obligations	122,063	-						
Current portion of Revenue and	1,215,000	~		2	Vigi	1,215,000		
Improvement bonds	1,213,000	-						
Current portion of Kentucky Infrastructure	579,946	_	-	-		579,946		
Authority loans	379,240							
Total current liabilities	2,577,225		-		23	2,577,225		
(payable from restricted assets)	2,577,025						0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Total current liabilities	14,153,630	2,010,966	2,394,940	91,627	161,507	18,812,670	2,821,256	
Long-term liabilities:	552.017				2	552,917	785	
Financing lease obligations	552,917							
Revenue and Improvement bonds, net of	11,600,227	_	_		-	11,600,227	-	
discount and premium	3,741,681		-			3,741,681	-	
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority loans	2,945,507	416,824	253,468	76,175	784	3,692,758		
Net OPEB liabilities	15,605,899	1,489,722	1,118,720	238,099	13,785	18,466,225		
Net pension liabilities	34,446,231	1,906,546	1,372,188	314,274	14,569	38,053,808		
Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities	48,599,861	3,917,512	3,767,128	405,901	176,076	56,866,478	2,821,256	
Total liabilities	40(57)(651							
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES				20.024	12,739	1,377,074	-	
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	1,039,668	149,219	155,214	20,234	1,394	150,702		
Deferred inflows - pension related	113,777	16,330	16,986	2,215	1,554		0	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,153,445	165,549	172,200	22,449	14,133	1,527,776	995	
1 0001 deterred littlews of resources	212001110							
NET POSITION			,	1 808 0 40	1 571 602	52,811,496	741	
Net investment in capital assets	43,722,022	956,604	4,623,935	1,737,842	1,771,093	1,886,225	15	
Restricted for debt service	1,886,225	-	-	-	•	10,680,242	0.50	
Restricted for sewer improvements	10,680,242	-	100.000	16 002	•	226,883	1.	
Other		200701200000000000000000000000000000000	190,000	36,883	(148,109)	(29,061,984)	50 = 0	
Unrestricted	(24,630,782)	(2,253,859)	(3,455,253)	1,426,019	(140,109)	(62,001,304)	· ——·	
Total net position	\$ 31,657,707	\$ (1,297,255)	\$ 1,358,682	\$ 3,200,744	\$ 1,622,984	\$ 36,542,862	<u>s</u>	

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

							Governmental
		Business-Type Activities			Activity -		
	Utility	Ashland Bus	Recreation	Cemetery	Parking Garage Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund
	Fund	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	rund	10121	
OPERATING REVENUES	s 4,426,102	\$	\$ -	S -	\$	\$ 4,426,102	\$
Residential and commercial meter sales	8,198,002	3	- i			8,198,002	16
Sewer service		- 0		*	(4)	4,202,748	150
Industrial meter sales	4,202,748				(4)	1,167,491	382
Other municipalities	1,167,491	165	12	~ ~ ~		91,449	125
Industrial pretreatment	91,449		-		:(*0	84,422	-
Water and sewer taps	84,422	1/50	11,302	2	N#:	11,302	•
Concession sales			11,502	54,460		54,460	
Lot and vault sales	•		20	75,290	1163	75,290	- 8
Opening and closing fees		25,540		12,22	(·	25,540	- 5
Passenger fares	*	23,340	24,278	5	12,835	37,113	*
Admission and parking fees	*		24,210			-	5,152,602
Premium charges	กระสง เป็นสา	•	21 200	106,450	72	979,157	
Miscellaneous	841,007		31,700	236,200	12,835	19,353,076	5,152,602
Total operating revenues	19,011,221	25,540	67,280	236,200	12,033	17,555,676	
OPERATING EXPENSES						208,685	
Administration - Director	208,685	<u>*</u>	•	•		1,259,998	
Administration - Cashier	1,259,998	•	(*)			2,931,515	2
Water - Production	2,931,515	2	3#6			5,027,230	g .
Water - Distribution	5,027,230	•	•		•		
Sewer - Pretreatment	2,356,467				2	2,356,467	
Sewer - Collection	2,111,179					2,111,179	
Depreciation	2,871,661	165,861	154,671	51,010	51,429	3,294,632	
Insurance	215,765	29,690	25,135	5,764	30	276,384	27 171
Other operating expenses	2,086,181	547,333	636,246	93,713	43,010	3,406,483	27,171
Salaries	¥	678,765	684,648	116,071	58,041	1,537,525	•
Utilities		43,862	139,354	15,581	25,019	223,816	~
Operating supplies	-	107,314	187,073	67,327	12,335	374,049	
Premiums and claims		·		-			5,130,355
	19,068,681	1,572,825	1,827,127	349,466	189,864	23,007,963	5,157,526
Total operating expenses	-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		(112.256)	(177,029)	(3,654,887)	(4,924)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(57,460)	(1,547,285)	(1,759,847)	(113,266)	(177,025)	(3,034,007)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
(EXPENSES)						75	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	75	-	569	13	117,149	4,924
Interest income	116,080	266	221		-	1,149,331	.,,,
Grant income	900 450 H CE SING C	1,149,331	-	•	-	(472,750)	
Interest on revenue bonds and notes	(472,750)				13	793,805	4,924
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(356,670)	1,149,672	221	569	13	793,005	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS						4504	
AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(414,130)	(397,613)	(1,759,626)	(112,697)	(177,016)	(2,861,082)	-
TRANSFERS		68,047	918,859	112,254		1,099,160	
From General Fund		68,047	918,859	112,254		1,099,160	
Total transfers in		00,047	210,033				
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		.1			2	194,682	-
Federal/state grants		194,682				194,682	
Total capital contributions		194,682					
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(414,130)	(134,884)	(840,767)	(443)	(177,016)	(1,567,240)	(≠ 0)
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2022	32,071,837	(1,162,371)	2,199,449	3,201,187	1,800,000	38,110,102	-
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2023	\$ 31,657,707	\$ (1,297,255)	S 1,358,682	\$ 3,200,744	\$ 1,622,984	\$ 36,542,862	\$ -

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities					Governmental Activity -	
	Utility	Ashland Bus Fund	Recreation Fund	Cemetery Fund	Parking Garage Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Fund				I No.		
Cash received from customers	\$ 18,586,044	\$ 25,510	\$ 35,580	\$ 89,763 103,789	\$ 12,835 79,608	\$ 18,749,732 (5,328,689)	\$ (27,171)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(6,030,038)	(306,659) (719,884)	824,611 (688,672)	(118,292)	(57,265)	(8,083,250)	S
Cash payments to employees	(6,499,137) 841,007	(/15,004)	31,700	106,450	.90	979,157	€.
Other operating revenues Payments for internal services	(1,150,285)	(149,500)	(172,250)	(58,500)		(1,530,535)	4 542 575
Cash received for internal services	· ·	(4)	*	*	(₹)	•	4,543,675 (5,180,015)
Payments for premiums and claims			<u>-</u>				(5,100,015)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	5,747,591	(1,150,533)	30,969	123,210	35,178	4,786,415	(663,511)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Grant income	3	:37	•	110.054		1,099,160	
Transfers from other funds	·_	68,047	918,859	112,254		1,099,100	
Net cash provided by noncapital		68,047	918,859	112,254	-	1,099,160	
financing activities		65,047	910,039				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL							
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,646,291)	(28,811)	(883,739)	(40,237)	(22,522)	(5,621,600)	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets	(4,040,052)	75		-	-	75	3 <u>.</u>
Principal paid on bonds, notes, and lease obligations	(1,859,998)	-	-	-	-	(1,859,998)	(#) (22)
Interest paid on bonds, notes, and lease obligations	(472,750)		-	-	-	(472,750) 47,868	
Capital grants received		47,868				77,000	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(6,979,039)	19,132	(883,739)	(40,237)	(22,522)	(7,906,405)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING							
ACTIVITIES Withdrawal of investment securities	(51,524)		-	-	-	(51,524)	- Navasana
Investment income	116,080	266	221	569	13	117,149	4,924
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	64,556	266	221	569	13	65,625	4,924
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					10.000	(1.055.205)	(658,587)
cash equivalents	(1,166,892)	(1,063,088)	66,310	195,796	12,669	(1,955,205)	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	14,341,962	1,164,792	46,151	215,438	· — -	15,768,343	3,479,843
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	\$ 13,175,070	\$ 101,704	\$ 112,461	\$ 411,234	\$ 12,669	\$ 13,813,138	\$ 2,821,256
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LC TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	OSS)						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (57,460)	\$ (1,547,285)	\$ (1,759,847)	\$ (113,266)	\$ (177,029)	\$ (3,654,887)	\$ (4,924)
Adjustments:				£1.010	£1 400	3,294,632	160
Depreciation	2,871,661	165,861	154,671	51,010	51,429	24,553	i.e
Amortization	24,553 221,741	31,125	27,689	3,910	1,180	285,645	- 1
Net OPEB adjustment	(923,845)	(34,353)	(32,484)	(4,443)	(1,909)	(997,034)	•
Net pension adjustment Changes in assets and liabilities:	(325)(212)	. , ,				-4-454	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	299,171	(30)	F26	(39,987)		259,154	
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(28,147)	(489)	(3,202)	49,350	2	17,512 15,958	E:
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	15,958	(2)	9 <u>8</u> 3	150,652		150,652	=
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	010 219	(10.001)	513,157	27,672	23,577	1,364,623	13,393
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	819,218 2,426,318	(19,001) 291,530	1,130,214	27,072	136,425	3,984,487	(608,927)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	2,426,316 65,716	4,422	21,862	3,484		95,484	
Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities	(103,952)	(42,313)	(21,091)	(5,172)		(171,023)	(63,053)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	116,659	365				116,659	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating		6 // 100 000	S 30,969	\$ 123,210	S 35,178	\$ 4,786,415	\$ (663,511)
activities	\$ 5,747,591	\$ (1,150,533)	S 30,969	123,210			

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Pension Trust Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds	\$	3,596 3,173,078		
Investments Certificates of deposit		2,970,978 6,147,652		
Total assets LIABILITIES	-	2,203,564		
Due to other funds Total liabilities	2	2,203,564		
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	3,944,088		

CITY OF ASHLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:		
CONTRIBUTIONS		e 602 608
Employer		\$ 682,608
Total contributions		682,608
INVESTMENT INCOME		17,385
Interest income		
Total investment income		17,385
Total additions		699,993
DEDUCTIONS:		005 493
Benefits		995,483
Administrative expenses		6,550
Total deductions	9	1,002,033
NET DECREASE		(302,040)
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS:		1016100
Beginning of year		4,246,128
End of year		\$ 3,944,088

CITY OF ASHLAND TABLE OF CONTENTS

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CITY OF ASHLAND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

REPORTING ENTITY (1)

The City of Ashland (the "City") is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. It is governed and operated under the City Manager/Commission form of government and provides such services as public safety, transportation, recreation, streets, water, sewer, and refuse removal. The City evaluates separately administered organizations in order to determine if they are controlled by, or dependent upon, the City. GASB Codification Section 2100 establishes criteria for determining which, if any, component units should be considered part of the City for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability, which includes:

Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:

a. The ability of the government to impose its will on that organization and/or

b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the government.

2. Organizations for which the government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally

dependent on the government.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature and significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City has determined that as of June 30, 2023 there are no organizations meeting the criteria.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES **(2)**

Basis of Presentation A.

The basic financial statements of the City include both government-wide statements and fund financial

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The City considers all governmental and proprietary funds to be major funds, due to their belief that all of these funds present financial information which is important to the financial statement users. Thus, individual governmental funds and individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Tax Increment Finance Fund The Tax Increment Finance Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to the Ashland Plaza Redevelopment Project.
- Municipal Aid Road Fund The Municipal Aid Road Fund is used to account for state grants restricted for road improvements.
- Floodwall Operating Fund The Floodwall Operating Fund is used to account for taxes levied on real estate located within the floodwall. Resources may only be used for the repair and maintenance of the City's floodwall.
- O Community Development Fund The Community Development Fund is used to account for entitlements to the City under the provisions of Title 1 of the Housing and Development Act of 1974. Resources may only be used for activities which are directed toward developing urban communities and economic opportunities for individuals of low and moderate income.
- Housing Assistance Fund The Housing Assistance Fund is used to account for grant revenue provided to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Section 8 rent subsidy program. Resources are used for the payment of rent subsidies to landlords on behalf of qualified tenants.
- ARPA Fund The ARPA Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to grants received under the American Rescue Plan Act.
- Opioid Settlement Fund The Opioid Settlement Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to funds received from the Kentucky Opioid Abatement Advisory Commission. Resources are used for expenditures related to opioid use disorder or any cooccurring substance use disorder or mental health issue, as defined in KRS 15.291.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used in acquiring, constructing and maintaining major capital facilities and assets.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

 Utility Fund - The Utility Fund is used to account for water and wastewater (sewer) services for the City and surrounding communities.

Ashland Bus Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's mass transportation system which

is partially subsidized by the Federal government (Department of Transportation).

o Recreation Fund - The Recreation Fund is used to account for the City's swimming pool operations and other vending (concession) activities.

o Cemetery Fund - The Cemetery Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of

the Ashland Cemetery.

o Parking Garage Fund - The Parking Garage Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the city parking garage.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the financing of health insurance premiums and claims payments for all eligible City employees and retirees on a premium cost only reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The Police and Firefighters Pension Fund and the Utility Pension Fund are the City's two Fiduciary Funds.

Pension trust funds recognize employer and participant contributions in the period in which contributions are due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City Utility Fund and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue tap fees intended to recover the costs of connecting new customers to the utility system. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to May 1, the City Manager obtains estimates from the department heads in order to prepare the proposed budget.
- Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The proposed budget includes proposed operating and capital expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted at commission meetings in order to review the proposed budget and to obtain comments from taxpayers and other interested parties.
- 4. Prior to the first day beginning the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted through the passage of an ordinance for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and all Enterprise Funds, and a separate budgetary report is prepared for utilization by the City, and for informational purposes for the general public.
- 5. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the City Commission. Therefore, the level of control on budgetary items is maintained at the department level.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis. Budgets for all Enterprise Funds are adopted on the accrual basis. Both methods are consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended periodically by the City Commission. Departmental revisions were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, even if encumbered.

D. Deposits and Investments

Investments, other than Pension Trust Fund investments, are stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 permits the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, certain Federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial banks' certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits, certain mutual funds, Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool and the Kentucky League of Cities investment pool.

At June 30, 2023, the City's investments consist of certificate of deposits and money market funds, which are valued at cost.

E. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventory in the General and Enterprise-Utility Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Enterprise-Recreation Fund inventories consist of merchandise held for sale and consumable supplies. Enterprise-Cemetery Fund inventories consist of plots and mausoleum vaults. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Utility plants in service	5-50 years
Buildings and improvements	5-20 years
Operating equipment	3-10 years
Automotive equipment	3-7 years
Office furniture and equipment	3-20 years
Bus system equipment	5-10 years
Recreation equipment	5-25 years
Infrastructure	20-30 years

The City is required by GASB 34 to retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2006. The City elected to adopt the requirements of GASB 34 concerning infrastructure assets in the 2006 fiscal year. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to March 10, 2006 are reported at historical estimated cost or deflated replacement cost. Infrastructure assets acquired after March 10, 2006 are reported at cost.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used by the City whereby purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances in the General, Special Revenue, Enterprise and Capital Projects Funds, since the encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, even though the City intends to honor those commitments. At June 30, 2023, there were no significant encumbrances.

H. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

J. Compensated Absences

The City's accrued liabilities for future compensated absences are recorded to the extent the future leaves (1) relate to rights attributable to employee services already rendered, (2) relate to rights that vest or accumulate, (3) where payment is probable, and (4) where amounts can be reasonably estimated. Amounts that normally would be paid with expendable available financial resources are recorded in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Amounts paid or payable within 60 days are deemed to be payable from expendable available

financial resources. Liabilities for compensated absences are recorded in full in the Government-wide and Proprietary Fund financial statements.

K. Fund Balances

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance-amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as
 grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by
 enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Commissioners through an ordinance, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commissioners take the action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance-amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose (such as
 encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the City Commissioners or by an official or body to which
 the City delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Fund balance assigned for special revenue funds can only be expended on items that meet the specific purpose of the fund. When restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

At June 30, 2023, the City has \$5,190,374 of fund balance for the General Fund committed by the City Commissioners for capital improvements and \$2,000,000 committed for economic development.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of governments.

M. Self-Insurance

The City is self-insured for health and accident claims for employees and eligible retirees as more fully described in Note (14).

N. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Proprietary and Internal Service Funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes relate to the determination of the allowance for uncollectible accounts and the useful lives used to depreciate capital assets, and actuarial asswnptions used in determining pension and OPEB costs. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

P. Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Q. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the conswnption method A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorde-0 at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are conswned.

R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

S. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's :fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan s fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest- earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

T. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans':fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost

U. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94 - Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an

operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchangelike transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. The Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. GASB 96 was effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In May 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 ("GASB 99"), to provide guidance addressing various accounting and financial reporting issues identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB pronouncements or during the due process on other pronouncements. GASB 99 addresses, among other matters:

Accounting and financial reporting for exchange or exchange-like financial guarantees;

Clarification of certain provisions of Statement No.:

o 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments.

o 87, Leases, o 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership and Availability Payment Arrangements,

96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA);

Replacing the original deadline for use of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as a benchmark interest rate for hedges of interest rate risk of taxable debt with a deadline for when LIBOR ceases to be determined by the ICE Benchmark Administration using the methodology in place as of December 31, 2021;

Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

Program (SNAP);

Disclosures related to non-monetary transactions; and

Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.

Requirements that relate to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures for non-monetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarifications of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, and terminology updates were effective upon issuance. Requirements related to City, public-public and public-private partnerships (PPPs), and SBITAs were effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. Requirements related to other requirements related to derivative instruments will be effective for the City for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Adoption of the provisions required thru the year

ending June 30, 2023, did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the remaining provisions of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62) ("GASB 100"), which has as its primary objective to provide more straightforward guidance that is easier to understand and is more reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable across governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. Improving the clarity of accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections will mean greater consistency in the application of these requirements in general. The requirements of GASB 100 will be effective for accounting changes and error corrections made by the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2024. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences ("GASB 101"), which supersedes the guidance in Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, issued in 1992. GASB 101 aligns recognition and measurement guidance for all types of compensated absences under a unified model. It also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. Additionally, it establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. Additionally, GASB 101 (1) provides an alternative to the existing requirement to disclose the gross annual increases and decreases in long-term liability for compensated absences, allowing governments to disclose only the net annual change in the liability as long as it is identified as such; and (2) removes the disclosure of the government funds used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of GASB 101 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2025. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

(3) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City requires deposits to be 100% secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance (FDIC). The City does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amounts of the City's deposits held in banks were \$43,084,945 and the bank balances were \$47,482,256. The total of the bank balances were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City's agents in the City's name, or by letters of credit.

Investments: At June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type -	Balance	Less than 1	<u>1 - 5</u>	 6 - 10	More than
ARPA Fund Certificates of Deposit	\$ 13,030,520	\$ 13,030,520	\$ -	\$ - \$	₹.
Utility Fund Certificates of Deposit	6,299,161	6,299,161	_	·	=
Recreation Fund Certificates of Deposit	190,000	190,000	=	(4)	-

Fiduciary Funds Certificates of Deposit

2,970,978

2,970,978

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: The City may invest their monies in interest-bearing bonds of any county, urban-county government or city in the State of Kentucky, or in any securities in which trustees are permitted to invest trust funds under the laws of the State of Kentucky, including participation in a local government pension investment fund created pursuant to KRS 95.895. The money market mutual fund invests only in U.S. Treasury Obligations, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury where the payment of principal and interest is backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

(4) PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property, tangible and public utility property taxes are levied prior to June 30 of each year based upon the assessed value as of January 1. Assessed values are established by State Law at 100% of fair value. Per KRS 91.487, the lien date for assessed taxes is January 1 of each fiscal year and are due and payable by June 30 of each year. Public utility taxes are due and payable within thirty days from the date the bills are mailed. The City imposes penalties of 10% and interest of 0.5% per month on taxes not paid within thirty days of mailing tax bills.

Real property and tangible property taxes are recognized as revenue on the modified accrual basis. Public utility taxes were not accrued at June 30, since assessed amounts are not available until the subsequent fiscal year.

Motor vehicle property taxes are assessed as of January 1 of each year and are collected by the County Clerk and remitted to the City. These taxes are not accrued, as amounts are payable upon the birth dates of the owners of the vehicles.

The 2023 assessed value for real property and tangible property was approximately \$850,000,000 and \$120,000,000 respectively. The tax rate adopted was \$.2490 per \$100 valuation with an additional \$.1056 per \$100 valuation for property within the floodwall.

(5) GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable from other governmental units as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds - Municipal Aid Road Fund Community Development Fund, program allocation	\$ 83,457 46,624 130,081
Enterprise Funds – Ashland Bus System – FTA	1,337,030
	<u>\$ 1,467,111</u>

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the City's capital assets is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
		ne 30, 2022	A	dditions	De	ductions	Ji	une 30, 2023
Governmental Activities	34	110 30, 2022	-					
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:	\$	18,936,298	\$	-	\$	(m)	\$	18,936,298
Land	ф	127,653	Ψ	1,693,048	•	(127,653)		1,693,048
Construction in progress		127,033		2,050,010				
Capital Assets, Depreciated:		10,020,861		60,000		-		10,080,861
Buildings		3,335,756		214,465		-		3,550,221
Building improvements		7,069,303		666,960		(98,074)		7,638,189
Automotive equipment		692,150		31,172				723,322
Office furniture and equipment		5,166,740		255,824		(266,021)		5,156,543
Operating equipment		3,630,178						3,630,178
Capital improvements		66,895,539		2,858,052				69,753,591
Infrastructure Totals		115,874,478	-	5,779,521		(491,748)		121,162,251
Less: accumulated depreciation		2 21 4 016		186,980				3,501,896
Buildings		3,314,916		97,155		1000		2,461,688
Building improvements		2,364,533		568,577		(98,074)		4,883,027
Automotive equipment		4,412,524 498,350		36,539		(50,071)		534,889
Office furniture and equipment				222,799		(266,021)		3,450,119
Operating equipment		3,493,341 600,464		149,220		(200,021)		749,684
Capital improvements				1,612,563		(AV		42,638,206
Infrastructure		41,025,643 55,709,771	_	2,873,833	-	(364,095)	_	58,219,509
Total accumulated depreciation		33,709,771	0.	2,675,055		(501,055)		
Governmental Activities		0.000	_	2 005 500	ė	(107 (52)	e	62,942,742
Capital Assets - Net	\$	60,164,707		2,905,688	\$	(127,653)	\$	02,742,142
		Balance						Balance
Business-type Activities	Ju	ne 30, 2022	E	dditions	D	eductions	Ţ	une 30, 2023
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:	-		-					
Land	\$	449,401	\$		S	₩.	\$	449,401
Construction in progress	*	4,725,305		3,527,468				8,252,773
Capital Assets, Depreciated:								
Buildings		7,374,659		12 5		-		7,374,659
Building improvements		1,024,037		143,034		ş		1,167,071
Utility and sewage plants		107,020,485		360,816				107,381,301
Automotive equipment		2,514,719		116,128		(20,498)		2,610,349
Office furniture and equipment		592,853		14,017		2		606,870
Operating equipment		5,579,543		474,183		<u>~</u>		6,053,726
Recreation equipment		351,152		38,138		2		389,290
Capital improvement		4,266,105		947,816				5,213,921
Totals		133,898,259		5,621,600	_	(20,498)	_	139,499,361
I a commutated depreciation								
Less: accumulated depreciation Buildings		1,735,625		175,871				1,911,496
Building improvements		651,095		43,195				694,290
Utility and sewage plants		62,816,381		2,411,597				65,227,978
		1,870,158		171,937		(20,498)		2,021,597
Automotive equipment		371,030		70,910		-		441,940
Office furniture and equipment		3,412,715		268,364		•		3,681,079
Operating equipment Recreation equipment		257,145		12,951				270,096
		509,291		139,807				649,098
Capital improvements Total accumulated depreciation	_	71,623,440	_	3,294,632	-	(20,498)		74,897,574
_			_					
Business-type Activities		CO 074 010	e	2,326,968	\$		\$	64,601,787
Capital Assets - Net		62,274,819	_\$_	1,320,708	=		===	4.344.331.24

Depreciation expense was allocated to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Finance Public services Planning and code enforcement Police Fire Engineering	\$	511,123 6,824 1,549,894 1,865 464,363 282,791 3,363
Community and cultural	_	53,610
V70 2005	<u>\$</u>	2,873,833
Business-type activities:	ds.	2 071 661
Utilities	\$	2,871,661
Bus		165,861
Recreation		154,671
Cemetery		51,010
Parking garage		51,429
I month Small	\$	3,294,632

(7) RETIREMENT PLANS

Net pension liabilities of the City as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

\$ 1,224,899
9,829,245 35,022,582 \$ 46,076,726
\$ 5,479,474

Single Employer Plans

Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

The City of Ashland contributes to two single-employer, public employee retirement plans. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans, as follows:

Utility Pension Fund (UPF)

The City of Ashland Utilities Employee's Pension Plan provides retirement benefits to City utility department employees in classified positions under civil service. The plan is closed to new participants and at June 30, 2023, there were no active employees participating in UPF. Unless otherwise indicated, UPF information in in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation date, June 30, 2023.

Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund (PFPF)

The City of Ashland Policemen and Firefighters Pension Plan provides retirement benefits to retirees and beneficiaries of policemen and firefighters hired prior to August 1, 1988.

The plan was frozen effective August 1, 1988. Policemen and firefighters hired after that date are required to participate in CERS. The plan is closed to new participants and at June 30, 2023, there were no active employees participating in PFPF. Unless otherwise indicated, PFPF information this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation date, June 30, 2022, with an update to roll forward information to June 30, 2023.

Financial Statements

A separate audited financial statement is not available for the UPF and PFPF. The following is the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position for the UPF and PFPF:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	PENSION TRI Utility Pension Fund	Pension Pension	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds Investments, at fair value - Certificates of deposit Total assets	\$ -494 3,173,078 796,209 3,969,781	\$ - 3,102 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 3,596 3,173,078 - 2,970,978 - 6,147,652
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Total liabilities NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	1,438,289	765,275	2,203,564
	1,438,289	765,275	2,203,564
	\$ 2,531,492	\$ 1,412,596	\$ 3,944,088
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION ADDITIONS Contributions - Employer Plan members Total contributions	\$ 509,705 - 509,705	\$ 172,903 - - 172,903	\$ 682,608 - 682,608
Investment income - Interest income Total investment income Total additions	2,489	14,896	17,385
	2,489	14,896	17,385
	512,194	187,799	699,993
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Administrative expenses Total deductions	717,727	277,756	995,483
	1,800	4,750	6,550
	719,527	282,506	1,002,033
	(207,333)	(94,707)	(302,040)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year End of year	2,738,825	1,507,303	4,246,128
	\$ 2,531,492	\$ 1,412,596	\$ 3,944,088

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of (\$171,415) and (\$43,382) for the Utility Pension Fund and Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the effect of all changes in assumptions and differences between expected and actual experience were recognized in pension expense due to there being no active employees participating.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations are performed bi-annually. For additional information relating to basis of accounting and reported investment values, see Notes (1) and (2). These plans are defined benefit plans. The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Governing Authority	Utility Pension Fund City Ordinance and KRS	Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund City Ordinance and KRS
Determination of contribution requirements	Actuarially	Actuarially
Contribution rates as a percentage of covered payroll: Employer Plan Members	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Funding of administrative costs	Investment Earnings	Investment Earnings
Period required to vest	20	10
Post retirement benefit increases	As approved by City Commission	As approved by City Commission
Eligibility for distribution	Age 50, with 20 years	N/A
Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
Membership of the plans are as follows: Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan participants: Vested Non-Vested	19 - - 19	$ \begin{array}{ccc} & \underline{\text{Totals}} \\ & 31 \\ & \underline{} \\ & \phantom{0$

Actuarial assumptions and other information used to determine the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are as follows:

	Utility Pension Fund	Policemen And Firefighters Pension Fund
Valuation date	06-30-23	06-30-22

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level % of payroll Closed	Level % of payroll Closed
Amortization	20 years	10 years
Actuarial asset valuation method	Fair market value, quoted market prices	Fair market value, quoted market prices
Actuarial assumptions Investments Rate of return Allocation Projected salary increases Post retirement benefit increases Cost of living adjustments Discount rate Mortality Changes of assumptions since prior valuation	2.50% Allowed by KRS None 0.00 % 3.00 % 2.50 % RP-2000 Mortality Table Discount rate increased from 2.25% to 250%	2.50% Allowed by KRS None 0.00 % 3.00 % 2.50 % RP-2000 Mortality Table Mortality rate projections

Net Pension Liability

The following represents the components of the net pension liability:

Date	Fiduciary Net Position (a)	Total Pension Liability (TPL) Entry Age (b)	Net Pension Liability (NPL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	NPL As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
Utility Pension	Fund					
06/30/22 06/30/23	\$ 2,738,825 2,531,492	Ψ 0,000,120	\$ 6,160,594 5,479,474	30.8% 31.6%	** N/A ** N/A	** N/A ** N/A
Policemen and	Firefighters Po	ension Fund				
06/30/22 06/30/23	\$ 1,507,303 1,412,596	Ψ 2,5 10, 10.	\$ 1,441,184 1,224,899	51.1% 53.6%	** N/A ** N/A	** N/A ** N/A

^{**}No active employees or covered payroll.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following represents the changes in the net pension liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Utility Pension Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 8,899,419	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 2,738,825	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) \$ 6,160,594
Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability	191,488	:	191,488

Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Effect of changes in benefit terms Benefit payments Employer contributions Investment income, net of expenses Benefit payments Administrative expenses	(463,572) (134,192) 235,706 (717,883) - - -	509,705 2,489 (717,727) (1,800)	(463,572) (134,192) 235,706 (717,883) (509,705) (2,489) 717,727 1,800 (681,120)
Net changes	(888,453)	(207,333)	(081,120)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 8,010,966	<u>\$ 2,531,492</u>	\$ 5,479,474
Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 Changes for the year: Interest on total pension liability Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Effect of changes in benefit terms Benefit payments Employer contributions Investment income, net of expenses Benefit payments Administrative expenses	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 2,948,487 69,865 (170,068) 73,343 (284,132)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 1,507,303	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) \$ 1,441,184 69,865 (170,068) 73,343 (284,132) (172,903) (14,896) 277,756 4,750
Net changes	(310,992)	(94,707)	(216,285)
Balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 2,637,495</u>	\$ 1,412,596	\$_1,224,899

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows

There are no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the Utility Pension Fund and Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund at June 30, 2023 due to all participants of the Plans being retired.

Discount Rate

The following represents the effect on the net pension liability using a discount rate that is one percentage point higher and a discount rate that is one percentage point lower:

Utility Pension Fund	1% Decrease (1.50%) \$ 6,241,303	Current discount rate (2.50%) \$ 5,479,474	1% Increase (3.50%) \$ 4,826,274
Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund	1% Decrease (1.50%) \$ 1,452,703	Current discount rate (2.50%) \$ 1,224,899	1% Increase (3.50%) \$ 1,028,201

Reserves

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits for either plan. Each plan held certificates of deposit at local financial institutions whose market value exceeds five percent of net position available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

Payables

The following represents amounts due to the Utility Pension Fund and the Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund as of June 30, 2023:

Governmental activities: Policemen and Firefighters Pension Fund

\$

Business-type activities: Utility Pension Fund

\$ 3,173,078

Cost - Sharing, Multiple Employer Plan - County Employees Retirement System

Plan description

Substantially all full-time employees of the City participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). This system consists of two plans - Nonhazardous and Hazardous. Each plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members employed in nonhazardous or hazardous positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. The plans provide for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plans will vary based on final compensation, years of service, and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% nonhazardous and 8.00% hazardous (6.00% and 9.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008, respectively) of their salary through payroll deductions and by employers of members who contribute 26.79% for nonhazardous (23.40%-pension, 3.39%-insurance) and 49.59% for hazardous (42.81% pension, 6.78% insurance) of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$2,307,314 and \$3,672,210 to the CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous Pension Fund, respectively. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion for nonhazardous and hazardous was 0.31562% and 1.47733%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of approximately \$1,800,000 and \$3,400,000 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Õ	Deferred outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Nonhazardous Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	24,393	\$	203,186	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		584,920		EA 066	
	S	247,695 2,307,314 3,164,322	\$	54,966 - 258,152	
Hazardous Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,004,159	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		808,925		-	
	\$	674,911 3,672,210 6,160,205	\$		

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources for City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$2,307,314 and \$3,672,210 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Nonha	Nonhazardous		<u> Iazardous</u>
2024	\$	156,187	\$	880,992
2025		(13,751)		668,031
2026	(191,733)		74,935
2027		648,153		864,037
2027	\$	598,856	\$	2,487,995

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method Level percentage of pay Amortization Method 29 years, closed Remaining Amortization Period 2.00% Payroll Growth 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the Asset Valuation Method expected market value of assets is recognized 2.30% Inflation 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service Salary Increase 6.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including Investment Rate of Return inflation

There have been no actuarial assumptions or method changes since June 30, 2021. Additionally, there have been no plan provision changes that would materially impact the total pension liability since June 30, 2022.

The mortality table used for active members is PUB-2010 General Mortality Table projected with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For non-disabled retired members, a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019 is utilized. For disabled members, the mortality table used is the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

20110000)		
	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	(0.91)%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	<u>4.07%</u>
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	**	1% Decrease (5.25%)	Current discount rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability Nonhazardous Hazardous		\$ 28,517,164 43,626,358	\$ 22,815,996 35,022,582	\$ 18,100,656 28,015,338

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2023, there was a total payable to CERS of \$988,725 for nonhazardous and hazardous, which includes pension and OPEB contributions.

(8) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ("OPEB") PLANS

Net OPEB liabilities of the City as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Governmental activities: County Employees Retirement System Nonhazardous Hazardous	\$ 2,535,473 9,771,320 12,306,793
Business-type activities: County Employees Retirement System Nonhazardous	\$ 3,692,758

Cost - Sharing, Multiple Employer Plan - County Employees Retirement System Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") Insurance Fund was established to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. This system consists of two plans – Nonhazardous and Hazardous. Each Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' (KRS) board of trustees. CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance coverage based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium. Hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Percentage of contribution ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non-hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Hazardous retirees receive \$15 toward the monthly premium and the hazardous retiree's spouse may also receive this contribution upon the retiree's death. The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually by a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) since July 2004.

Contributions

CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the year ending June 30, 2023, CERS allocated 3.39% of the 26.79% nonhazardous and 6.78% of the 49.59% hazardous actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1.00% of the contributions by employees hired after September 1, 2008 are allocated to the health insurance plan. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$334,265 and \$581,583 to the CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous Insurance Fund, respectively. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Insurance Fund

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion for nonhazardous and hazardous was 0.31559% and 1.47157%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$1,100,000 and \$1,400,000 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively, including an implicit subsidy of \$224,552 and \$106,598, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows		Outflows		-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Nonhazardous Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	626,923 985,038	\$	1,428,278 811,666				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		252,789		-				
		86,631		118,980				
	\$	334,265 2,285,646	\$	2,358,924				
Hazardous Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	215,903 1,631,118	\$	578,713 1,681,294				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		356,646		₩				
		153,933		41,182				
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		581,583 2,939,183	\$	2,301,189				

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB for City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$334,265 and \$581,583 for nonhazardous and hazardous, respectively. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Nonhazardous Hazardous	
Year	1
2025 (36,114) 92,08	1
2026 (364,715) (107,67	7)
2027 18,259 264,42	9
2028 - (303,31	3)
Thereafter	_
\$ (407,543) \$ 56,41	1

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuariai Cost Method	J 5

Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Payroll Growth Rate

Asset Valuation Method

Inflation Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return

Healthcare Trend Rates Pre-65

Post-65

Mortality Pre-retirement

Post-retirement (non-disabled)

Post-retirement (disabled)

Level Percent of Pay 29 Years, Closed

2.00%

20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is

recognized 2.30%

3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Initial trend starting at 6.20% at January 1, 2024 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of

4.05% over a period of 13 years

Initial trend starting at 9.00% in 2024, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a

period of 13 years

PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality

improvement scale using a base year of 2010 System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the

ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale

using a base year of 2019

PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year

set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a

base year of 2010

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within each plan changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2021, valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's anticipated long-term healthcare costs. There were no other material assumption changes.

Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session and increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003, by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Equity	60.00%	4.450/
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	(0.91)%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Expected Real Return	<u>100.00%</u>	4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.70%. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the KRS' actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Nonhazardous CERS Insurance Fund, calculated using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (4.70%)	d	Current iscount rate (5.70%)	_	1% Increase (6.70%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Nonhazardous	\$	8,326,152	\$	6,228,231	\$	4,493,950

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Hazardous CERS Insurance Fund, calculated using the discount rate of 5.61%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.61%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.61%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (4.61%)	d —	Current iscount rate (5.61%)	1% Increase (6.61%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Hazardous	\$ 13,576,958	\$	9,771,320	\$ 6,680,432

Sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	-	1% Decrease	 Current trend rate	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Nonhazardous Hazardous	\$	4,630,552 6,823,190	\$ 6,228,231 9,771,320	\$ 8,146,743 13,364,932

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the OPEB plan

At June 30, 2023, there was a total payable to CERS of \$988,725 for nonhazardous and hazardous, which includes pension and OPEB contributions.

(9) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended June 30, 2023:

110 1010					
Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bond Series 2015	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 1,390,000	\$ 160,000
General Obligation Bond Series 2017	3,800,000		190,000	3,610,000	195,000
General Obligation Bond Series 2021	10,745,000		975,000	9,770,000	1,025,000
Financing lease — Melody Mtn. Phase II	1,128,749	*	77,082	1,051,667	80,000
Premium on bonds	1,740,401	: *);	191,062	1,549,339	-
Compensated absences obligation	940,406	126,820	681	1,066,545	CPS Disson
Total Governmental Activi	ties \$ 19,894,556	\$ 126,820	\$1,583,825	\$ 18,437,551	\$1,460,000

Business-type Activities	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Revenue & Improvement Bond Series 2013	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ 490,000	\$ 510,000	\$ 510,000
Water & Sewer Revenue Bond Series 2015	2,245,000	.77	220,000	2,025,000	230,000
Water & Sewer Revenue Bond Series 2020	10,700,000	+ 3.	465,000	10,235,000	475,000
Financing lease - Radio Meters	792,083		117,083	675,000	122,083
KIA Loan	749,748	=0	244,345	505,403	249,874
KIA Loan	4,139,794	•	323,570	3,816,224	330,072
Premium on bonds	69,827		7,758	62,069	: # ?!
Discount on bonds	(22,215)		(5,373)	(16,842)	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 19,674,237	<u>\$ -</u>	\$1,862,383	\$ 17,811,854	\$1,917,029

At June 30, 2023, the City was required to have \$1,496,225 for the Revenue and Improvement Bonds, in sinking fund reserve accounts. Additionally, under the KIA loan agreements, the City was required to have \$390,000 set aside for the costs of extensions, improvements, renewals and replacements to the sewer system. As of June 30, 2023, the City had reserve funds of \$1,886,225.

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2015

On March 17, 2015, the City issued \$2,520,000 in refunding bonds with an average rate of 3.0% to advance refund \$2,460,000 of the series 2005 bonds with an average rate of 4.0%. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$103,137. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2030 using the straight-line method. Additionally, the City reduced its total debt service payments over the following 25 years by \$269,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the old and new bonds) of \$224,000.

The 2015 Series bonds were sold at a premium of \$89,008, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	160,000	\$	39,300	\$	199,300	
2025	•	165,000		34,425		199,425	
2026		165,000		29,475		194,475	
2027		170,000		24,450		194,450	
2028		175,000		19,275		194,275	
2029-2031		555,000		25,275		580,275	
2027-2031	\$	1,390,000	\$	172,200	\$	1,562,200	
					-		

General Obligation Bond Series 2017

On October 25, 2017, the City issued \$4,490,000 in general obligation bonds with an average rate of 3.0% to fund the Ashland Plaza Redevelopment Project, which is a tax increment finance project. See Note (13) for additional information regarding the tax increment finance district.

The 2017 Series bonds were sold at a premium of \$79,002, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Principal			Interest		Total		
\$	195,000	\$	105,375	\$	300,375		
	200,000		99,450		299,450		
	205,000		93,375		298,375		
	210,000		87,150		297,150		
	•		80,700		300,700		
	•		299,625		1,494,625		
	•		106,425		1,491,425		
\$	3,610,000	\$	872,100	\$	4,482,100		
	\$	\$ 195,000 200,000 205,000 210,000 220,000 1,195,000 1,385,000	\$ 195,000 \$ 200,000 \$ 205,000 210,000 220,000 1,195,000 1,385,000	\$ 195,000 \$ 105,375 200,000 99,450 205,000 93,375 210,000 87,150 220,000 80,700 1,195,000 299,625 1,385,000 106,425	\$ 195,000 \$ 105,375 \$ 200,000 99,450 205,000 93,375 210,000 87,150 220,000 80,700 1,195,000 299,625 1,385,000 106,425		

General Obligation Bond Series 2021

On June 22, 2021, the City issued \$11,170,000 in general obligation bonds with an average rate of 5.0% to terminate the lease agreement with the Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust for the police station constructed in 2008 and to finance various capital improvements. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$415,059. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2031 using the straight-line method

The 2021 Series bonds were sold at a premium of \$1,815,487, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 432,700	\$ 1,457,700
2025	1,080,000	381,450	1,461,450
2026	1,130,000	327,450	1,457,450
2027	1,190,000	270,950	1,460,950
2028	1,245,000	211,450	1,456,450
2029-2033	4,100,000	275,350	4,375,350
2027 2000	\$ 9,770,000	\$ 1,899,350	\$ 11,669,350

Financing Lease - Melody Mountain Phase II

On May 2, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to finance the development of the Melody Mountain Project Phase II. Proceeds of the variable rate (2.0% to 3.5%) lease agreement totaled \$1,710,000.

Future minimum annual lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Inter	Interest & Fees		Total		
2024	\$	80,000	\$	37,710	\$	117,710		
2025	•	82,084		35,110		117,194		
2026		85,000		32,443		117,443		
2027		87,083		29,680		116,763		
2028		92,083		26,803		118,886		
2029-2033		513,332		82,345		595,677		
20234-2035		112,085		5,900		117,985		
2022 1 2033	\$	1,051,667	\$	249,991	\$_	1,301,658		

Compensated Absences Obligation

Compensated absences of Governmental Fund Types payable within 60 days from the balance sheet date are deemed to be payable from expendable available financial resources. Compensated absences earned by employees which are payable after 60 days are reflected as general long-term obligations of the City.

The estimated liabilities for accrued compensated absences as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

General Fund Community Development Fund Housing Assistance Fund Floodwall Fund Ashland Bus System Recreation Fund Cemetery Fund Utility Fund	Accrued Long-Term Obligation 1,044,074 13,249 6,628 2,594	Current Obligation \$ 205,392 2,606 1,304 510 30,316 36,464 12,586 316,507	Total Compensated Absences \$ 1,249,466 15,855 7,932 3,104 30,316 36,464 12,586 316,507
Utility Fund	\$ 1,066,545	\$ 605,685	\$ 1,672,230

Refer to Note (2) for additional information regarding compensated absences.

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying loan agreements. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$230 million.

Business-Type Activities

Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2013

On April 1, 2013, the City issued \$4,890,000 in refunding bonds with an average rate of 5.3% to advance refund \$4,410,000 of the series 1999 bonds with an average rate of 6.8%. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$269,378. This

difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2024 using the straight-line method. Additionally, the City reduced its total debt service payments over the following 25 years by \$416,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the old and new bonds) of \$354,000.

The 2013 Series bonds were sold at a discount of \$29,668, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,]	Principal]	Interest	Total
2024	\$	510,000	\$	11,475	\$ 521,475

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2015

On March 11, 2015, the City issued \$3,620,000 in revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 3.25%, to finance improvements for the waterworks, water distribution, wastewater treatment and collection facilities. The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	230,000	\$ 62,125	\$	292,125		
2025	-	235,000	55,225		290,225		
2026		240,000	48,175		288,175		
2027		250,000	40,975		290,975		
2028		255,000	33,475		288,475		
2029-2030		815,000	52,800		867,800		
2027-2030	\$	2,025,000	\$ 292,775	\$	2,317,775		
	_						

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2020

On July 7, 2020, the City issued \$11,500,000 in revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 2.5%, to finance improvements for the waterworks, water distribution, wastewater treatment and collection facilities.

The 2020 Series bonds were sold at a discount of \$24,060, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total		
2024	\$	475,000	\$	220,813	\$	695,813	
2025	•	485,000		211,313		696,313	
2026		495,000		201,613		696,613	
2027		505,000		191,713		696,713	
2028		515,000		181,613		696,613	
2029-2033		2,735,000		749,465		3,484,465	
2034-2038		3,025,000		455,664		3,480,664	
2039-2041		2,000,000		100,750		2,100,750	
2033-2041	\$	10,235,000	\$	2,312,944	\$	12,547,944	

Financing Lease - Radio Meters

On July 30, 2013, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Bond Corporation to finance the acquisition and installation of radio read meters. Proceeds of the variable rate (4.125% to 4.625%) lease agreement totaled \$1,710,000. Future minimum annual lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest & Fees		Total		
2024	\$	122,083	\$	29,219	\$	151,302	
2025		127,083		24,030		151,113	
2026		134,167		18,629		152,796	
2027		142,083		12,927		155,010	
2028		111,667		6,889		118,556	
2029		37,917		1,921		39,838	
	\$	675,000	\$	93,615	\$	768,615	

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan

On November 1, 2004, the City entered into an Assistance Agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority ("KIA") for a water system renovation project. In accordance with the Agreement, the City received the proceeds from the loan as eligible expenses were incurred. On January 12, 2019, the KIA allowed the City to refinance the agreement to reduce the interest rate from 3.0% to 2.25%. A loan serving fee of 0.025% of the annual outstanding loan balance shall be payable to KIA as a part of each interest payment. The annual requirements to amortize the indebtedness at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Fees	Total
2024	8	249,874	\$	9,974	\$ 886	\$ 260,734
2025	Ψ	255,529	Ť	4,320	384	260,233
AUM	\$	505,403	\$	14,294	\$ 1,270	\$ 520,967

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan

On May 1, 2010, the City entered into an Assistance Agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority ("KIA") to finance capacity upgrades at the Roberts Drive Pump Station and the Sixth Street Pump Station as part of the CSO abatement projects in the Long-Term Control Plan (See Note 12). The loan bears interest at a rate of 2.0% with a maturity date of December 1, 2033. A loan serving fee of 0.001% of the annual outstanding loan balance shall be payable to KIA as a part of each interest payment. In accordance with the Agreement, the City received the proceeds from the loan as eligible expenses were incurred. The annual requirements to amortize the loan as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Princip	oal	Interes	t	Fees	Total
2024		,072 \$	74,	682	\$ 7,468	\$ 412,222
2025	•	5,707	68,	048	6,805	411,560
2026		3,474	61.	280	6,128	410,882
2027),378	54,	376	5,438	410,192
2028		7,421	47.	334	4,733	409,488
2029-2033	1,897	•	125.	975	12,598	2,036,372
2034	•),373	2,	,003	200	202,576
20JT	\$ 3,816		433.		\$ 43,370	\$ 4,293,292

(10) INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivable and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund General Fund Ceneral Fund Capital Project Cemetery Fund	Payable Fund Ashland Bus System Utility Fund Recreation Fund Parking Garage Internal Service Fund Municipal Aid Road Fund Floodwall Operating Fund Tax Increment Fund Housing Assistance Community Development Fund Utility Pension Fund Police & Firefighters Pension Fund General Fund General Fund	\$ Amount 1,906,671 5,741,787 1,662,109 136,425 1,655,768 12,382 8,636 1,167,062 258,799 14,525 1,438,289 765,275 5,123,522 90,202 2 173,078
	General Fund	90,202
Utility Pension Fund Total	Utility Fund	\$ 3,173,078 23,154,530

Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type Operating Operating Operating	From Fund General General General	To Fund Ashland Bus System Recreation Capital Projects Cametery	Purpose Matching Operations & Capital Capital Purchases Operations	Amount \$ 68,047 918,859 1,271,985 112,254
Operating	General	Cemetery	Operations	112,234

(11) LEGAL CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in various legal actions arising from normal business operations. The City's legal counsel believes these actions are without merit, adequately covered by insurance, or that the ultimate liability, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements, which are generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by federal agencies. Any disallowance as a result of these audits could become a liability of the City.

(12) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ashland Bus System

The City is committed to provide financial assistance to the Ashland Bus System (ABS). During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$68,047 to the ABS under this agreement. Remaining operating costs are to be funded through grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). The City has estimated that there is no amount due from the DOT for the current year's operating grant. City management does not expect its cost of operating the ABS to decrease in the near future.

Combined Sewer Overflow Improvements

In 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet to comply with federal Clean Water Act standards that are applicable to the City's sewer system. The City's system is considered a combined sewer system due to the sewers collecting rainwater, runoff, domestic sewage and industrial wastewater. During heavy rains or melting snow, the system can create Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO), when waste and storm water overflow from the sewer system into local bodies of water and the Ohio River. Under the agreement, the City is required to create a Long Term Control Plan to reduce the number of overflows and complete improvements to the sewer system. The improvements are expected to cost approximately \$60 million.

On February 18, 2010, the Board of Commissioners approved an additional surcharge for sewer customers of the City to pay for the improvements. Beginning April 1, 2010, sewer customers are charged a \$2.50 fee per 1,000 gallons of water used. The charge increased to \$3.50 per 1,000 gallons during 2015 and will end in 2035. All monies collected for this surcharge are placed in a separate account and only used for CSO improvements as outlined in the City's Long Term Control Plan. At June 30, 2023, the City has \$10,680,242 restricted for the sewer improvements.

Construction Projects

The City is obligated on commitments for various contracts in progress at June 30, 2023. A summary of these commitments is as follows:

Total Approved Contracts Less: Paid or Accrued to Date	\$ 8,787,684 5,009,604
Outstanding Commitments	\$ 3,778,080

(13) TAX ABATEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City created a tax increment financing ("TIF") district ("Ashland Plaza Redevelopment Project") under the authority granted by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) Chapter 65 and 154.30. The taxes levied on all taxable property within the TIF district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the district, including reimbursing the City's initial investment. The tax increments are allocated until all costs of the TIF district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years. The project developer bears the risk that the increments collected over the life of the TIF district will be less than sufficient to cover all eligible project expenses and the City bears no responsibility to make up any shortfall. The City has one active TIF district in which taxes are passed directly to developers or utilized for debt service payments associated with the district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the district, these taxes are not available to the City during the life of the tax increment district. For the year ended June 30, 2023, additional general property taxes of \$43,923 and occupational license fees of \$171,134 were collected and not available to the City.

(14) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has established an employee's health insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. Under this program, the employees' health insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$100,000 per covered full-time employee and his or her dependents and eligible retirees. The City purchases commercial insurance

for the health and accident claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the City's Health Benefit Plan. The claims liability of \$87,459 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2023, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the funds claims liability amount in fiscal years 2021 and 2023 were:

	Fi	ginning of scal Year Liability	Y	Current ear Claims	-	Claim Payments	Y	Balance At Fiscal Tear End
2022 2023	\$	112,515 74,066	\$	4,034,806 3,977,966	\$	4,073,255 3,964,573	\$	74,066 87,459

The City established a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) on behalf of employees enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan. Employees are eligible to participate in the HRA on the thirty-first day of employment. Participants enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan with single coverage are credited with \$900 per year into their HRA account, while participants enrolled in the Health Benefit Plan with family coverage are credited with \$1,800 per year. Participants in the HRA can use their account balances to reimburse the Health Benefit Plan deductibles and co-insurance expenses. Effective January 1, 2021, only members of the City's fire department are eligible to participate in the HRA. However, employees previously eligible to participate may continue to utilize any unused account balance. Amounts charged to Internal Service Fund operating expenses under the provisions of the HRA for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$53,155.

(15) NOTE RECEIVABLE

On September 23, 2008, the City entered into an agreement with Harbor Hill, LLLP to loan \$150,000 from its Community Development Block Grant Funds for the rehabilitation of a building to increase the number of affordable rental housing units available for the benefit of low and very low income persons. The note bears no interest and is due and payable on September 30, 2038.

(16) FUND DEFICIT

As of June 30, 2023, the Ashland Bus Fund had a negative net position of \$1,297,255. This deficit resulted from the fund's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

As of June 30, 2023, the Tax Increment Financing Fund had a negative fund balance of \$1,167,062. This deficit resulted from incremental tax revenue received by the fund during the year being less than the debt service of the related bond. Sufficient revenue is expected to be received in future years to recover these excess costs.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS JUNE 30, 2023

UTILITY EMPLOYEES

POLICEMEN AND
FIREFIGHTERS
PENSION FUND

1					ᇙ	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
		Annual*	M-W	Rate of	Return, net	0.18	0.50	0.53	0.67	0.96%	1.62	2.23	0.45	0.16	9.0
	fCovered	10		Amount	Contributed	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
	Percentage of Covered	Payroll		Payroll	ARC	**N/A	₩N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	4/N**	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
PENSION FUND		,	Ļ	Covered	Payroll	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	#W/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
PEN			ontribution	Deficiency	(Excess)	108,865	152,823	144,433	101,692	(428,474)	(197,631)	Ť	(372,638)	ij.	(12,251)
			ರ	Ц	1	5	53	53	22	22	11	11	98	36	22
					ADC	\$425,14	564,04	564,02	521,30	521,302	323,67	323,67	230,23	230,2	160,6
				Amount	Contributed	\$ 316,277	411,220	419,610	419,610	949,776	521,302	323,671	602,874	230,236	172,903
		Annual*	M-W	Rate of	Return, net	0.17%	0.61%	0.81%	0.80%	1.02%	1.76%	1.31%	0.34%	0.10%	0.31%
	f Covered	1 2		Amount	Contributed	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	A/N**	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
D	Percentage of Covered	Payroll			ARC	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	4*N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
PENSION FUND	5	1	•	Covered	Payroll	**N/A	**N/A	V/N	W-N/A	W**	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A	**N/A
PE			Contribution	Deficiency	(Excess)	\$ (267,809)	(345,197)	(179,591)	(134,095)	(525,654)	(360,848)	(193,705)	(305,568)	(130,882)	(128,809)
					ADC	\$383,103	383,103	603,145	603,145	484,950	484,950	410,659	410,659	380,896	380,896
				Amount	Contributed	\$ 650,912	728,300	782,736	737,240	1,010,604	845,798	604,364	716,227	511,778	509,705
29	IX				,	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

^{*} The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Information is only shown for years available.

^{**} No active employees or covered payroll.

CITY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2023

Actuarial Valuation Date UTILITY E	8	Fiduciary Net Position (a) OYEES PENS	1	Total Pension ability (TPL) Entry Age (b) FUND	N	fet Pension Liability (NPL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/14	\$	2,362,804	s	7,823,259	\$	5,460,455	30.2%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/14		2,340,422	Ψ	10,865,198	•	8,524,776	21.5%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/15		2,360,136		10,408,243		8,048,107	22.7%	**N/A	**N/A
	k	2,373,099		9,804,378		7,431,279	24.2%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/17		2,737,130		9,139,815		6,402,685	29.9%	**N/A	**N/A
	ŧ	2,955,799		9,248,646		6,292,847	32.0%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/20		2,917,710		8,747,108		5,829,398	33.4%	**N/A	**N/A
	•	2,944,978		9,162,270		6,217,292	32.1%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/22		2,738,825		8,899,419		6,160,594	30.8%	**N/A	**N/A
	*	2,531,492		8,010,966		5,479,474	31.6%	**N/A	**N/A
POLICEME	N A	ND FIREFIGH	ITERS	S PENSION FU	IND				
06/30/14	* \$	731,401	\$	4,338,361	\$	3,606,960	16.9%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/15	•	579,210		5,016,407		4,437,197	11.5%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/16	k	522,527		4,919,883		4,397,356	10.6%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/17		468,574		4,140,203		3,671,629	11.3%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/18	k .	1,029,005		3,872,818		2,843,813	26.6%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/19		1,221,257		3,557,450		2,336,193	34.3%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/20 *	E	1,253,053		3,318,470		2,065,417	37.8%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/21		1,569,552		2,779,158		1,209,606	56.5%	**N/A	**N/A
	*	1,507,303		2,948,487		1,441,184	51.1%	**N/A	**N/A
06/30/23		1,412,596		2,637,495		1,224,899	53.6%	**N/A	**N/A

^{*}Biannual actuarial valuation performed.

^{**}No active employees or covered payroll.

CTTY OF ASHLAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 39, 2023

	2015 2014	482,003 353,293 66,792 (108,429) 3,246,184 (731,999)	3,041,939 360,890 7,823,259 7,462,369	10,865,198 7,823,259	728,300 650,912 4,570 879 (753,040) (731,999) (2,212) (6,360)	(22,382) (86,568) 2,362,804 2,449,372	2,340,422 2,362,804 S 8,524,776 S 5,460,455
	2016	\$ - \$ 417,961 (312,246) 205,645 3 (768,315)	(456,955) 3	10,408,243	782,736 10,395 (768,315)	19,714	2,360,136 \$ 8,048,107
	2017	\$ 400,459 (265,792) (950,704) 944,652 (732,480)	(603,865)	9,804,378	10,513 (732,480) (2,310)	12,963	\$ 7,431,279
PLOYEES FUND	2018	\$ 283,228 (274,194) (2,629) - (670,968)	(664,563)	9,139,815	29,588 (670,968) (5,193)	364,031	\$ 6,402,685
UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND	2019	\$ 263,270 457,843 4,302 55,714 (672,298)	108,831	9,248,646	845,798 47,448 (672,298) (2,279)	218,669	\$ 6,292,847
	2020	\$ 266,520 (262,413) 167,553	(501,538)	8,747,108	604,364 35,937 (673,198) (5,192)	(38,089) 2,955,799	\$ 5,829,398
	2021	\$ 251,158 220,253 636,404 (692,653)	415,162	9,162,270	716,227 5,971 (692,653)	27,268	\$6,217,292
	2022	\$ 197,456 253,125 (713,432)	(262,851)	8,899,419	\$11,778 - 831 (713,432) (5,330)	(206,153)	2,738,825
	2023	\$ 191,488 235,706 (463,572) (134,192)	(888,453)	8,010,966	2,489 2,489 (7,17,727)	(207,333)	2,531,492
	TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of changes in benefit terms Difference in expected and actual experience Effect of changes in assumptions Benefit payments	Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning of year	Total pension liability, end of year (a) FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income, net of investment expenses Benefit payments and refund of contributions Administrative expenses	Net change in plan fiduciary net position Fiduciary net position, beginning of year	Fiduciary net position, end of year (b) Net pension isability, ending = (a)-(b)

CITY OF ASFILAND DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITIES (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS

					PENSION FUND	CIND				
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Service cost	ı \$∕\$	· 6 7		649	69	· 69	, 59	69		,
Interest on total pension liability	69,865	65,516	79,063	101,634	110,730	157,057	186,525	237,867	249,990	199,178
Effect of changes in benefit terms	73,343	•	í	(94,919)	224,367	(106,452)	(124,206)	(136,189)	×	436,571
Difference in expected and actual experience	(170,068)	384,354	(330,454)	(86,978)	(314,821)	(247,741)	(368,001)	(100,203)	24,498	(28,280)
Effect of changes in assumptions	•	12,099	y je	154,488	•	324,422	•	380,261	966,202	14,282
Benefit payments	(284,132)	(292,640)	(287,921)	(313,205)	(335,644)	(394,671)	(473,998)	(478,260)	(562,644)	(582,431)
Net change in total pension liability	(310,992)	169,329	(539,312)	(238,980)	(315,368)	(267,385)	(779,680)	(96,524)	678,046	39,320
Total pension liability, beginning of year	2,948,487	2,779,158	3,318,470	3,557,450	3,872,818	4,140,203	4,919,883	5,016,407	4,338,361	4,299,041
Total pension liability, end of year (a)	2,637,495	2,948,487	2,779,158	3,318,470	3,557,450	3,872,818	4,140,203	4,919,883	5,016,407	4,338,361
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Employer contributions	172,903	230,236	602,874	323,671	521,302	949,776	419,610	419,610	411,220	316,277
incended to the control of the contr	14,896	2,120	6,364	23,230	12,563	7,327	5,107	3,994	3,787	857
Benefit payments and refund of contributions	(277,756)	(292,640)	(287,921)	(313,205)	(335,644)	(394,671)	(473,998)	(478,260)	(562,644)	(582,431)
Administrative expenses	(4,750)	(1,965)	(4,818)	(1,900)	(5,969)	(2,001)	(4,672)	(2,027)	(4,554)	(3,195)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(94,707)	(62,249)	316,499	31,796	192,252	560,431	(53,953)	(56,683)	(152,191)	(268,492)
Fiduciary net position, beginning of year	1,507,303	1,569,552	1,253,053	1,221,257	1,029,005	468,574	522,527	579,210	731,401	68666
Fiduciary net position, end of year (b)	1,412,596	1,507,303	1,569,552	1,253,053	1,221,257	1,029,005	468,574	522,527	579,210	731,401
Net pension liability, anding = (a)-(b)	\$ 1,224,899	\$ 1,441,184	\$ 1,209,606	\$ 2,065,417	\$ 2,336,193	\$ 2,843,813	\$ 3,671,629	\$ 4,397,356	\$ 4,437,197	\$ 3,606,960

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 CITY OF ASHLAND

Reporting Fiscal Year

							(Measurement Date)	entI	(Jate						
		2023 (2022)				2022 (2021)			2021 (2020)	- 6			2020 (2019)	_ 6	
	ž	Nonhaz.	Haza	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	- "	Hazardous	Ž	Nonhaz.	田田	Hazardous	Nos	Nonbaz.	Haz	Hazardous
PENSION City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.31562%	-1	1.47733%	0,31782%	v.	1.14696%		0.30887%		1.12199%	Ö	0.30736%	-	1.10540%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 22	22,815,996	\$ 35,	35,022,582 \$	\$ 20,263,327	6/9	30,533,875	es 22	23,690,073	33	33,828,166 \$	\$ 21,6	21,616,977	\$ 30	\$ 30,534,523
City's covered payroll	€49	8,118,460	\$ 7,	7,613,901 \$	7,478,171	649	7,017,066	69	7,436,891	89	6,785,778		7,115,364	<u>ن</u> وي	990,905,9
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		281.038%	4	459.982%	270.966%	%	435.137%		318.548%		498.516%	<u></u>	303.807%	•	469.324%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%		47.11%	57.33%	%	52.26%		47,81%		44.11%		50.45%		46.63%
INSURANCE FUND City's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.31559%	-	1.47157%	0.31774%	%	1.14696%		0.30879%		1.12182%	0	0.30746%		1.10545%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	€9	6,228,231	& Q	9,771,320	\$ 6,083,012	2	9,273,820	64	7,456,315	~	10,366,782	es ey	5,171,305	€9	8,178,810
City's covered payroll	6/9	8,118,460	59	7,613,901 \$	3 7,478,171	9	7,017,066	643	7,436,891	69	6,785,778	7,	7,115,364	€9	6,506,066
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		76,717%		128.335%	81.344%	%	132.161%		100.261%		152.772%		72.678%		125.711%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.95%		64.13%	62.91%	%	66.81%		51.67%		58.84%		60.44%		64.44%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM CITY OF ASHLAND

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITY (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	'iscal Year nent Date)				
	2019	19 18)	2018	8 (7)	2017 (2016)	17 (6)	2016 (2015)	6 5)	2015 (2014)	5.4
	Nonhaz	Hazardous	Nonhaz	Hazardons	Nonhaz.	Hazardons	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardous
PENSION City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.31496%	1.11871%	0.31601%	1.12239%	0.32717%	1.19593%	0.32806%	1.19771%	0.32000%	1,15000%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,181,719	\$ 27,055,399	\$ 18,496,978	\$ 25,110,923	\$ 16,108,362	\$ 20,521,406	\$ 14,104,958	\$ 18,386,060	\$ 10,328,000	\$ 13,818,000
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,019,185	\$ 6,513,275	\$ 7,086,423	\$ 6,630,921	\$ 7,781,684	\$ 6,198,395	\$ 7,627,360	\$ 6,041,405	\$ 7,271,891	\$ 5,782,361
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	273.276%	415.389%	261.020%	378.694%	207.004%	331.076%	184.926%	304.334%	142.026%	238.968%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.54%	49.26%	53.30%	49.80%	55.50%	53.95%	59.97%	57.52%	66.80%	63.46%
INSURANCE FUND Gitys proportion of the net OPBB liability	0.31499%	1.11901%	0.31601%	1.12239%						
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,592,603	\$ 7,978,052	\$ 6,352,862	\$ 9,278,454						
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,019,185	\$ 6,513,275	\$ 7,086,423	\$ 6,630,921						
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	79.676%	122.489%	89.648%	139.927%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	57.62%	64.24%	52.40%	29.00%						

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF ASHLAND
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF PENSION AND OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023	3	2022	77	2021	1	2020	0	2019	
	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz,	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardons	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardous
PENSION Contractually required contribution	\$2,307,314	\$3,672,210	\$1,718,678	\$2,578,067	\$1,443,287	\$2,109,330	\$1,435,320	\$2,039,805	\$1,154,112	\$1,617,408
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,307,314	3,672,210	1,718,678	2,578,067	1,443,287	2,109,330	1,435,320	2,039,805	1,154,112	1,617,408
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ï		3		9	•	7	*	*	¥2.
City's covered payroll	\$9,860,316	\$8,577,926	\$8,118,460	\$7,613,901	\$7,478,171	\$7,017,066	\$7,436,891	\$6,785,778	\$7,115,364	\$6,506,066
City's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.40%	42.81%	21.17%	33.86%	19.30%	30.06%	19.30%	30.06%	16.22%	24.86%
INSURANCE FUND Contractually required contribution	\$ 334,265	\$ 581,583	\$ 469,246	\$ 797,175	\$ 355,962	\$ 668,026	\$ 353,996	\$ 646,008	\$ 374,311	\$ 681,680
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	334,265	581,583	469,246	797,175	355,962	668,026	353,996	646,008	374,311	681,680
Contribution deficiency (excess)	Ü	Ė	190	(*)	((*))	Œ	18	()	×	ĩ
City's covered payroll	\$9,860,316	\$8,577,926	\$8,118,460	\$7,613,901	\$7,478,171	\$7,017,066	\$7,436,891	\$6,785,778	\$7,115,364	\$6,506,066
City's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.39%	6.78%	5.78%	10.47%	4.76%	9.52%	4.76%	9.52%	5.26%	10.47%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF ASHLAND
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF PENSION AND OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2018	8	2017	17	2016	91	20	2015	2014	14
	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardous	Nonhaz.	Hazardons	Nonhaz.	Hazardons
PENSION Contractually required contribution	\$1,016,378	\$1,445,947	\$ 988,556	\$1,439,573	\$ 966,485	\$1,255,795	\$ 972,488	\$1,252,383	\$ 999,158	\$1,258,820
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,016,378	1,445,947	988,556	1,439,573	966,485	1,255,795	972,488	1,252,383	999,158	1,258,820
Contribution deficiency (excess)	×	٠	٠		ř	*	ě	8	15	•
City's covered payroll	\$7,019,185	\$6,513,275	\$7,086,423	\$6,630,921	\$7,781,684	\$6,198,395	\$7,627,360	\$6,041,405	\$7,271,891	\$5,782,361
City's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.48%	22.20%	13.95%	21.71%	12.42%	20.26%	12.75%	20.73%	13.74%	21.77%
INSURANCE FUND Contractually required contribution	\$ 329,818	\$ 609,123	\$ 334,812	\$ 619,902						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	329,818	609,123	334,812	619,902						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	•	•	•	•						
City's covered payroll	\$7,019,185	\$6,513,275	\$7,086,423	\$6,630,921						
City's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	4.70%	9.35%	4.73%	9.35%						

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

In the 2023 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was increased from 2.25% to 2.50%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2021 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 3.0% to 2.25%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2019 valuation, a mortality assumption for disabled lives was no longer considered necessary since there are no retirees remaining who retired due to disability.

In the 2017 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2015 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 5.0% to 4.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Additionally, an estimated ad-hoc cost of living adjustment of 3% was included in the calculation of the total pension liability due to the adjustments being considered "substantively automatic" under the guidelines of GASB No. 67.

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

In the 2020 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 3.0% to 2.5%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2018 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2016 valuation, the expected investment rate of return was reduced from 5.0% to 4.0%, which was the estimated yield for a 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

In the 2014 valuation update, an estimated ad-hoc cost of living adjustment of 3% was included in the calculation of the total pension liability due to the adjustments being considered "substantively automatic" under the guidelines of GASB No. 67.

CERS

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

Decreased the price inflation assumption to 2.30%

Decreased the assumed rate of return to 6.25%

Decreased the payroll growth assumption to 2.00%.

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

The assumed salary increase was changed from 4.00% (average) to 3.05%-10.30% for nonhazardous and 3.55% - 19.05% for hazardous (varies by service).

The mortality table used for pre-retirement is PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems, and PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of 2010.

The mortality table used for post-retirement (non-disabled) is a system specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The mortality table used for post-retirement (disabled) is PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY **(2) DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

The actuarially determined contribution amounts in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated biennially. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution amounts reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization Method

20 years Remaining Amortization Period

Fair market value, quoted prices Asset Valuation Method

3.0% Cost of Living Adjustments None Salary Increase

2.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including Investment Rate of Return

inflation

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

The actuarially determined contribution amounts in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated biennially. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution amounts reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization Method

10 years Remaining Amortization Period

Fair market value, quoted prices Asset Valuation Method

Cost of Living Adjustments 3.0% None Salary Increase

2.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including Investment Rate of Return

inflation

CERS

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

June 30, 2020 Valuation Date

July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018 Experience Study

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Level percentage of payroll Amortization Method

30 years closed period at June 30, 2019 (Gains/losses Remaining Amortization Period

incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-

year amortization bases)

2.00% Payroll Growth

20% of the difference between the market value of assets Asset Valuation Method and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

2,30% Inflation

3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service Salary Increase

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION PLANS (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018

Mortality System specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-

2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

(3) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

UTILITY EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

The most recent valuation was prepared with the assumption of a "substantively automatic" 3% cost of living adjustment. However, the Commissioners elected not to provide a cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2017, a 2% cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2019, and a 7.2% cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2023.

POLICEMEN AND FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

The most recent valuation was prepared with the assumption of a "substantively automatic" 3% cost of living adjustment. However, the Commissioners elected not to provide a cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2017, a 2% cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2019, and a 7.2% cost of living adjustment for fiscal year 2023.

CERS

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS **(1)**

CERS INSURANCE FUND

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- Decreased the price inflation assumption to 2.30%
- Decreased the assumed rate of return to 6.25%
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption to 2.00%.

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

The assumed salary increase was changed from 4.00% (average) to 3.30%-10.30% for

nonhazardous and 3.55% - 19.05% for hazardous (varies by service.)

The mortality table used for pre-retirement is PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems, and PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The mortality table used for post-retirement (non-disabled) is a system specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The mortality table used for post-retirement (disabled) is PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. The assumed impact of the Cadillac Tax (previously a 0.9% load on employer paid non-Medicare premiums for those who became participants prior to July 1, 2003) was removed to reflect its repeal since the prior valuation.

The following change was made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022:

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability increased from 5.34% to 5.70%.

METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY **(2) DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

CERS INSURANCE FUND

The following actuarial methods and assumptions, for actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022:

Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method

July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013 Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLANS (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

30 years, closed period at June 30, 2019 (Gains/losses Remaining Amortization Period

incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate

closed 20-year amortization bases)

Payroll Growth Rate 20% of the difference between the market Asset Valuation Method

value of assets and the expected actuarial

value of assets is recognized

Inflation

3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service Salary Increase

6.25% Investment Rate of Return

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, Pre - 65

2022 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated

into the liability measurement.

Initial trend starting at 6.30% on January 1, 2023 and Post - 65

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in

Medicare premiums at January 1, 2022. Board certified rate is phased into the

actuarially determined rate in accordance

with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

System-specific mortality table based on mortality Mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base

vear of 2019.

CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS (3)

Phase-in Provision

CERS INSURANCE FUND

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session increased and the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF ASHLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

-		_	
FOR THE YEAR	ENDED	JUNE 3	0, 2023

	Orig Bud		Re	visions		Revised Budget		Actual	1	Variance Positive Vegative)
Revenues	ø		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	(4)
Property and other local taxes	\$		Φ	-	•			2 7		æ::
Licenses and permits								-		(*):
Charges for services		==0				2		3 ≆ 1		(- 0)
Fees, fines and reimbursements	0	90,000		342,035		1,332,035		163,036		(1,168,999)
Grant income	9	90,000		3-12,032		=		5800		
Administration fee income						= =		5 4 00		(2)
Interest income		():		1072				: - :		
Other income		-			-		_			
Total revenues	9	90,000		342,035		1,332,035	_	163,036		(1,168,999)
Expenditures	34					2.500				3,500
General government		3,500		-		3,500		3.00		3,500
Finance		-		=		-		(=)		:E
Public services		•		2		-		-		524 944
Planning and code enforcement		•		2				•		
Police		-		•		•		5 5 6 2≃		100
Fire		-		2		·* :		38		1921
Engineering				*		3.7		S		024
Community and cultural				*		31				
Other				#		0.000.161		2 570 502		5,319,579
Capital outlay	7,5	88,485		1,301,676		8,890,161		3,570,582		3,319,377
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		000		*						
Interest and fiscal charges		(*)					_	1.0	_	
Total expenditures	7,5	91,985		1,301,676	_	8,893,661	_	3,570,582	-	5,323,079
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								(0.400.546)		4 154 090
(under) expenditures	(6,6	01,985)		(959,641)	-	(7,561,626)		(3,407,546)		4,154,080
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		~1 005				1,271,985		1,271,985		
Transfers in	1,2	71,985	_		-	1,2/1,903		1,271,703	0.	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,2	71,985				1,271,985		1,271,985		
Net change in fund balance	(5,3	30,000)		(959,641)		(6,289,641)		(2,135,561)		4,154,080
Fund balance beginning of year	6,9	45,040				6,945,040	_	6,945,040		
Fund balance end of year	\$ 1,6	15,040	\$	(959,641)	\$	655,399	\$	4,809,479		4,154,080

GENERAL FUND

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

Cash	\$	2,465,591
Taxes receivable		2,843,191
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(537,546)
Due from other funds		14,767,727
		421,192
Other receivables		826,811
Prepaid items		226,896
Inventories - supplies		220,070
Total assets	\$	21,013,862
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	963,339
Due to other funds		5,213,723
Due to Board of Education		176,506
Accrued compensated absences		205,392
Accrued expenses		1,406,238
*		
Total liabilities	_	7,965,198
Fund Balance:		1,053,707
Non-spendable		7,190,374
Committed		4,804,583
Unassigned	_	4,604,363
Total fund balance		13,048,664
	\$	21,013,862
Total liabilities and fund balance	—	==,010,002

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES:						
Taxes -		2 102 015		2,599,300	\$	(533,615)
General property taxes	\$	3,132,915	\$	13,085	Φ	(21,490)
Penalties and interest		34,575		173,107		(53,268)
Delinquent taxes		226,375				65,854
Vehicle property taxes		430,990		496,844		(53,995)
Bank franchise taxes		250,450		196,455		106,587
Other franchise taxes		150,150		256,737		694,675
Insurance premium taxes		4,334,505		5,029,180		204,748
Total taxes	-	8,559,960		8,764,708	-	204,740
Licenses and permits -				10 (40 504		1,773,794
Occupational license fees		11,875,000		13,648,794		279,651
Business privilege licenses		2,118,350		2,398,001		(140,540)
Alcoholic beverage licenses		832,425		691,885		
Construction permit fees		88,800		43,114		(45,686)
Other licenses and permits		1,275		2,412		1,137
Total licenses and permits		14,915,850		16,784,206		1,868,356
Charge for services -				- 440 906		50 206
Garbage collection fee		2,390,000		2,440,206		50,206
Greyhound ticket sales		6,000		1,804		(4,196)
Rental revenue		79,250		78,607	-	(643)
Total charges for services	-	2,475,250	77	2,520,617		45,367
Fees, fines and reimbursements -				05.445		22 645
Parking meter fees and fines		4,800		27,445		22,645
Taxes collection fees		173,115		175,956		2,841
State rebate - District Court		15,360		17,652		2,292
Street lighting franchise		1,197,050		1,211,110		14,060
Telecommunication franchise		282,225		289,401		7,176
Other		481,465		679,796		198,331
Total fees, fines and reimbursements	-	2,154,015	-	2,401,360	-	247,345
Other revenues -						00.000
Police grants and revenue		51,335		147,020		95,685
Miscellaneous grants		716,000		35,271		(680,729)
Interest earned		7,950		26,119		18,169
Other		202,630		915,654		713,024
Total other revenues		977,915		1,124,064		146,149
Total revenues		29,082,990		31,594,955		2,511,965

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES:			
General Government -		00.703	(5,491)
Mayor and Commissioners	83,212	88,703	22,457
City Manager	213,219	190,762	(4,030)
City Clerk/Legal	278,186	282,216	17,050 17,050
Human Resources	255,042	237,992	•
Risk Management	243,421	186,776	56,645
Unclassified	1,623,024	1,833,972	(210,948)
	2,696,104	2,820,421	(124,317)
Department of Finance -			
Director of Finance	790,577	689,810	100,767
Data Processing	<u>.</u> 9 ,e :	<u> </u>	
3	790,577	689,810	100,767
Department of Public Services -			
Director of Public Services	145,269	158,865	(13,596)
Street maintenance	5,664,353	4,521,685	1,142,668
Sanitation services	1,755,146	1,655,965	99,181
Central garage	443,588	494,603	(51,015)
Animal control	96,778	106,767	(9,989)
Allimin condo.	8,105,134	6,937,885	1,167,249
Department of Planning and			
Economic Development -	2,295,487	1,990,927	304,560
Planning and Code Enforcement	271,816	260,448	11,368
Economic Development	2,567,303	2,251,375	315,928
Department of Police -	2 200 702	2,883,093	(584,391)
Technical services	2,298,702	4,556,057	935,669
Field operations	5,491,726 7,790,428	7,439,150	351,278
	-		

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Department of Fire	8,560,006	8,786,810	(226,804)
Department of Engineering	279,865	268,785	11,080
Debt Service	1,767,700	1,743,324	24,376
Total expenditures	32,557,117	30,937,560	1,619,557
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,474,127)	657,395	4,131,522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer to Capital Projects Fund Transfer to Recreation Fund Transfer to Ashland Bus Fund Transfer to Ashland Cemetery Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,230,839) (918,859) (292,621) (112,254) (3,554,573)	(1,271,985) (918,859) (68,047) (112,254) (2,371,145)	958,854 224,574
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,028,700)	(1,713,750)	5,314,950
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2022	14,762,414	14,762,414	
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2023	\$ 7,733,714	\$ 13,048,664	\$ 5,314,950

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

JUNE 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY SOURCE

JUNE 30, 2023

T 1 . I halldings	\$	29,017,160
Land and buildings	·	3,550,221
Building improvements		7,638,189
Automotive equipment		5,156,543
Operating equipment		723,322
Office furniture and equipment		-
Capital improvements		3,630,178
Infrastructure		69,753,590
Construction in progress	-	1,693,048
Total	<u>\$</u>	121,162,251
Investment in capital assets by source		
General Fund	\$	80,189,532
Special Revenue Funds		10,252,052
Capital Projects Fund	_	30,720,667
		recoverance and a re-

CITY OF ASHLAND ASHLAND PLANNING AND CDA (KY142) ENTITY WIDE BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY JUNE 30, 2023

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	Total		
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 154,004	\$	154,004	
113 Cash - Other Restricted	274,551		274,551	
100 Total Cash	428,555		428,555	
100 Total Casil				
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	•		*	
128 Fraud Recovery	76,311		76,311	
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	(75,296)		(75,296)	
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts				
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubletta Accounts	1,015		1,015	
150 Total Current Assets	429,570	_	429,570	
162 Buildings	162,983		162,983	
162 Buildings 164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	19,646		19,646	
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(116,481)		(116,481)	
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	66,148		66,148	
100 Total Capital History 1100 021101				
180 Total Non-Current Assets	66,148		66,148	
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources			*	
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 495,718	\$	495,718	
312 Accounts Payable ← 90 Days	\$ 3,976	\$	3,976	
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	4,859		4,859	
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	1,304		1,304	
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	258,799		258,799	
342 Unearned Revenue	154,004		154,004	
310 Total Current Liabilities	422,942	_	422,942	
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non-Current	6,628		6,628	
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	6,628		6,628	
530 Idia Non-Carette Line Line				
300 Total Liabilities	429,570	-	429,570	
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	·	_		
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	66,148		66,148	
511.4 Restricted Net Position	=		(40)	
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	<u> </u>		-	
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	66,148		66,148	
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$ 495,718	_\$_	495,718	

ASHLAND PLANNING AND CDA (KY142) ENTITY WIDE REVENUE AND EXPENSE SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		371 Housing ice Vouchers		Total
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	-\$	3,887,959	\$	3,887,959
71500 Other Revenue - Unrestricted		12,690		12,690
72000 Investment Income - Restricted		292		292
70000 Total Revenue		3,900,941	_	3,900,941
91100 Administrative Salaries		231,590		231,590
91200 Auditing Fees		8,676		8,676
91400 Advertising		28,822		28,822 60,264
91500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative		60,264		12,756
91800 Travel		12,756		17,459
91900 Other	-	17,459 359,567		359,567
91000 Total Operating - Administrative		337,307	_	339,301
93800 Other Utilities Expense		4,787		4,787
93000 Total Utilities		4,787		4,787
95000 Total Othicus				
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	ar	27,043		27,043
94000 Total Maintenance		27,043		27,043
				104
96110 Property Insurance		134		134
96120 Liability Insurance		6,645		6,645 351
96130 Workmen's Compensation		351		65,128
96140 All Other Insurance	-	65,128		72,258
96100 Total Insurance Premiums	7	72,258	_	12,230
96200 Other General Expenses		20,065		20,065
96210 Compensated Absences		2,128		2,128
96000 Total Other General Expenses		22,193		22,193
70000 Total Cinci Constant Englands	-			
96900 Total Operating Expenses		485,848	_	485,848
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue Over Operating Expenses		3,415,093		3,415,093
organi II. sian Assistance Barmanta		3,496,470		3,496,470
97300 Housing Assistance Payments		3,001		3,001
97400 Depreciation Expense 90000 Total Expenses	3	3,985,319		3,985,319
70000 Total Exponsos				
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total				
Expenses	\$	(84,378)	\$	(84,378)
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$	150,526	\$	150,526
11030 Beginning Equity	\$	66,148	\$	66,148
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	Ψ	00,170	*	-5,2.3
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$	1.0	\$	
11190 Unit Months Available	-	7,572		7,572
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased		6,170		6,170
TISIO MARINET OF CHIEF MARINET DESIREM				

CITY OF ASHLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of HUD				
Direct Programs:			\$ 253,621	\$ 512,360
CDBG Entitlement	14.218	•	φ 233,021	Ψ 512,555
Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	*	3	3,980,190
Total U.S. Department of HUD				4,492,550
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs:				
Federal Transit Cluster	20.507	2	2	1,149,331
FTA - Operating Assistance Grant - COVD-19	20.507	발	-	169,023
FTA - Capital Assistance Grant	20.307			1,318,354
Passed through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet: Highway Planning and Construction Dept. of State Police Highway Safety Program Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205 20.600	09-00244.00 AL-2022-00-00-03		164,439 595 165,034 1,483,388
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through Kentucky Department				
of Homeland Security:		DD 4505		30,736
Public Assistance Program	97.036	DR-4595	-	- 54,750
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				30,736
Executive Office of the President				4
Passed through Laurel County Fiscal Court				10 / 55
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G20AP0001A	3 4 8	47.657
Total Executive Office of the President				47,657
Total expenditures of Federal awards			\$ 253,621	\$ 6,054,331

^{*} Denotes major program.

CITY OF ASHLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Ashland under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Ashland, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Ashland has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

STATISTICAL SECTION

> Financial Trends

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time.

➤ Revenue Capacity

This section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting a government's ability to generate its own-source revenue.

➤ Debt Capacity

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing a government's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt.

> Economic and Demographic Information

This section is intended (1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which a government operates and (2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.

➤ Operating Information

This section is intended to provide contextual information about a government's operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.



CITY OF ASHLAND Net Position by Component (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015*	2014*
Governmental activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	51,137,131	50,928,478	51,251,608	51,659,502	48,057,346	47,056,359	51,767,907	50,917,007	51,170,584	51,833,182
Restricted	72,065	151,314	716,497	1,725,320	1,794,311	1,272,291	1,328,056	425,337	204,332	499,125
Unrestricted	(39,020,361)	(39,580,648)	(38,498,759)	(43,119,495)	(33,573,966)	(27,256,018)	(26,274,899)	(18,421,408)	(17,638,277)	4,931,810
Total governmental activities net position	12,188,835	11,499,144	13,469,346	10,265,327	16,277,691	21,072,632	26,821,064	32,920,936	33,736,639	57,264,117
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	52,811,496	48,611,649	46,040,038	43,974,450	39,952,083	38,815,146	36,594,780	32,498,757	31,115,457	34,536,655
Restricted	12,793,350	10,986,669	9,451,520	8,874,293	7,636,469	6,586,421	7,738,541	7,937,674	7,388,882	5,156,782
Unrestricted	(29,061,984)	(21,488,216)	(19,790,647)	(17,028,739)	(15,428,391)	(13,927,397)	(14,313,048)	(9,065,437)	(9,757,271)	3,415,592
Total business-type activities net position	36,542,862	38,110,102	35,700,911	35,820,004	32,160,161	31,474,170	30,020,273	31,370,994	28,747,068	43,109,029
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	103,948,627	99,540,127	97,291,646	95,633,952	88,009,429	85,871,505	88,362,687	83,415,764	82,286,041	86,369,837
Restricted	12,865,415	11,137,983	10,168,017	10,599,613	9,430,780	7,858,712	9,066,597	8,363,011	7,593,214	5,655,907
Unrestricted	(68,082,345)	(61,068,864)	(58,289,406)	(60,148,234)	(49,002,357)	(41,183,415)	(40,587,947)	(27,486,845)	(27,395,548)	8,347,402
Total primary government net position	48,731,697	49,609,246	49,170,257	46,085,331	48,437,852	52,546,802	56,841,337	64,291,930	62,483,707	100,373,146

^{*} Restated for prior period adjustments.

⁽¹⁾ Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 restated balance of unrestricted net position previously recorded as of June 30, 2014.

⁽²⁾ Error correction on the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 as amended by GASB Statement No. 71 as of June 30, 2015.

⁽³⁾ Duplication error in the Cemetery Fund's inventory balances.

⁽⁴⁾ Implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 restated balance of net position previously recorded as of June 30, 2017.

CITY OF ASHLAND Change in Net Position (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015*	2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	3,119,758	2,986,867	1,809,404	2,791,896	2,638,860	2,222,981	2,608,336	3,097,166	2,839,164	4,413,420
Finance	705,736	668,506	660,112	803,819	688,925	760,728	680,224	652,648	584,936	572,332
Public services	9,038,808	8,120,635	6,388,485	6,541,436	7,007,676	6,456,885	6,026,093	5,890,739	5,957,303	6,159,143
Planning and code enforcement	2,236,287	2,400,442	613,747	905,463	838,185	912,064	816,974	675,281	580,683	611,647
Police	7,561,641	7,378,377	7,629,854	7,946,663	7,142,676	6,759,240	5,744,758	6,074,675	4,939,354	5,174,548
Fire	7,924,629	8,575,123	8,360,031	9,447,894	8,518,282	8,103,647	6,811,004	7,104,407	5,777,552	5,959,857
Engineering	275,043	249,062	158,704	256,770	216,630	146,723	211,252	212,573	227,162	125,481
Community and cultural	4,597,921	4,004,395	4,378,766	4,098,731	4,576,745	6,828,989	3,495,752	3,321,283	3,127,002	3,594,394
Debt service - interest	506,957	538,063	600,061	355,228	373,683	346,466	269,266	284,471	303,489_	273,717
Total governmental activities expenses	35,966,780	34,921,470	30,599,164	33,147,900	32,001,662	32,537,723	26,663,659	27,313,243	24,336,645	26,884,539
Business-type activities:										
Utilities	19,541,431	18,513,495	18,318,747	16,151,545	16,719,013	15,775,239	15,345,611	14,920,959	15,183,490	14,358,868
Recreation	1,827,127	1,543,230	925,347	1,076,103	1,099,626	1,046,238	985,140	1,093,886	1,049,693	1,092,294
Bus	1,572,825	1,276,903	1,557,996	1,435,441	1,274,145	1,355,883	1,201,653	1,196,534	1,042,285	1,118,102
Cemetery	349,466	283,878	237,491	279,629	269,615	309,053	313,839	274,980	289,624	266,840
Parking Garage	189,864	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total business-type activities expenses	23,480,713	21,617,506	21,039,581	18,942,718	19,362,399	18,486,413	17,846,243	17,486,359	17,565,092	16,836,104
Total primary government expenses	59,447,493	56,538,976	51,638,745	52,090,618	51,364,061	51,024,136	44,509,902	44,799,602	41,901,737	43,720,643
·										

^{*}Restated for prior period adjustments.

CITY OF ASHLAND Change in Net Position (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015*	2014
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
•	19,356,700	18,420,514	15,914,551	14,505,416	13,886,513	14,286,479	13,663,487	13,771,619	13,836,062	13,212,804
General government Public services	2,520,617	2,422,934	2,347,651	2,278,644	2,235,508	2,214,055	2,206,121	2,227,692	2,184,730	2,070,567
Community and cultural	391,781	437,384	373,184	280,779	2,235,506 261,727	260,827	273,087	2,227,092 264,106	243,104	2,070,567
Operating grants and contributions:	391,701	437,304	373,104	200,779	201,727	200,021	213,001	204, 100	243, 10 4	219,047
General government	35,271	150,187	895,842	2,013,308	117,963	10,950	27,999	38,538	14,596	40,774
Public services	457,108	442,643	428,101	424,445	442,627	438,437	838,563	683,098	513,194	517,386
Police	147,020	125,122	84,652	129,162	129,162	67,031	65,147	30,894	16,767	34,331
Fire	147,020	120, 122	409,091	123,102	129, 102	07,001	22,700	50,034	10,707	J 4 ,JJ1
Engineering	_	_	-1 00,001	_	_	_	22,700	8,539	_	_
Community and cultural	4,462,867	3,426,742	4,070,726	3,649,951	3,017,528	3,102,847	3,205,884	3,001,322	2,875,966	3,179,905
Capital grants and contributions:	4,402,007	0,420,742	4,070,720	5,0 1 5,551	3,017,320	0,102,047	3,203,00 4	3,001,322	2,070,300	5,175,505
General government	_	_	_	20,000	621,500	_	_	_		_
Public Services	163,036	_	_	20,000	021,000	_	_	_	_	_
Fire	100,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	191,018	_
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Total governmental program revenues	27,534,400	25,425,526	24,523,798	23,301,705	20,712,528	20,380,626	20,302,988	20,025,808	19,875,437	19,275,414
, etal geranima pregram erenase	2.,00.,.00								.0,0.0,.0.	,,,,
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Ütilities	18,170,214	18.496.661	17,511,511	17,303,919	16,690,257	16,789,603	16,848,289	16.725.888	16.795.819	15,647,750
Recreation	35,580	36,535	18,040	20,681	44,212	54,268	57,692	55,835	58,447	57,341
Bus	25,540	23,258	32,373	41,231	53,927	56,260	57,221	56,356	55,199	61,760
Cemetery	129,750	109,905	110,780	122,831	93,500	95,595	129,940	122,174	151,907	98,344
Parking Garage	12,835	· -	-	-	-	· -	-	-	· -	· -
Operating grants and contributions:										
Utilities	-	-	-	7,815	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	_	_	-	-	-	1,000	41,607	30,164	-
Bus	1,149,331	779,942	1,038,491	316,036	319,526	277,595	260,406	336,732	320,873	300,148
Capital grants and contributions:										
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	1,974,521	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking Garage	-	1,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bus	194,682	218,792	150,135	513,548	322,381	211,869	275,650	422,164	228,737	216,430
Cemetery	-									
Total business-type activities program revenues	19,717,932	21,465,093	18,861,330	20,300,582	17,523,803	17,485,190	17,630,198	17,760,756	17,641,146	16,381,773
Total primary government program revenues	47,252,332	46,890,619	43,385,128	43,602,287	38,236,331	37,865,816	37,933,186	37,786,564	37,516,583	35,657,187

CITY OF ASHLAND Change in Net Position (Unaudited)

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015*	2014
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	(8,432,380)	(9,495,944)	(6,075,366)	(9,846,195)	(11,289,134)	(12,157,097)	(6,360,671)	(7,287,435)	(4,461,208)	(7,609,125)
Business-type activities	(3,762,781)	(152,413)	(2,178,251)	1,357,864	(1,838,596)	(1,001,223)	(216,045)	274,397	76,054	(454,331)
Total primary government net expense	(12,195,161)	(9,648,357)	(8,253,617)	(8,488,331)	(13,127,730)	(13,158,320)	(6,576,716)	(7,013,038)	(4,385,154)	(8,063,456)
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net Position									
Governmental Activities:										
Property and other local taxes	9,162,048	8,135,700	10,678,005	5,267,843	8,042,133	7,837,931	8,248,971	7,720,589	7,386,199	7,615,613
Interest income	130,839	36,672	6,420	7,531	12,406	3,874	2,494	2,081	3,703	3,197
Other revenues	928,344	1,026,770	255,599	206,717	183,793	134,013	423,061	236,159	217,885	247,952
Transfers	(1,099,160)	(1,673,400)	(1,660,639)	(1,648,260)	(1,744,139)	(1,567,153)	(1,538,299)	(1,487,097)	(1,482,443)	(1,590,533)
Total governmental activities general revenu		7 505 740	0.070.005	0.000.004	0.404.400	0.400.005	7 400 007	0.474.700	0.405.044	0.070.000
and other changes in net position	9,122,071	7,525,742	9,279,385	3,833,831	6,494,193	6,408,665	7,136,227	6,471,732	6,125,344	6,276,229
Business-type activities:										
Interest income	117,149	19.875	55,133	101.737	66,910	41,748	39,030	24,270	32,465	32,735
Other revenues	979,232	868,329	343,386	551,982	713,538	846,219	786,863	838,162	897,185	700,745
Transfers	1,099,160	1,673,400	1,660,639	1,648,260	1,744,139	1,567,153	1,538,299	1,487,097	1,482,443	1,590,533
Total business-type activities general revenue		, ,	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
and other changes in net position	2,195,541	2,561,604	2,059,158	2,301,979	2,524,587	2,455,120	2,364,192	2,349,529	2,412,093	2,324,013
Total primary government general revenues										
and other changes in net position	11,317,612	10,087,346	11,338,543	6,135,810	9,018,780	8,863,785	9,500,419	8,821,261	8,537,437	8,600,242
_										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	689,691	(1,970,202)	3,204,019	(6,012,364)	(4,794,941)	(5,748,432)	775,556	(815,703)	1,664,136	(1,332,896)
Business-type activities	(1,567,240)	2,409,191	(119,093)	3,659,843	685,991	1,453,897	2,148,147	2,623,926	2,488,147	1,869,682
Total primary government, change in net position	(877,549)	438,989	3,084,926	(2,352,521)	(4,108,950)	(4,294,535)	2,923,703	1,808,223	4,152,283	536,786

CITY OF ASHLAND Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Fund										
Non-spendable	1,053,707	920,430	817,551	802,018	813,938	829,137	887,542	120,016	122,935	124,369
Restricted for grant programs	-	-	588,292	1,713,587	4,219	2,576	226,131	15,981	22,121	227,636
Assigned for capital projects	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	7,190,374	11,294,519	9,034,671	-	-	-	-	-	350,000	600,000
Unassigned	4,804,583	2,547,465	10,021,880	994,476	5,194,227	5,876,507	4,726,995	5,421,637	4,231,243	2,711,361
Total general fund										
	13,048,664	14,762,414	20,462,394	3,510,081	6,012,384	6,708,220	5,840,668	5,557,634	4,726,299	3,663,366
All other governmental funds										
Restricted for grant programs	72,065	151,314	128,205	11,733	65,092	65,663	86,692	48,284	71,718	75,264
Assigned for capital projects	4,809,479	6,945,040	1,099,693	850,000	1,725,000	1,204,052	1,015,233	361,072	110,493	196,225
Assigned for special revenue funds	851,452	44,801	65,928	65,437	227,828	1,739,859	277,763	531,029	181,532	372,491
Unassigned	(1,167,062)	(912,295)	(717,357)	(730,942)	(292,482)					
_	4,565,934	6,228,860	576,469	196,228	1,725,438	3,009,574	1,379,688	940,385	363,743	643,980

CITY OF ASHLAND Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014
Revenues										
Property and other local taxes	9,162,048	8,135,700	10,678,005	5,267,843	8,042,133	7,837,931	8,248,971	7,720,589	7,386,199	7,615,613
• •	9, 102,046 16,955,340	16.170.035	13,959,698	12,641,232	11,966,482	12,345,544	11.745.526	12,062,385	12,043,205	11,421,296
Licenses and permits Charges for services	2,520,617	2,422,934	2,347,651	2,278,644	2,235,508	2,214,055	2,206,121	2,227,692	2,184,730	2,070,567
Fees, fines and reimbursements							1,917,961		2,164,730 1,792,857	
Grant income	2,401,360	2,250,479	1,954,853	1,864,184	1,920,031 3,707,280	1,940,935		1,709,234	, ,	1,791,508
	5,265,302	4,144,694	5,888,412	6,216,866		3,619,265	4,160,293	3,762,391	3,611,541	3,772,396
Administration fee income	391,781	437,384	373,184	280,779	261,727	260,827	273,087	264,106	243,104	219,647
Interest income	130,839	36,672	6,420	7,531	12,406	3,874	2,494	2,081	3,703	3,197
Other income _	928,344	1,026,770	255,599	226,717	805,293	134,013	423,061	236,159	217,885	247,952
Total revenues	37,755,631	34,624,668	35,463,822	28,783,796	28,950,860	28,356,444	28,977,514	27,984,637	27,483,224	27,142,176
Farman distance										
Expenditures	0.000.404	0.570.400	0.005.700	0.504.447	0.000.040	0.400.005	0.755.070	0.574.700	0.545.550	0.500.040
General government	2,820,421	2,572,192	2,285,706	2,501,417	3,220,349	2,499,025	2,755,970	2,574,763	2,515,556	3,539,216
Finance	689,810	648,326	538,597	668,606	641,635	648,561	621,850	605,840	603,051	574,984
Public services	7,601,041	6,690,329	4,703,611	5,787,504	5,657,319	5,329,474	5,886,661	5,024,264	5,419,820	4,984,933
Planning and code enf.	2,251,375	2,400,036	499,228	785,556	749,686	780,052	746,064	623,160	597,784	606,052
Police	7,439,150	6,595,362	5,246,363	5,569,454	5,261,663	5,104,937	5,126,462	5,222,557	5,235,588	4,995,959
Fire	8,786,810	7,707,353	6,161,341	6,554,339	6,219,113	5,950,500	6,078,866	6,152,534	6,266,069	5,842,158
Engineering	268,785	247,213	130,054	214,411	195,441	143,576	146,719	147,025	180,383	132,685
Community and cultural	4,560,699	3,944,469	4,329,422	4,157,927	4,605,003	6,717,258	3,451,142	3,289,018	3,123,147	3,583,223
Capital outlay	3,570,582	647,234	910,687	4,004,696	1,711,533	1,005,434	1,275,238	728,055	538,827	202,835
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	1,392,083	855,000	3,639,336	562,356	545,804	366,522	358,320	437,821	514,853	429,165
Interest charges	652,391	691,343	1,011,771	360,783	379,147	315,516	269,586	284,526	268,878	273,717
Total expenditures	40,033,147	32,998,857	29,456,116	31,167,049	29,186,693	28,860,855	26,716,878	25,089,563	25,263,956	25,164,927
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(2,277,516)	1,625,811	6,007,706	(2,383,253)	(235,833)	(504,411)	2,260,636	2,895,074	2,219,268	1,977,249

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Unaudited)

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfersin	1,271,985	6,493,410	1,163,789	3,111,199	1,611,918	1,312,326	1,930,115	973,928	262,286	428,269
Transfers out	(2,371,145)	(8,166,810)	(2,824,428)	(4,759,459)	(3,356,057)	(2,879,479)	(3,468,414)	(2,461,025)	(1,744,729)	(2,018,802)
Issuance of Debt	-	-	11,170,000	-	-	4,569,002	-	-	2,609,008	1,710,000
Premium received on debt	-	-	1,815,487							
Pmt to refund bond escrow agent		-	-				<u> </u>		(2,563,137)	
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	(1,099,160)	(1,673,400)	11,324,848	(1,648,260)	(1,744,139)	3,001,849	(1,538,299)	(1,487,097)	(1,436,572)	119,467
Net change in fund balances	(3,376,676)	(47,589)	17,332,554	(4,031,513)	(1,979,972)	2,497,438	722,337	1,407,977	782,696	2,096,716
=										
Debt Service as a percentage of	5.050/	4.000/	47.440/	0.000/	0.540/	0.540/	0.040/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/
noncapital expenditures	5.95%	4.88%	17.14%	3.62%	3.54%	2.54%	2.64%	3.09%	3.30%	2.89%

^{*}Restated for prior period adjustments.

CITY OF ASHLAND Assessed, Actual and Taxable Property Value (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Assessed Value				Percentage Taxable		
Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Total	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Real Estate	Personal Property	
2014	838,362,243	110,948,997	949,311,240	838,362,243	0.2891	88.31%	11.69%	
2015	848,811,892	111,317,166	960,129,058	848,811,892	0.2876	88.41%	11.59%	
2016	874,574,783	111,238,153	985,812,936	874,574,783	0.2898	88.72%	11.28%	
2017	889,786,675	108,783,431	998,570,106	889,786,675	0.2853	89.11%	10.89%	
2018	894,843,783	103,481,315	998,325,098	894,843,783	0.2834	89.63%	10.37%	
2019	905,744,984	106,505,938	1,012,250,922	905,744,984	0.2714	89.48%	10.52%	
2020	931,133,087	107,337,327	1,038,470,414	931,133,087	0.2671	89.66%	10.34%	
2021	986,940,334	96,257,681	1,083,198,015	986,940,334	0.2576	91.11%	8.89%	
2022	1,003,410,558	92,706,507	1,096,117,065	1,003,410,558	0.2544	91.54%	8.46%	
2023	1,115,075,426	99,894,200	1,214,969,626	1,115,075,426	0.2490	91.78%	8.22%	

 $^{{}^*\}mathsf{Data} \ \mathsf{supplied} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{City} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{Ashland} \ \mathsf{by} \ \mathsf{Boyd} \ \mathsf{County} \ \mathsf{Property} \ \mathsf{Valuation} \ \mathsf{Administration}.$

CITY OF ASHLAND **Property Tax Levies and Collections** (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the

	Conecia Within the										
		Taxes Levied Fiscal Ye		of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date				
Fiscal		for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage				
_	Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy				
	2014	2,744,463	2,674,930	97.47%	49,827	2,724,757	99.28%				
	2015	2,761,331	2,683,202	97.17%	55,934	2,739,136	99.20%				
	2016	2,856,886	2,769,909	96.96%	61,201	2,831,110	99.10%				
	2017	2,848,925	2,683,086	94.18%	134,884	2,817,970	98.91%				
	2018	2,829,255	2,684,013	94.87%	109,779	2,793,792	98.75%				
	2019	2,818,411	2,568,070	91.12%	209,305	2,777,375	98.54%				
	2020	2,809,458	2,727,353	97.08%	31,467	2,758,820	98.20%				
	2021	2,790,317	2,655,891	95.18%	83,738	2,739,629	98.18%				
	2022	2,805,879	2,570,845	91.62%	130,744	2,701,589	96.28%				
	2023	2,889,772	2,620,662	90.69%	-	2,620,662	90.69%				

^{*}Data supplied by City of Ashland Finance Department.
*Due to COVID-19 property taxes were not billed in fiscal year 2020.

CITY OF ASHLAND Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited)

		202	22	
Taxpayer	Assessment	Rank	Taxes Paid	Percentage of Total Taxes Paid
ATC Glimcher LLC	29,345,051	1	74,654	2.66%
Melody Mountain Associates LTD	14,525,000	2	36,952	1.32%
Providence Hill Apartments LLC	13,314,000	3	33,871	1.21%
WB Hospitality	13,066,100	4	33,240	1.18%
GCG Ashland LLC & RLG Ashland LLC	12,694,700	5	32,295	1.15%
BDB Midtown LLC	11,300,000	6	28,747	1.02%
ARG MMASHKY001 LLC	8,485,870	7	21,588	0.77%
Wal-Mart	8,145,830	8	20,723	0.74%
ASCI Acquisition Co LLC	4,932,754	9	12,549	0.45%
CH Ashland KY Landlord LLC	4,400,266	10	11,194	0.40%
	120,209,571		305,813	10.90%
		20 ⁻	13	
Taxpayer	Assessment	Rank	Taxes Paid	Percentage of Total Taxes Paid
ATO 01: 1 11 0	00.405.000		400,000	0.050/
ATC Glimcher LLC	28,425,000	1	100,909	3.05%
Melody Mountain Associates LTD	14,500,000	2	51,475	1.56%
Fred Burns	13,468,000	3	47,811	1.45% 1.34%
Progress Metal Reclamation	12,468,438	4 5	44,263	1.34%
JC Penney AK Steel Corporation	10,612,727 10,354,400	5 6	37,675 36,758	1.14%
Gateway Van Buren Inc.	9,600,000	7	34,080	1.11%
Wal-Mart Super Center	8,695,413	8	30,869	0.93%
GCG Ashland LLC	5,965,500	9	21,178	0.64%
BC Holdings LLC	4,404,000	10	15,634	0.47%
	118,493,478		420,652	12.72%

^{*}Data supplied by City of Ashland Finance Department.

CITY OF ASHLAND Principal Occupational License Fee Tax Payers (Unaudited)

		20)22	
Taxpayer	Taxable Wages	Rank	Taxes Paid	Percentage of Total Taxable Wages
Kings Daughters' Medical Center	195,109,177	1	3,902,370	28.59%
King's Daughter's Medical Specialties	85,502,387	2	1,710,211	12.53%
Ashland Inc. Board of Education	22,581,416	3	451,632	3.31%
City of Ashland	17,642,281	4	352,846	2.59%
Trusaff Travel Nurses, LLC	12,456,059	5	249,121	1.83%
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP #1426	12,358,469	6	247,175	1.81%
Pathways, Inc.	9,911,474	7	198,231	1.45%
Commonwealth of Kentucky	6,556,790	8	131,136	0.96%
Kentucky Community & Technical College	6,010,184	9	120,204	0.88%
Cintas Corporation No. 2	5,652,394	10	113,039	0.83%
Office Corporation 140. 2	0,002,001	10	110,000	0.0070
	373,780,631		7,475,965	54.78%
		20)13	
				Percentage of Total
	Taxable		Taxes	Taxable
Taxpayer	Wages	Rank	Paid	Wages
Kings Daughters' Medical Center	139,203,541	1	2,347,283	30.05%
Kings Daughters' Medical Specialties	36,839,441	2	629,298	8.06%
Ashland Inc. Board of Education	18,120,219	3	306,545	3.92%
City of Ashland	13,457,010	4	227,228	2.91%
Kentucky Heart & Vascular Physicians, Inc.	11,729,791	5	197,875	2.53%
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP	9,078,992	6	155,586	1.99%
Kentucky Community & Tech. College	8,251,623	7	140,886	1.80%
Pathways, Inc.	6,745,773	8	114,934	1.47%
Commonwealth of Kentucky	6,244,860	9	109,075	1.40%
Cintas Corportation, No. 2	4,402,274	10	75,127	0.96%
	254,073,524		4,303,837	55.09%

^{*}Data supplied by City of Ashland Finance Department.

**Total taxes paid in 2022 was \$13,648,794

***Total taxes paid in 2013 was \$7,812,466

CITY OF ASHLAND Principal Water and Sewer Customers (Unaudited)

2022
Water Revenue

	- VValci i (c)	d ldC
Customer	Average Monthly Amount	Average Monthly Usage
Cannonsburg Water	87,129	29,635,000
City of Ashland	83,740	17,194,247
Kings' Daughters Medical Center	94,786	12,616,419
Air Products	30,972	5,450,583
Marathon Refinery	30,230	5,418,588
Federal Correction Institution	31,233	5,173,000
Cintas	23,537	4,797,333
River Metals Recycling	14,837	4,189,000
Flatwoods Water Dist	13,038	3,607,500
Hardin Street Marine	8,705	1,430,916
	418,207	89,512,586

Sewer Revenue

Customer	Average Monthly Amount	Average Monthly Usage	
Sanitation District # 4	169,504	30,826,054	
Kings Daughters' Medical Center	37,818	6,137,000	
River Metals Recycling	29,511	4,825,000	
Cintas	7,966	1,312,000	
River Cities Disposal	49,681	1,275,000	
Mammoth Holdings	6,109	804,000	
City of Ashland Water Plant	4,853	797,000	
Providence Hill	3,555	581,000	
Hardin Street Marine	4,424	488,000	
WB Hospitality	2,468	403,500	
	315,889	47,448,554	

^{*}Data obtained from City of Ashland Utility Billing records.

CITY OF ASHLAND Interest Earned - All Funds (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	overnmental Funds	S	Proprietary	Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
		Special	Capital		Internal		Total	
Fiscal	General	Revenue	Project	Enterprise	Service	Pension	All	
Year	Fund	Funds	Funds	Funds	Fund	Trust Funds	Funds	
2014	2,900	297	-	32,735	141	11,098	47,171	
2015	3,412	291	-	32,465	152	8,357	44,677	
2016	1,886	195	-	24,270	332	14,389	41,072	
2017	2,235	259	-	39,030	202	15,620	57,346	
2018	3,549	325	-	41,748	757	36,915	83,294	
2019	10,338	2,068	-	66,910	3,552	60,011	142,879	
2020	6,696	834	-	101,737	1,255	59,167	169,689	
2021	5,614	806	-	55,133	1,244	12,335	75,132	
2022	22,023	14,650	-	19,875	1,516	2,952	61,016	
2023	26,119	104,720	-	117,151	4,924	17,386	270,300	

CITY OF ASHLAND Governmental and Business Activities Debt Percentage (Unaudited)

				Percentage of	Percentage of		Personal	Percentage of
Fiscal	Governmental	Business		Governmental Debt	Business Debt	Legal Debt	Income	Personal
Year	Debt	Debt	Total	to Total Debt	to Total Debt	Margin	(Thousands)	Income
2013	7,492,928	15,172,793	22,665,721	33.06%	66.94%	92,950,856	1,658,899	1.37%
2014	8,773,763	16,222,823	24,996,586	35.10%	64.90%	94,931,124	1,712,065	1.46%
2015	8,403,746	18,879,606	27,283,352	30.80%	69.20%	96,012,906	1,763,152	1.55%
2016	7,960,362	17,593,327	25,553,689	31.15%	68.85%	98,581,294	1,733,061	1.47%
2017	7,596,478	15,493,100	23,089,578	32.90%	67.10%	99,857,011	1,775,298	1.30%
2018	11,790,761	14,258,082	26,048,843	45.26%	54.74%	99,832,510	1,849,258	1.41%
2019	11,235,444	12,996,054	24,231,498	46.37%	53.63%	101,225,092	1,881,763	1.29%
2020	10,663,574	11,700,880	22,364,454	47.68%	52.32%	108,224,134	2,060,759	1.09%
2021	20,000,212	21,502,755	41,502,967	48.19%	51.81%	108,319,802	2,206,929	1.88%
2022	18,954,150	19,674,237	38,628,387	49.07%	50.93%	107,265,756	2,210,415	1.75%
2023	17,371,006	17,811,854	35,182,860	49.37%	50.63%	113,980,005	*	*

^{*} Information not available

^{**} Property taxes are not restricted revenues.

CITY OF ASHLAND Governmental Activities Debt Percentage (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Total	Population	General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Property Value	General Bonded Debt per Capita	Total Debt per Capita	Legal Debt Margin	Personal Income (Thousands)	Percentage of Personal Income
2013	2,675,000	4,817,928	7,492,928	21,310	0.32%	126	352	92,950,856	1,658,899	0.45%
2014	2,570,000	6,203,763	8,773,763	21,238	0.31%	121	413	94,931,124	1,712,065	0.51%
2015	2,520,000	5,883,746	8,403,746	21,046	0.30%	120	399	96,012,906	1,763,152	0.48%
2016	2,395,000	5,565,362	7,960,362	20,871	0.27%	115	381	98,581,294	1,733,061	0.46%
2017	2,265,000	5,331,478	7,596,478	20,576	0.25%	110	369	99,857,011	1,775,298	0.43%
2018	6,625,000	5,165,761	11,790,761	20,382	0.74%	325	578	99,832,510	1,849,258	0.64%
2019	6,325,000	4,910,444	11,235,444	20,188	0.71%	313	557	101,225,092	1,881,763	0.60%
2020	6,015,000	4,648,574	10,663,574	21,060	0.68%	286	506	108,224,134	2,060,759	0.52%
2021	16,865,000	3,135,212	20,000,212	20,382	1.90%	827	981	108,319,802	2,206,929	0.91%
2022	16,085,000	2,869,150	18,954,150	21,695	1.81%	741	874	107,265,756	2,210,415	0.86%
2023	14,770,000	2,601,006	17,371,006	21,342	1.66%	692	814	113,980,005	*	*

^{*} Information not available

^{**} Property taxes are not restricted revenues.

^{***}The City of Ashland does not have any overlapping debt.

^{*****}Property value data supplied to City of Ashland by Boyd County Property Valuation Administration.

CITY OF ASHLAND
Business Activities Debt Percentage
(Unaudited)

						Total Debt		Personal	Percentage of
Fiscal	Utility	Capital	KIA			per	Legal Debt	Income	Personal
Year	Bonds	Lease	Loans	Total	Population	Capita	Margin	(Thousands)	Income
2013	4,590,954	11,756	10,570,083	15,172,793	21,310	712	92,950,856	1,658,899	0.91%
2014	4,463,299	1,625,099	10,134,425	16,222,823	21,238	764	94,931,124	1,712,065	0.95%
2015	7,805,403	1,525,417	9,548,786	18,879,606	21,046	897	96,012,906	1,763,152	1.07%
2016	7,215,611	1,430,417	8,947,299	17,593,327	20,871	843	98,581,294	1,733,061	1.02%
2017	6,605,820	1,333,333	7,553,947	15,493,100	20,576	753	99,857,011	1,775,298	0.87%
2018	5,981,028	1,231,249	7,045,805	14,258,082	20,382	700	99,832,510	1,849,258	0.77%
2019	5,346,236	1,126,250	6,523,568	12,996,054	20,188	644	101,225,092	1,881,763	0.69%
2020	4,691,444	1,019,167	5,990,269	11,700,880	21,060	556	108,224,134	2,060,759	0.57%
2021	15,149,999	907,083	5,445,673	21,502,755	20,382	1,055	108,319,802	2,206,929	0.97%
2022	13,992,612	792,083	4,889,542	19,674,237	21,695	907	107,265,756	2,210,415	0.89%
2023	12,815,227	675,000	4,321,627	17,811,854	21,342	835	113,980,005	*	*

^{*} Information not available

Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Personal Income	Per Capita	Unemployment
Year	Population	(Thousands)	Personal Income	Rate
2013	21,310	1,658,899	33,921	8.7
2014	21,238	1,712,065	35,063	7.3
2015	21,046	1,763,152	36,340	6.8
2016	20,871	1,733,061	35,974	6.8
2017	20,576	1,775,298	37,088	6.6
2018	20,382	1,849,258	39,009	6.2
2019	20,188	1,881,763	38,910	5.9
2020	21,060	2,060,759	42,757	5.9
2021	20,382	2,206,929	46,202	6.5
2022	21,695	2,210,415	45,945	3.8
2023	21,342	*	*	6.5

^{*} Personal income data from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis is only available for Boyd County.

^{*}Unemployment rate is from Bureau of Labor Statistics data Ashland Cities and Towns Statistical Local Area.

^{*}Information not available.

CITY OF ASHLAND Principal Employers (Unaudited)

		2022	
Employer	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
King's Daughters' Medical Center	1	4,289	18.16%
Ashland Independent Board of Education	2	7,203 758	3.21%
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP #1426	3	674	2.85%
Texas Roadhouse of Ashland, LLC	4	534	2.26%
City of Ashland	5	414	1.75%
Woodland Oaks Operations, LLC	6	307	1.30%
Pathways, Inc.	7	287	1.22%
King's Daughter Medical Specialties	8	273	1.16%
GRMI, Inc.	9	256	1.08%
Kentucky Community & Technical College	10	246	1.04%
		8,038	34.03%
		2013	
Employer	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
			40.0004
Kings Daughters' Medical Center	1	3,629	16.30%
Ashland Inc. Board of Education	2	751 700	3.37%
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP#1426	3	700	3.14%
Kentucky Community & Technical College	4	426	1.91%
Texas Roadhouse of Ashland, LLC	5	393	1.76%
City of Ashland	6 7	351 329	1.58% 1.48%
JCPenney Co., Inc. 2527-0			1.46%
Pathways, Inc.	8 9	280 225	1.26%
Woodland Oaks, Inc. Mint Julep Restaurant Operations	9 10	225 217	0.97%
- 1			

^{*}Data received from City of Ashland Occupational License Fee Division.

7,301

32.79%

^{**}Total number of City employees in 2022 was 23,621. Total number of City employees in 2013 was 22,267.

CITY OF ASHLAND Full-Time Employees by Function (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Full-Time Employees										
General government	31	26	25	25	24	24	23	24	24	24
Finance	30	28	28	27	27	28	29	23	23	23
Public services	57	57	56	55	55	56	56	65	65	63
Community and Economic Development	13	13	13	12	12	11	12	8	8	8
Police	66	54	54	53	53	53	53	52	52	52
Fire	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Engineering	7	4	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering & Utilities*	71	70	70	70	70	74	74	71_	71_	71
Total full-time employees	328	305	304	300	299	299	300	296	296	294

^{*}The department of Engineering & Utilties was combined in Fiscal Year 2008 and separated out again in Fiscal Year 2019.

^{*}Economic Development (part of General Government) combined with Planning and Code in Fiscal Year 2017 to form Community and Economic Development.

^{*} Ashland Assisted Housing moved from the Finance division to Community and Economic Development in Fiscal Year 2017.

^{**} Data received from City of Ashland Payroll staff.

CITY OF ASHLAND Operating Indicators by Function / Program (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Citizen's information										
City commision meetings	35	33	35	36	30	22	33	22	25	29
Neighborhood Watch	-	-	-	7	8	11	18	11	12	12
General government										
Job applicants	932	742	832	462	563	637	559	409	420	506
Positions filled	27	66	95	84	110	84	43	40	26	19
Liability claims investigated	126	124	114	144	138	94	91	95	44	89
CPR classes held	-	3	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-
Finance										
Utility bills processed	168,288	166,996	161,476	166,769	166,733	167,428	170,897	167,172	168,205	169,056
Vendors paid	916	806	767	766	833	885	844	800	662	670
Tax bills mailed	22,368	20,367	20,060	-	19,754	19,650	19,971	18,433	19,892	20,985
Active business licenses	2,514	2,503	2,544	2,498	2,456	2,438	2,574	2,514	2,535	2,754
Public Services										
Parking meter repairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	91	121	170	162
Stop / traffic signs changed	1,361	1,008	802	802	493	260	296	131	245	347
Debris hauled to landfill (tons)	9,459	9,483	9,750	10,302	11,236	10,043	10,080	10,041	8,935	10,433
Road / curb paint (gallons)	1,562	490	220	1,083	156	332	689	330	902	1,290
Catch basins	22	33	38	52	26	30	26	30	21	33
Community and Economic Development										
Building / zonings permits issued	414	392	359	374	332	342	290	285	289	323
Code fees / fines	2,009	1,898	3,983	3,502	3,378	2,926	2,232	3,684	3,269	2,821
Police										
Total Arrests	1,358	1,296	1,297	1,161	1,804	2,078	1,675	1,859	1,974	1,681
Warrants served	627	611	629	490	565	690	598	523	649	592
Citations issued	2,793	2,805	2,709	2,834	6,277	4,983	4,049	4,924	4,234	5,606
Calls for service	23,191	24,475	22,546	23,231	26,014	31,898	29,543	26,605	25,230	26,919
Fire										
Fires extinguished	208	120	122	82	152	268	240	322	299	204
Fire alarms investigated	400	312	465	585	224	190	111	217	141	162
Smoke detectors installed	197	273	129	64	332	139	468	118	159	139
Training hours	13,916	17,371	11,132	10,632	10,557	11,042	10,023	3,059	12,949	11,616
Calls for service	2,076	2,093	2,147	2,035	1,989	2,190	1,500	1,827	1,820	1,816

CITY OF ASHLAND Operating Indicators by Function / Program (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Engineering & Utilities										
75 / 25 Sidewalk contracts	-	-	-	8	-	10	6	26	15	13
Minor / major subdivision reviews	11	12	9	10	10	6	11	11	11	10
Pipe installed (feet)	9,162	10,360	7,898	9,166	8,385	7,898	8,350	3,885	8,100	9,563
Bus										
Paratransit service calls	9,152	7,282	7,066	11,532	12,004	14,417	11,656	10,947	10,787	14,781
Recreation										
Commission approved events	66	50	41	17	24	38	37	31	32	50
Weddings at Central Park	18	21	34	30	29	32	30	40	35	51
Ballgames / practices	1,000	2,500	800	2,650	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,100
Dawson pool visitors	6,139	7,336	-	7,207	9,989	10,373	10,590	10,684	10,684	8,577
Cemetery										
Burials	100	65	82	95	79	93	97	94	90	73
Graves / Crypts / Niches sold	32	15	21	26	28	43	30	16	57	33

^{*} Data received from City of Ashland departments.

CITY OF ASHLAND
Capital Assets Statistics by Function / Program
(Unaudited)

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Public Services										
Streets (miles)	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Sidewalks (miles)	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325
Floodwall (miles)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	56	54	61	46	45	44	36	30	30	30
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire trucks	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Administration vehicles	5	4	3	3	4	4	6	7	7	7
Rescue boat	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Engineering & Utilities										
Lift stations	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13
Booster stations	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Water plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bus										
Transportation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bus shelters	17	15	15	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Buses / trolley	11	11	11	13	11	11	10	12	10	10
Recreation										
Parks	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Pool	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Sidewalk around park (miles)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

CITY OF ASHLAND Capital Assets Statistics by Function / Program (Unaudited)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Cemetery										
Acreage	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Mausoleums	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

^{**} Data received from City of Ashland departments.